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ITALIANS WALK OUT OF COUNCIL SESSION

CRISIS SUDDENLY WORSENED

CONCILIATION NOW MORE DIFFICULT

ETHIOPIAN ATTITUDE OFFENDS ITALY

Geneva, Sept. 5.

In the middle of a violent speech by Professor Jeze, the French spokesman for Ethiopia, the acting chief of the Italian delegation to Geneva left the League of Nations Council Chamber to-night.

The Council had reassembled at 7.10 p.m. and Baron Aloisi, the chief of the Italian delegation, was absent when Professor Jeze commenced to place Ethiopia's case before the gathering and to answer the charges made the day previous by the Italians. The spokesman was violent in his language, and Signor Guido Rocco, the noted diplomatist who was acting for Baron Aloisi, left the Council table.

The fact that he walked out of the Council hall must not be interpreted as a serious political move. It does not mean that Italy will leave the League.

The Question Committee adjourned until to-morrow, pending private negotiations. Owing to Italy objecting to the presence of the British and French probably a smaller Committee will be constituted which may be an advantage, as it will enable the British and French to conduct negotiations outside the main Committee, which will be kept informed of their progress.

COUNCIL ADJOURNS

The Council adjourned at 10.23 p.m. and no date was set for its next meeting.

When the departure of the Italian spokesman from the conference chamber was being discussed after the session it was discovered that Baron Aloisi himself had left just before Professor Jeze started to speak.

Signor Rocco left inconspicuously. It was several moments before it was realised that he had gone. Then his departure created a tremendous stir.

Official circles are of the opinion that the situation has suddenly worsened.—*Reuter.*

DRAMATIC ACTION

Geneva, Sept. 5.

The Council reassembled at 7.10 p.m. but Baron Aloisi decided not to attend, and that Signor Guido Rocco should represent Italy. Professor Jeze, the Ethiopian spokesman, began to speak in defence of Abyssinia soon after the commencement of the session. He was very violent and before the middle of his speech Signor Rocco rose and left the table.

The Council meeting had been postponed during the day until 9 o'clock, and Professor Jeze's name was the only one on the agenda. It was expected this meeting would be short since Baron Aloisi had announced that he proposed to ignore the Ethiopian statement.

It was later announced that Italy also objects to the presence of British and French on the special Committee of Five which is to report on the Abyssinian question, on the ground that they are interested parties.

It is understood that Britain, France, Poland, Spain and Turkey have agreed to serve on the Special Committee and that M. Litvinoff was invited but declined.

ADDED WORRIES

Baron Aloisi has called for the text of Professor Jeze's speech and will decide upon the course to take when he has examined it. In the lobbies it is generally felt that the Ethiopian spokesman rather exceeded the bounds of diplomatic usage and calculated unnecessarily to exacerbate Italian feelings.

It will be most difficult to restore a conciliatory atmosphere until the personal dispute between the

(Continued on Page 7.)

ETHIOPIA COUNTER-ATTACKS

ITALY'S CHARGES ANSWERED

VIOLENT LANGUAGE

Geneva, Sept. 5.

The remarkable development in the League Council, when the Italian delegate walked out as a form of protest, came in the middle of Professor Jeze's speech in defence of Ethiopia, which was an answer to the Italian charges made the day previous.

Professor Jeze asked why Italy wished to civilise Abyssinia.

Was it in order that an army of hundreds of thousands should be created out of a peaceful people in order to carry out Italy's imperial designs? he asked.

The Ethiopian conception of civilisation was certainly not bringing up the young to hate, Professor Jeze added.

He was referring to Article X of the League Covenant when Signor Rocco walked out of the Chamber.

ELEPHANTINE TRICKS

Professor Jeze did not allow himself to be interrupted. He declared that the League's first step should be to apply Article XV and try to settle the dispute without delay, because with more time Italy would be given an opportunity to further prepare for war and defeat the League by achieving a *fait accompli.*

The Council had made satisfactory proposals which could prevent war, Professor Jeze recalled.

He further referred to the "elephantine tricks" of the Italians in their endeavour to dishonour those whom they wished to destroy.—*Reuter.*

ARMS RACKET INQUIRY

U.S. COMMITTEE WANTS FOKKER

Chicago, Sept. 5.

The aeroplane designer, Anthony Fokker, has been served with a subpoena by the Senate Munitions Investigating Committee.

According to Senator Nye, the Committee wishes to question him regarding certain aircraft sales.—*Reuter Special.*

Death Roll In Florida Nears 1,000

TERRIBLE SCENES OF DEVASTATION

PASSENGERS OFF DIXIE

Miami, Sept. 5.

The death roll in the Florida hurricane may reach 1,000, according to reports from the state Governor's personal representative in the stricken area.

The steamer Dixie, hard ashore and breaking up on a reef beyond the southermost tip of the Florida Peninsula, has been abandoned by all except her master and a skeleton crew, who are remaining aboard to retain for the Morgan Line the technical ownership of the vessel.—*Reuter.*

RELIEF WORKERS

Miami, Sept. 5.

Relief workers have penetrated the debris strewn keys and are attempting to accurately check upon the loss of life and property as a result of the hurricane.

Mr. W. P. Mooty, personal representative of the Governor, has telegraphed:

"Fatalities may reach 1,000."

The Red Cross insists that the dead only number about 300. But Mooty says, "I found the dead scattered everywhere. In some areas everything is demolished. I saw bodies floating in the ocean and others tangled in the underbrush. It will be weeks before all are recovered."

The storm has now reached southern Georgia, but its force is diminishing and the damage there has been slight.—*United Press.*

256 KNOWN DEAD

New York, Sept. 5

The Red Cross workers sent by President Roosevelt to carry out rescue work in Florida have notified the authorities that the official count of casualties at present is: 256 known dead, 253 injured.—*Reuter.*

NEW MORGAN COMPANY

SECURITIES FIRM ORGANISING

(Special to "Telegraph")

(By Telegraph. Copyright. Telegraphic Messages Ordinance, 1934. Received, September 6, 7 a.m.)

New York, Sept. 5.

Messrs. J. P. Morgan and Company have announced the resignation of five members of the Company and the Drexel Co., of Philadelphia, who, together with some of the staff members, will organise a securities concern to be known as Morgan, Stanley and Company, Inc.

The new Company will have a paid-up capital of $7,500,000, divided into common and preferred stock. The common stock has sole votinig rights in the election of the Directorate, which will be held exclusively by officers and staff of the new concern, while preferred stock will be held by members of the new company and certain individual partners of J. P. Morgan and Co. The new concern will start operations on September 16.

The five members of the Morgan and Drexel Companies who have resigned are Mr. Harold Stanley, Mr. William Ewing, Mr. Henry S. Morgan, Mr. Parry E. Half, and Mr. Edward H. York, Jr.

J. P. Morgan and Co. had since June, 1934, discontinued its securities business under the provision of the Banking Act of 1933, which required separation of banking and securities businesses. The J. P. Morgan and Drexel Companies will continue their banking business. Their total resources on June 29 amounted to $430,000,000, of which $50,000,000 was in cash and $256,000,000 in U.S. Government securities.—*Reuter Special.*

M. Laval, French Premier (left) and Mr. Anthony Eden, British Minister for League of Nations Affairs, who are figuring prominently in the Geneva deliberations on the Italo-Abyssinian crisis.

PREPARING TO RESIST INVASION

ADOWA VETERANS OFF TO FRONT

ABYSSINIA'S MOTLEY ARMY

(Special to "Telegraph")

(By Telegraph. Copyright. Telegraphic Messages Ordinance, 1934. Received, September 6, 10 a.m.)

Addis Ababa, Sept. 5.

A non-descript army of 600 men, including grandfathers and children, armed with twenty types of weapons, entrained for Ogaden to-day, and for possible death from Italian machine-guns and poison gas.

Many women accompanied their husbands. They will fight beside the men, if necessary, but will be generally to the rear, cooking and caring for the wounded.

This contingent is part of the Dajahatch Habte Mikael's private army. Some of the old men fought with Mikael at Adowa, where they slaughtered the Italian troops, and still carry the rifles of ancient design and the spears and swords they used in that campaign.

The majority of the men wore the long, toga-like garment of the

(Continued on Page 7.)

BRITISH CABINET MEETING

Baldwin Summons His Ministers

London, Sept. 5.

Immediately after Mr. Stanley Baldwin, the Prime Minister, returned to London from Aix-les-Bains this afternoon, a meeting of Ministers was summoned at Downing Street.

The War Minister, the First Lord of the Admiralty, the Air and Colonial Ministers arrived at about 5 o'clock. They were accompanied by the experts of their respective departments. It is understood that Mr. Ramsay MacDonald and Mr. Neville Chamberlain were also present.—*Reuter.*

Canada May Terminate Japan Treaty

SENDS ULTIMATUM TO TOKYO

INSISTS ON RECIPROCITY

(Special to "Telegraph")

(By Telegraph. Copyright. Telegraphic Messages Ordinance, 1934. Received, September 6, 5.30 a.m.)

Ottawa, Sept. 5.

The Canadian Government has informed the Japanese Minister here that if the discriminatory surtax of 50 per cent. ad valorem on certain products exported to Japan is not immediately discontinued, the Dominion will be obliged to give notice that the Anglo-Japanese commercial treaty will no longer be applicable to Canada.

The letter of the Prime Minister, Mr. R. B. Bennett, to the Japanese Minister states that the Government of Japan has persisted in demanding privileges in the provision market in Canada which would involve flat discrimination against other members of the British Empire and foreign countries to which Canada extended most favourable terms by treaty.

The Japanese Government had failed to recognise in any way the very substantial concession accorded to her exports through the reduction by Canada of the exchange compensation duty.

Hope was expressed that the Japanese Government might yet be persuaded of the justness of the position taken by the Canadian Government and remove the discriminatory surtax against Canadian products.—*Reuter Special.*

U. S.—JAPAN ACCORD

Washington, Sept. 5.

A gentlemen's agreement has been concluded between the United States and Japan restricting Japanese imports of bleached cotton cloth to America, Administration officials have privately admitted.

It is understood that an official announcement of the agreement will not be made, nor will the figure be disclosed to which Japan has agreed to limit her exports.—*Reuter Special.*

TYPHOON RECURVES

The typhoon has recurved, according to a report by the Manila Observatory, issued at 8.45 a.m. to-day, which gives its position as 130 Long., 25 Lat., moving northwards.

RUSSIA TAKING FIRM STAND

NO JUSTIFICATION FOR WAR

LEAGUE MUST REMEMBER ITS COVENANT

Geneva, Sept. 5.

M. Maxim Litvinoff, the Russian Commissar for Foreign Affairs, made his country's attitude known officially at the League Council meeting to-night. He said the Soviet wished nothing better than to continue the friendly Italo-Soviet relations of the past decade, but the question before the Council was of the peace of the world.

The Italian representative, said M. Litvinoff, in effect had invited the League Council to declare its disinterestedness in the Italo-Ethiopian dispute and leave Rome freedom of action.

This was surely an invitation to the League Council members to repudiate their own international obligations, M. Litvinoff observed.

The Ualual incident, he continued, was happily settled. There was nothing now left to justify the threat of impending military operations.

Could the Council, he asked, ignore this threat, forget Articles Ten, Eleven and Fifteen of the Covenant?

M. Litvinoff declared that no-one sympathised with the internal regime in Ethiopia as demonstrated by the Italian documents on the matter, but no internal conditions could deprive the state of its right to integrity and independence, and the League should stand firm on the principle that no fighting should occur except in absolute self-defence.—*Reuter.*

POINTED REMARKS

London, Sept. 5.

Before the League Council adjourned, the Soviet member, Monsieur Litvinoff, in a brief but pointed speech, announced on behalf of his Government its readiness to assume all its responsibilities.

He repudiated any sympathy with conditions which Italians alleged existed in Abyssinia but claimed it indispensable to protect the independence of a member of the League.

There were other than military measures which could be used to civilise backward countries. He could not approve the attitude which the Italian member asked the Council to take up. Russia joined the League to collaborate in the cause of peace and for that reason he advised his colleagues not to shrink from necessary decisions.—*British Wireless.*

ANOTHER HOLIDAY COLLISION

DORIC'S PASSENGERS IN SEA DRAMA

SING DURING RESCUE

(Special to "Telegraph")

(By Telegraph. Copyright. Telegraphic Messages Ordinance, 1934. Received, September 6, 6 a.m.)

London, Sept. 5.

Reuter's special correspondent aboard the P. and O. liner Viceroy of India, which took off over 200 of the 700 passengers from the Cunard White Star liner Doric when she came into collision with the French steamer Formigny off Capel Finistiero, states that the passengers from the Doric sang and the ship's band played "Tipperary" as they were taken from the crippled liner.

The Doric was on a pleasure cruise when the collision occurred, and they are little the worse for their unexpected holiday thrill.

The collision occurred at 3.45 in the morning, during a thick fog.

Women passengers, interviewed, said there was no panic. They were given time to have their breakfast, dress and pack their suitcases. Nobody was hurt.

The Doric, which had started to list, has now arrived safely at Vigo.

The British steamer Orion took off the remainder of the Doric's passengers, amongst whom were a number from the Laurentic which was in collision with the Napier Star on August 16. Thus the Laurentic passengers who elected to resume their holiday cruise in the Doric were involved in two collisions within twenty days.—*Reuter Special.*

GERMAN TUNNEL DISASTER

HOMICIDE CHARGE TO BE PREFERRED

Berlin, Sept. 5.

A building company director, two engineers and a railway official have been arrested following the inquest on workmen killed in the collapse of the underground railway tunnel near the Brandenburg Gate on August 20.

The men will be charged with homicide through negligence "by gross errors in construction."—*Reuter Special.*

HOLDS FAITH IN LEAGUE

TRADE UNIONS SHOW UNANIMITY

London, Sept. 5.

After a lively debate, the Trades Union Congress, by an overwhelming majority, passed a resolution declaring faith in the collective peace system within the League of Nations, and calling upon the British Government, in co-operation with the League, to use all necessary measures provided by the Covenant to prevent Italy's unjust and rapacious attack on the territory of a fellow-member of the League.

The Congress pledges its firm support to any action consistent with the principles and statutes of the League to restrain Italy and to uphold the authority of the League in enforcing peace. — *Reuter Special.*

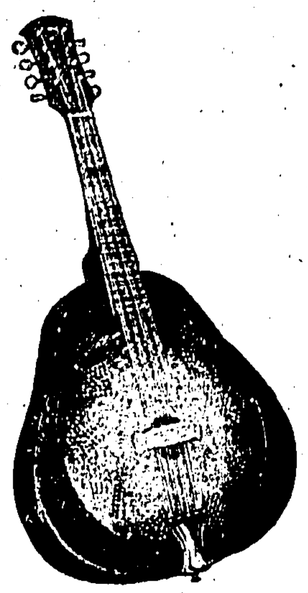
HOME AGAIN

London Sept. 5.

The Duke and Duchess of Kent returned to London to-day after a month's holiday in the mountains of Jugo-Slavia.—*British Wireless.*

TRADE NATIONAL MARK

NATIONAL STRING INSTRUMENTS.



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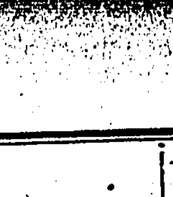

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War Experts "Disguised" As Tourists

28 BRITISH "BRAINS" FOR ABYSSINIA

TWENTY-EIGHT Englishmen travelling separately as private tourists left London on August 24.

Actually, however, they are "soldiers of fortune"—military experts who will slip unobtrusively into Abyssinia to become the technical brains of the Ethiopian Army.

A secret organisation of unofficial representatives of the Abyssinian Government exists in London to recruit such men.

Recently it was announced that no British volunteers for service in Abyssinia would be granted passports or visas, but in this case the military adventurers will not touch British territory after Dover.

But they travelled across France as innocent tourists; they went by sea from Marseilles to Djibouti, French Somaliland.

From there they will get to Addis Ababa on the French Railway, having been assured of a free passage across the Franco-Ethiopian border "if they go privately."

All Experts

True to the romantic conception of old-time soldiers of fortune, they are a motley crowd. They include:—

A doctor,
An ex-Guards officer,
Two ex-Guardsmen,

Two former Foreign Legionaries.

To most of them it is a solution of the unemployment problem.

Each is an expert in some department of military science. Some are skilled at machine gunnery and the use of other small arms; others are experienced aviators.

Hundreds are trying to pass the unofficial recruiting officer at the secret London headquarters, but the medical test is so severe that few succeed.

STRATOSPHERE SEARCHLIGHT

BEAM THAT CAN SEE FOR 50 MILES

Highlands, Aug. 30.

An electrical beam which can detect approaching enemy ships and aeroplanes more than 50 miles away, is being perfected at the Navesink Hills Lighthouse station.

Although guards were posted preventing observers from coming within 200 yards of the lighthouse, reports persisted that the ray, if it proves practical, would revolutionize naval and aerial war manoeuvring.

So keen is the government's new device, it was said, that ships drifting with idle motors 50 miles at sea can be detected on instruments which would allow gunners to direct their fire accurately. By the same system, aircraft could be detected in time for a defence to be organised.

High army officers in Washington hope that the ray will prove an effective weapon against planes flying in the stratosphere. It is believed that the signal corps has spent U.S.$100,000 thus far in its work on the ray.—*United Press.*

BOOM IN WAR WEAPONS

An Abyssinian businessman who, thanks to the war-rumours is doing good business with cartridges and knives, which are at a premium, in Abyssinia.

New Search For Baby To Rule Over Millions

MONKS and soothsayers have just left Lhasa, Tibet, to start afresh their search for the child who will become the new infant Dalai Lama, ruler of millions of people, both in spiritual and temporal affairs.

Monks and Soothsayers seek his successor.

The search party have been at work for months. They started their quest by visiting the sacred waters of Lake Kali, where they believe they will see the whereabouts of the new boy king mirrored mysteriously in the waters.

They are still searching there, but other clues are being followed, and the hunt will continue throughout Tibet until local signs and omens have been investigated. Many months may elapse before the new ruler is installed in the holy city.

EYEBROW CLUE

Tradition associates various mystic symbols with the Dalai Lama's appearance. The child usually has long lobes to his ears, highly-arched eyebrows, and though less than two years old, can talk quite easily and remember events that happened in the past.

Tibetans believe that when their Dalai Lama dies his spirit at once enters a successor, who is born at the exact moment of destiny. Their priest-king is thus a non-stop ruler who never leaves the country.

The Dalai Lama occupies an unusual position among the rulers of mankind. None may look at him till leave is granted, but must bow and remain with face bent to the ground. He may not marry, and if he eats meat religious ceremonies have to be performed at each meal to ensure that the dead animal shall live again in a higher state of existence.

Tea Merchant Who Lost Us A Great Colony

LONDON LINK WITH THE BOSTON TEA PARTY

If you know your history you will remember that the American War of Independence arose out of the "Boston Tea Party" incident when the citizens of Boston emptied three cargoes of tea into the harbour as a protest against the passing of the Tea Act by the English in 1773.

The firm which sold the tea for the Tea Party still exists in London. They are Davison, Newman and Co., who have been grocers and teamen in the City of London since 1650.

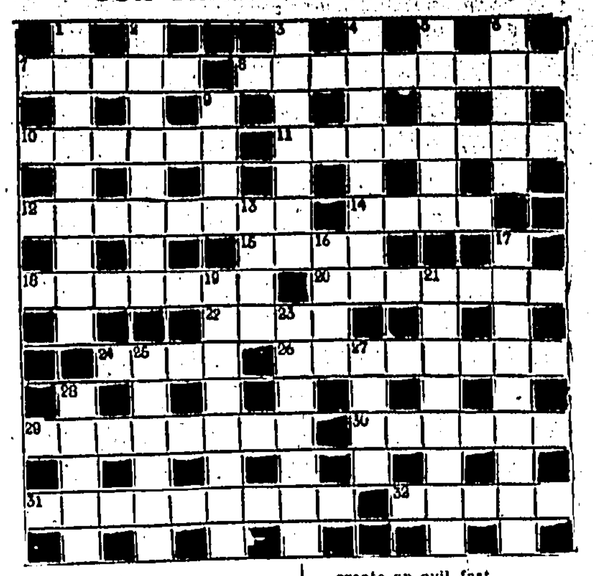
£10 A Pound!

Entries in age-yellowed books among the records of the merchants leave no doubt that the shiploads of tea which were so severely dealt with in Boston Harbour were supplied by the firm.

Few Londoners know the little shop in Creechurch Lane, which is the headquarters of the firm; but Americans have discovered it, and hundreds visit it every year.

One of the particularly interesting relics of the shop is the original oak counter over which the firm claims the very first pound of tea was sold in England. In those days it was £10 per pound, and so something of a luxury!

OUR BRITISH CROSSWORDS



Across

7 On the way to the limit.
8 Something to hold you back even after you have solved it!
10 Byron apostrophised the ocean as a glorious one.
11 A half-day.
12 Stop the song, the robbers are coming.
14 Tubs—may be little or may be vast.
15 Eight, in combination.
18 Where one ought to put in a good word for the family.
20 When you have that Spring feeling, take this for a stretch.
22 Employs part of various essences.
24 Aid and encourage.
26 In "The Merchant of Venice," the quality of mercy is not as shown here.
29 Here one has a fine view of a vessel—or a theatrical landlady.
30 The sea-anemone, for example.
31 The octopus has two less of these than the number first given.
32 Nod so (anag.).

Down

1 A singular game for anyone to play.
2 Dig in far for this, if you don't think it beneath your dignity (two words, 5, 3).
3 Such disturbances are remarkably like earthquakes.
4 Though it may be an excellent feast, there is no doubt it can create an evil fast.
5 Biblical mount.
6 Indian coppers.
9 Pluck it out of your eye.
13 Trifles.
16 Such a trial!
17 There's an organ in this city over the water.
19 The bird which like all others can't second its first.
21 The thing to cut off with.
23 The fourth of these is the Press.
25 "Jane Eyre" was written by one.
27 Mellow.
28 Perhaps pathological, possibly packing.

Yesterday's Solution.

D	E	S	I	D	E	R	A	T	U	M	■	Q	■	F
■	W	■	D	■	N	■	I	■	P	■	B	U	R	R
M	A	N	I	A	■	C	■	L	I	A	P	■	A	■	O
■	N	■	O	■	O	■	E	■	L	O	W	I	N	G
P	■	U	M	B	R	A	G	F	■	S	■	N	■	R
R	A	G	S	■	E	■	E	■	S	T	A	T	U	E
F	■	L	■	F	■	F	■	F	■	R	■	■	■	S
R	O	Y	A	L	L	I	F	E	G	U	A	R	D	S
O	■	■	■	E	■	F	■	W	■	M	■	I	■	I
G	O	U	G	E	S	■	O	■	W	■	S	L	A	V
A	■	T	■	C	■	U	N	R	A	V	E	L	■	E
T	A	M	P	E	R	■	A	■	L	■	C	■	N	■
I	■	O	■	S	U	N	■	C	■	L	O	O	S	E	N
V	A	S	E	■	S	■	F	■	O	■	N	■	S	■
E	■	T	■	C	H	I	R	O	P	O	D	I	S	T

BRIBERY CHARGE

KOWLOON MAGISTRATE TO CONSIDER APPEAL

Stating that he wished to consider fully a recent ruling of the Full Court of Criminal Appeal on a similar case, the Kowloon Magistrate, Mr. E. I. Wynne-Jones, yesterday afternoon adjourned the hearing of charges, including one of bribery, against a seaman of the Water Police Station.

Defendant, Pang Yik, was charged with, (a) intent to defraud by obtaining from Li Yuk $38.80 in payment for a promise of employment by the Harbour Master's Department of the Hongkong Government, (b) uttering a forged document at the Harbour Office on June 20 purporting to be a certificate of employment from the Superintendent of the Water Dock, and (c) on June 15 having taken $5 gratuitously from Li Yu without the permission of the Inspector General of Police.

The case was, therefore, adjourned in order that advice could be taken regarding charges (a) and (c).

In outlining the case for the prosecution, Inspector L. Whant said that defendant, who was a Water Police seaman, at the request of complainant's uncle said he would secure a job for complainant in the Government for a consideration. Defendant said there was a vacancy and took complainant to the seamen's quarters at the Water Police Station.

Money for Cigarettes

He secured $5 from complainant "to buy six tins of cigarettes for the Inspector." On another visit to the Station, complainant met another seaman who took him to see Inspector Wright, who at that time was busy with the Jubilee celebrations. Later, $5 was paid for a letter of recommendation, and eventually complainant saw Mr. Chittenden, who said there were no vacancies.

On June 20, complainant went to the Slipway and was given a letter by defendant purporting to be from the Superintendent of Slipways. They then went to the Harbour Office, defendant leaving complainant outside. He returned with a document to prove that complainant was then engaged by the Harbour Office. In return for this, defendant was given $38.80.

On August 15 complainant, tired of waiting for his job, interviewed Mr. Chittenden, who sent for the defendant. He said he had given the document to the complainant. He later threatened complainant's mother.

Evidence corroborative of this outline of the case was given by the complainant, Li Yuk.

When dealing with the $5 for cigarettes, Mr. Wynne-Jones said that according to the latest case on bribery, it looked as if complainant was an accomplice and therefore his evidence on that particular point could not be accepted without corroboration in material particulars.

The case was, therefore, adjourned.

Is This Your Own Experience?

At this time of year many people find more difficulty than usually in avoiding constipation. This is due to the heat, and its effects on the liver and other organs or digestion.

To overcome the difficulty is a simple matter if you use Pinkettes. Gently yet surely these dainty little laxatives dispel constipation, stimulate the liver, banish biliousness and sick headaches, clear coated tongue, remove the causes of bad breath. Chemists everywhere sell Pinkettes.

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SCOTT'S EMULSION

SALESMAN SAM — Sam Gets Tough — By Small

NOT A PRIVATE WAR

THEY FEAR NO MODERN WAR WEAPONS

Two Hundred Irishmen Want To Fight

THEY'VE OFFERED THEIR SERVICES TO ETHIOPIA

OVER 200 Irishmen have, so far, volunteered for service with the Abyssinian forces.

Mr. R. P. Zaphiro, secretary of the Imperial Ethiopean Legation in London, says that of the total applications received over 200 had come from Ireland.

Some of the Irish applicants have excellent war service records, and have sent in detailed papers.

Abyssinia, however, is still clinging to the hope that the League of Nations will prevent war and has not yet taken advantage of the offers, which are being turned down for the present.

One of the applicants is Colonel John Shaw Reynolds, member of the new special branch of the Civic Guards, and one of the first leaders of the Irish Republican Army.

Many of the Irish applicants point out that they are skilled in guerilla warfare.

They suggest that this skill would be a great advantage in mountainous Abyssinia.

"We are not turning down, absolutely, Irish applications," Mr. Zaphiro added.

"We offer them our sincerest thanks, and tell them that while we appreciate very much their offers to serve Ethiopia, questions of expense are involved and we cannot see our way to give a promise that their services will be utilised.

"We, here in London, have no power to recruit. If we do receive that power it will be publicly announced."

He denied the rumours that Abyssinia is offering £1,000 down to ex-officers and £50 a month on arrival at Addis Ababa.

Military activity in Abyssinia and the alleged mobilisation near the Italian border: A typical group of volunteer troops, with ammunition boxes, before starting for their base.

"Black Eagle" Demoted

Colonel Hubert Fauntleroy Julian, the negro airman called the "Black Eagle of Harlem," has lost his rank in the Abyssinian Army after having held it for only a few days.

He has also been deprived of his task of drilling volunteers from the Ministry of Public Works, and it is probable that further disciplinary action will be taken against him.

This follows a fight with John Robinson, who renounced U.S. citizenship to become an Abyssinian, whom he accused of instigating an article in a New York newspaper lampooning him, says *United Press*.

Julian fought in the Canadian Air Force during the war.

Ex-Rector of Stiffkey Committed for Trial

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE CHARGES

Crowds clamoured for admission to Blackpool Police Court when Harold F. Davidson (60), ex-rector of Stiffkey, was committed for trial charged with attempted suicide by fasting at an exhibition.

Would have fasted "unto death like the Lord Mayor of Cork."

Mr. Rowson (prosecuting) said Davidson announced it was his intention to starve to death unless the Archbishop or the Bishop proceeded to put him back into the position he formerly held.

Quoting from posters, he stated that the ex-rector of Stiffkey claimed that he "will make it his life's end—and will fast unto death like the Lord Mayor of Cork."

[Earlier Mr. Burke (for Davidson) had objected to a reference to a Lord Mayor of Cork who fasted in protest against the British Government.]

"That is the reason why I say I was entitled to introduce what a Lord Mayor of Cork had done," said Mr. Rowson, "because Mr. Davidson definitely said he was going to do a similar thing."

Mr. Burke: He has never said such a thing. The posters were put outside this exhibition by Mr. Gannon, the showman, who is the proprietor. Mr. Davidson never wrote them.

Life Not In Danger

"Would it surprise you to hear that a doctor who was continually examining him (Davidson) said he was in better condition than when he started this fast? Did he seem in any danger of his life?"

Mr. Proffitt replied "No."

Robert Louis Critchley, another member of the Town Clerk's department, who went to the show with Proffitt, also gave evidence.

After asking Critchley where he saw the ex-rector, Mr. Rowson added: "I don't think you had better say that."

"The suggestion is," Mr. Burke objected, "that some person is fraudulently passing herself off as his daughter. One wonders whether the purpose of the prosecution is to prosecute my client for attempted suicide or whether the prosecution is part of a campaign against these shows".

The charge had been launched from ulterior motives, he said.

The Clerk: No; to save this man's life.

Mr. Burke: I don't think for a moment they had anything of the kind in mind.

The New Colours Milady Will Wear

(By a Special Correspondent)

SEEING red, blue, green and all the other colours of the rainbow, I have just staggered out of the offices of Britain's colour dictators.

I have talked with the officials of the British Colour Council, the organisation which chooses the fashionable colours for women to wear each season of the year.

This colour choosing business of the Council is beset with grave psychological difficulties.

It would tax the detective faculties of Sherlock Holmes to solve some of their problems.

Why, for instance, did women go all emerald green early in 1931?

The British Colour Council don't know.

But they do know that fashions in colours run in cycles, and that red, a complementary colour, followed green.

"During the depression," an official told me, "we had economy colours—greys and beiges.

"Choosing a colour chart requires a great deal of research both at home and abroad. We have to be in touch with all the fashion centres.

The Real Attraction

"Colour still attracts the buyer far more than design. That is why, with our seasonal colour chart, London is now able to compete with Paris as a fashion centre."

These colour dictators have succeeded in putting Romance with a capital "R" into their business.

"A little bit of romance in industry does pay," I was told.

"We try to give the new colours as attractive names as we can.

"For it must be much easier to persuade a romantic young soul to buy a dress of Paris Blue or Jungle Red, or Dawn Pink, than merely to say: 'We have a nice line in blue, or in red."

And who could help falling in love with a girl whose evening dress was called Honey Flower?

KING'S CUP AIR RACE

36 SPEEDIEST BRITISH PLANES TAKE TO AIR

THIRTY-SIX crack aviators will start off from Hatfield Aerodrome this morning in England's most exciting air race.

This year's King's Cup air race, which will be flown over a course of 949 miles and includes a sea crossing for the first time, will be flown to-day and to-morrow.

The experiment of a number of heats on short courses round a central point, to provide the best public spectacle, has been abandoned, and the race reverts into an all-round-the-country flight covering England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.

This morning six competitors will fly over the eliminating course of 947 miles, starting from and finishing at Hatfield, via Newcastle, Edinburgh, Glasgow (Renfrew), Newtownards (Northern Ireland), Blackpool, Woodford, Cardiff, Southampton (Eastleigh), Reading.

All-British Planes

To-morrow the final course will be Hatfield—Broxbourne—Henlow—Hatfield. This, covering 50 miles, will be flown seven times.

Craft will be of two classes—not exceeding 150 h.p. and exceeding that h.p.

They must be of entirely British construction.

The ten machines in each of the two classes which complete the eliminating course in the shortest time will pass into the final. No handicap allowances will be given for the eliminating contest.

Deciding Factors

Machines qualifying for the final will race on estimated performance handicaps.

Thus, apart from the handicapped final, the race will be a flat out contest in which speed and expert piloting will be the deciding factors.

The Eliminating Course

The length of the eliminating course will be about 947 miles, made up thus:—

Hatfield	Start.....	Miles
Newcastle-upon-Tyne	Turning point	240
Edinburgh	Turning point	90
Glasgow (Renfrew)	Control.....	41
Newtownards (N. Ireland)	Control.....	104
Blackpool	Turning point	120
Woodford	Control.....	50
Cardiff	Control.....	136
Southampton (Eastleigh)	Turning point	86
Reading	Turning point	43
Hatfield	Finish.....	37

The only requirements for the eliminating contest are that the pilots shall land and check in at each of the four control points and turn at each of the official turning points. The course will not only provide a severe test of reliability and navigating skill but will give entrants a free hand in judging the type of aircraft best suited to the race.

The entrant, pilot or pilots, and any passenger or passengers carried in the race must be British subjects. The entrance must be individual, not a firm or a company. Pilots must have had at least 100 hours' experience of solo flying before the race. The contest is open to any type of *bona fide* civil aircraft, provided that the aircraft, engines, and accessories have been entirely constructed in the Empire. Competitors must make their own fuelling arrangements along the course. It will not be obligatory to refuel at the official control points.

HE WANTED A DOG TO BITE HIM

BUT THIS DOG WAS TOO OBLIGING

A man wanted a dog to bite him at Ealing recently.
A dog was found.
The dog bit the man.
The man was taken to hospital.

MR. Harry Tate, the comedian, working on a new production at an Ealing film studio, had to be chased and bitten (slightly) in the seat of his trousers.

A whippet which looked as if it could bite intelligently (and lightly) was produced.

Harry dashed across the scene according to instructions.

The whippet followed.

Harry fell, also according to instructions.

The whippet jumped and bit—not in the seat of Harry's trousers, but in the calf of his leg.

Harry was taken to hospital, where he had the wound cauterised and six stitches inserted.

New Colour Films May Make A Fortune

BRITISH PROCESS

In a small film theatre in Wardour-street, London, a fortnight ago a private demonstration was held of an invention which may be worth a fortune.

During the last six years film laboratories have spent thousands of pounds in trying to solve the secret of natural colour photography.

Two Englishmen, who have experimented for 15 years in an underground laboratory near Clapham Common, S.W., claim to have found it.

They screened about 500 feet of specimen film several times over. The actual photography was bad—the specimen shots had been made with little more than a makeshift camera, and the print was badly cut and scratched.

But the colour itself was surprisingly good.

In its ability to get flesh tints—which has always been one of the stumbling blocks to colour photography—it showed results which are considered to be better than anything I had previously seen.

A battery of four lenses is used in the new method.

One of them takes a straightforward black-and-white negative, similar to the ordinary negative of a monochrome film. The other three have filters, each lens being screened to photograph its own primary colour.

The system, to be known as Bostock Fourcolour, has already been registered here and in the United States.

CANADIAN POLICE MAY LOSE NAME

MECHANISATION AND THE "MOUNTIES"

Montreal, Aug. 30.

The Royal Canadian Mounted Police, Canada's colourful police may drop the word "mounted" from their title and become known as the "Royal Canadian Police."

Addressing the International Association for Identification at a convention here, Sir James MacBrien, commissioner of the R.C.M.P., said the force has been so greatly modernised that the word "mounted" means little to-day.

"When I joined it as a recruit, it was known as the North-West Mounted Police," Sir James said. "Later the name of the Force was changed to the Royal North-West Mounted Police. And now it is said to realise that some day our name may be changed again to drop the word 'Mounted.'

"Out of our force of 2,000 men we have only 300 mounted now. We have many more dogs than we have horses, and most of our men now travel in motor-cars, aeroplanes or boats."

In future, he added, recruits to the force will not be trained in horsemanship except those that are definitely destined for the mounted detail. Instead, they will spend more time in learning the scientific aspects of police work.—*United Press.*

H.K. LOAN WORKS

ADDITIONAL EXPENDITURE APPROVED BY COUNCIL

Resolutions approving the additional expenditure of $2,771,371 on account of loan works and the sum of $78,000 on the Vehicular Ferry during 1935, were approved at yesterday's meeting of the Legislative Council.

His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government (Sir Thomas Southorn, K.B.E., C.M.G.), presided, and there were also present:

His Excellency the General Officer Commanding the Troops, Major General O. C. Borrett C.B., C.M.G., C.B.E., D.S.O.;

The Acting Colonial Secretary (Hon. Mr. N. L. Smith);

The Attorney General (Hon. Mr. C. G. Alabaster, K.C., O.B.E.);

The Acting Secretary for Chinese Affairs (Hon. Mr. E. H. Williams).

The Colonial Treasurer (Hon. Mr. E. Taylor);

The Hon. Mr. R. M. Henderson (Director of Public Works).

Hon Commander G. F. Hole, R.N., (retired), (Harbour Master);

Hon. Dr. W. B. A. Moore (Acting Director of Medical and Sanitary Services);

Hon. Mr. M. J. Breen (Postmaster General);

Hon. Sir Henry Pollock, Kt. K.C.;

Hon Sir William Shenton, Kt.

Hon. Mr. R. H. Kotewall, C.M.G., LL.D.;

Hon. Mr. J. P. Bragn, O.B.E.;

Hon. Mr. W. H. Bell;

Hon. Mr. S. W. T'so, O.B.E., LL.D.;

Hon. Mr. J. J. Paterson;

Hon. Mr. T. N. Chau;;

Mr. H. R. Butters (Deputy Clerk of Councils).

Loan Works

The Colonial Treasurer:—The Resolutions standing in my name are in connection with approved loan works.

Expenditure on loan works in 1935 was originally estimated at $4,727,679.69 and of this amount the sum of $2,152,984 (excluding Crown Agents charges for June and July) had been expended by the end of July.

Ordinance 11 of 1934 authorises the Governor to borrow up to a sum not exceeding 25 million dollars. $13,860,000 has already been borrowed—and an additional $2,217,067.30 has already been advanced, with the consent of Council, from surplus balances, $217,067.30 having been approved for 1934 and $2,000,000 for the first half of 1935.

The revised estimate for loan works during 1935 is $4,771,371, and as our cash resources at present will permit the payment of this sum from surplus balances, with the economies attendant on such payment, I ask that in addition to the sum of $2,000,000 already approved a further sum of $2,771,371 may be advanced this year.

I now move,—That this Council approves the further sum of $2,771,371 on account of loan works being met from surplus balances during the financial year 1935, pending the issue of a further loan.

Vehicular Ferry

The second resolution deals with the Vehicular Ferry. Honourable Members will remember that when the Schedule to the Hongkong Dollar Loan Ordinance was amended by Resolution of Council on May 16 1935, the total allocation of Item No. 3, Vehicular Ferry, was increased from $1,900,000 to $1,930,000. In the schedule of loan works annexed to the Estimates for 1935 only $25,000 is allotted to the Vehicular Ferry as it was estimated that $1,875,000 would be required by the end of 1934, whereas only $1,850,418 was spent. It is now desired to increase the allotment for 1935 from $25,000 to $78,000 as it is considered necessary after the recent inspection by Mr. A. T. Coode to construct two new caissons, one at the end of the east arm of Jubilee Street pier and the other at the end of the west arm of the Jordan Road pier, and certain other works costing in all $65,000. It is possible that the full $78,000 will not be required this year, and in that case it will again be necessary for me to ask for further approval in 1936 for the unspent balance.

I now move,—That this Council approves the expenditure of $78,000 on the Vehicular Ferry during the year 1935.

The Colonial Secretary seconded, and the resolutions were carried.

Other Business

On the motion of the Attorney General, seconded by the Colonial Secretary, "A Bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to the deportation of undesirable aliens" passed its first reading.

Bills which passed through their final stages were "A Bill to consolidate, amend and simplify the law relating to larceny and kindred offences."; "A Bill to amend the law relating to the falsification of documents and to amend the Forgery Ordinance, 1922."; "A Bill to amend the law relating to false personation."; "A Bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to dangerous drugs."; "A Bill to amend the Summary Offences Ordinance, 1932."; "A Bill to regulate certain official signatures and to provide for the payment of fees therefor."; and "A Bill to amend the law relating to Estate Duty and to provide for the payment of any such duty, which may be due, before a successor is registered without probate or administration."

Council adjourned until Thursday next, when the annual Budget will be presented.

FINANCE COMMITTEE

VOTES TOTALLING $34,571 APPROVED

Following the meeting of the Legislative Council a meeting of the Finance Committee was held yesterday at which votes totalling $34,571 were approved.

The acting-Colonial Secretary, Mr. N. L. Smith, presided.

In regard to an item of $1,256 for extra training for Mr. W. Sprague, assistant Government Marine Surveyor whilst on leave, and for training of Mr. D. Kosaick, a newly appointed assistant Surveyor, the Chairman explained that the extra training was in connection with electrical welding, which did not come within the regular duties of the Marine Surveyor.

In answer to Hon. Mr. R. H. Kotewall during consideration of a vote for $24,000 in connection with the Kowloon Tsai Development scheme, the Director of Public Works stated that the section of the work now being carried out would be completed by April of next year. Some of the land was already available for sale.

HONGKONG JOURNALS

CANTON LIFTS BAN ON FOUR VERNACULAR PAPERS

Those Hongkong non-partisan papers which have been banned in Canton since July may now be admitted again, as the prohibition on them has been lifted. The papers concerned are the *Wah Kiu Yat Po*, the *Kung Sheung Yat Po*, *Tsun Wan Yat Po* and *Tai Kwong Po*, according to the *Canton Daily Sun*.

These papers were denied admission to Canton, because they published certain news items principally concerned with political affairs which incurred the displeasure of the Canton high authorities. The matter was straightened out following a number of meetings between the Editors of the newspapers concerned and the Canton officials.

THE HONGKONG PENINSULA HOTEL; HONGKONG HOTEL; REPULSE BAY HOTEL; PEAK HOTEL & SHANGHAI ASTOR HOUSE; PALACE HOTEL; HOTELS LIMITED.
In association with the Grand Hotel des Wagons Lits, Peking

RUNNYMEDE HOTEL, LTD. PENANG
"THE ISLAND'S MOST EFFICIENT SERVICE."
RUNNYMEDE HOTEL On Sea Front.
CRAG HOTEL, Penang Hills (2,400 feet above sealevel). Refreshment Rooms. (near summit station) Hill Railway.
Private Cars for Excursions Anywhere.
Caterers etc. to Imperial Airways.
Meals are interchangeable, no extra cost wherever you have your breakfast, luncheon, tea, or dinner.
Rooms of both hotels have private bathrooms and modern sanitation. At the Runnymede each room has its own public telephone.
The Runnymede Restaurant has undeniably pride of place among hotels of the East with its cuisine, and justly claims by its associations to offer the traveller such as is not to be found elsewhere.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

25 WORDS $1.50 for 3 DAYS PREPAID
50 cents for Every Additional Day
Alternate Insertions 20% Extra.
If Not Prepaid a Booking Fee of 50 cents is Charged.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

ENGLISHMAN REQUIRES accommodation with or without board, near Star Ferry, Kowloon, or Hongkong. State terms and facilities. Write Box No. 287, "Hongkong Telegraph."

ROOMS TO LET

ROOMS TO LET.—Claremont Hotel begs to announce that they have a few rooms available at $100 per month.

HOTELS

AIRLIE HOTEL 23-25, Nathan Road, Kowloon. Two minutes from Ferry, modern conveniences, excellent food, rooms from $40, with full board from $90 per month. Phone 57357.

RADIO BROADCAST

(Continued from Page 7.)

Greenwich Time Signal at 12 Midnight
8.15 a.m. "Under Big Ben." A friendly chat by Howard Marshall.
8.30 a.m. From the London Shows.
8.45 a.m. The News.
9 a.m. Close down.

Transmission 6

(G.S.D., G.S.C. and G.S.L.)
11 a.m. Big Ben. A Programme of Light British Music.
Greenwich Time Signal at 3.30 a.m.
11.45 a.m. The News.
12 p.m. Close down.

Transmission 2

(G.S.J., G.S.H. and G.S.G.)
7 p.m. Big Ben. An Organ Recital by Ernest W. Maynard.
7.30 p.m. The B.B.C. Variety Orchestra, conducted by Kneale Kelley.
Greenwich Time Signal at 12 Noon
8.15 p.m. The Coventry Hippodrome Orchestra.
9 p.m. The News and Announcements.
9.20 p.m. The Imperial Hotel Orchestra.
9.45 p.m. Close down.

Transmission 3

(G.S.G. 10-11.45 p.m.; G.S.E. 10 p.m.-1 a.m.; G.S.D. 12-1 a.m.)
10 p.m. Big Ben. Herman Darewski and his Band, relayed from the Spa Royal Hall, Bridlington.
11 p.m. Light Symphony Concert. The B.B.C. Northern Orchestra.
12.15 a.m. Dance Music.
Greenwich Time Signal at 4.30 p.m.
12.30 a.m. The News and Announcements.
12.50 a.m. Dance Music.
1 a.m. Close down.

Transmission 4

(G.S.B. and G.S.D.)
PART I
1.15 a.m. Big Ben. The News and Announcements, Fruit Market Notes.
1.35 a.m. The B.B.C. Northern Ireland Orchestra.
2.15 a.m. Fred Hartley and his Novelty Quintet with Brian Lawrence.
Greenwich Time Signal at 7 p.m.
3 a.m. The "Roosters" in a melange of mirth, music, mummery, and minstrelsy, relayed from the Princess Pier Pavilion, Torquay.
3.50 a.m. "News from Road and Track—The R.A.C. Tourist Trophy Motor Race." A talk by H. E. Symons.
Greenwich Time Signal at 8 p.m.
4.10 p.m. The B.B.C. Military Band, conducted by William Matthews.
5 a.m. Close down.
PART II
5.15 a.m. Interlude.
5.20 a.m. Dance Music.
6 a.m. The News and Announcements.
6.20 a.m. Dance Music.
6.45 a.m. Close down.

FATEFUL YEARS AHEAD

(Continued from Page 6.)

justifiable, if at all, only as temporary measures.

The economic part of the book finishes with a stimulating chapter entitled "Social Justice." Among its proposals are:

Co-ordination of the existing Social Services.

Abolition of the family Means Test.

Increased Old Age Pensions for those entirely dependent on them.

A State-supported scheme for retirement allowances.

Raising the school-leaving age.

A £5,000,000 grant to start a National Food Policy to improve standards of nutrition.

* * *

This chapter also discusses the system of taxation and concludes that our present system "is gravely inequitable and has recently been growing more so." If taxation has to be increased, three possible sources are suggested:

New taxes on the increment in land values.

Increased taxes on unearned incomes.

Increased death duties.

The signatories "believe that in present circumstances, when destitution exists side by side with enormous wealth, there should be a transfer of income between rich and poor."

The section of the book on Peace, though it is fully argued and sets out its case at length, can be more briefly summarised. Its policy is that of the collective system and the League of Nations. It emphatically rejects both isolationism and also the policy of an armed Balance of Power. It proposes no new pacts or covenants, but takes its stand firmly on the ground that the Covenant of the League of Nations, if genuinely accepted and properly worked, provides a workable basis for durable peace.

Great Britain's task is to take her full share in the obligations, as well as in the benefits, of the League system, to serve as an interpreter of that system to the world outside Europe, and to use her influence to see that the League does not become a mere pact of the victors but an instrument of vital, though peaceful, change.

Inevitably, this brief summary does less than justice to a well-considered statement of policy which is refreshingly free from vague generalities or appeals to the shibboleths of Party doctrine. As a short-term programme of immediately practicable progressive reforms it merits the careful study of every elector who is anxious to see the Britain of 1940 a more prosperous, happier land than the Britain of to-day.

This Week-End
At the
REPULSE BAY
—HOTEL

Saturday,
7th
September

SPECIAL DINNER DANCE

$3.00 per cover

DANCE ORCHESTRA FOR THE OCCASION
"The Revellers"

RESERVATIONS PHONE 27775

THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI HOTELS, LTD.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DIOCESAN BOYS' SCHOOL

Founded 1869 Hong Kong
Headmaster:—Rev. C.B.R. Sargent, M.A. Cantab.
Next term starts on Monday, September 9th at 8.30 a.m.
New boys' tests will be held on Saturday, September 7th at 9 a.m.
Entry forms, prospectuses and all particulars may be obtained from the Headmaster.
Telephone 57777 P. O. Box 33.

ST. STEPHEN'S COLLEGE, STANLEY.

The New School Year begins September 9th. Examination for new Students, Saturday September 7th at 9 a.m.
For Prospectus, for Boarders and Day Boys, apply Li Hoi Tung Esq., Messrs. Banker & Co., Bank of China Building.

or

The Warden,
St. Stephen's College, Stanley.

NOTICE.

POWER OF ATTORNEY

Notice is hereby given that on account of transfer to other duties the Power of Attorney issued to Mr. R. C. Lawrence as District Manager for the Texas Company (China) Ltd., at Hongkong has been cancelled and recalled.

THE TEXAS COMPANY (CHINA) LTD.,
By
P. F. Le FEVRE,
General Manager.
Hongkong, September 4, 1935.

NOTICE.

POWER OF ATTORNEY

Notice is hereby given that on account of transfer to other duties the Power of Attorney issued to Mr. L. H. G. Frost as District Accountant for The Texas Company (China) Ltd., at Hongkong has been cancelled and recalled.

Similar Power of Attorney has been issued to Mr. F. D. Pope who has been appointed District Accountant at Hongkong to succeed Mr. L. H. G. Frost.

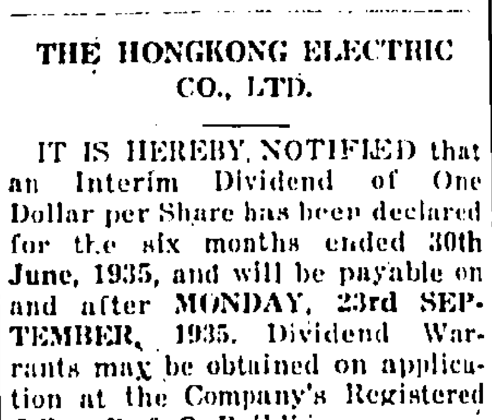
THE TEXAS COMPANY (CHINA) LTD.,
By
P. F. Le FEVRE,
General Manager.
Hongkong, September 4th, 1935.

THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that an Interim Dividend of One Dollar per Share has been declared for the six months ended 30th June, 1935, and will be payable on and after MONDAY, 23rd SEPTEMBER, 1935. Dividend Warrants may be obtained on application at the Company's Registered Office, P. & O. Building.

THE REGISTER OF SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from TUESDAY, 10th SEPTEMBER, to SATURDAY, 21st SEPTEMBER (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors.
GIBB LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.,
Agents.
Hong Kong, 28th August, 1935.



CANTON AGENTS
for
The Hongkong Telegraph.
WM. FARMER & CO.
Victoria Hotel Building,
Shameen, Canton.
Tel. 13501.

Another of the series of photographic reproduction of famous paintings posed by Shirley Temple, the juvenile film star—"Her Second Sermon," by Sir J. E. Millais. Shirley Temple is now starring in "Our Little Girl," at the King's Theatre.

U.S. COMMODITY PRICES

LATEST CABLED QUOTATIONS

The following quotations on the New York commodity exchange are issued by *Reuter:*

New York Cotton

	Sept. 4.	Sept. 5.
October	10.38	10.32/34
December	10.41	10.36/37
January (1936)	10.41	10.40/40
March	10.50	10.46/46
May	10.55	10.51/51
July	10.58	10.58/58
Spot	10.70	10.65

New York Rubber

September	11.63b	11.52b/57
December	11.86	11.77/77
January	11.92	11.85/85
March	12.09a	11.99/12.00
May	12.23a	12.13/13

Total sales, 52 lots

Chicago Wheat

September	88¾	89⅝	89⅝
December	90⅞	92¼	92⅛
May	92½	93⅞	93⅜

Wednesday's sales:—
25,673,000 bushels

Chicago Corn

September	73½	74⅞	76
December	56¼	56⅝	56⅞
May	58	58¼	58¼

Wednesday's sales:—
1,386,000 bushels

Winnipeg Wheat

October	82⅝	84⅝	84⅝
December	82⅞	84¾	84¾
May	—	87¼	87¼

New York Silk

September	1.77	1.77½	1.78
December	1.69	1.65	1.66
March	1.68½	1.66	1.66

Total sales:—94 lots

Montreal Silver

September	65.70	65.40/90
December	65.90	66.00/00
January	66.25	66.10
March	66.65	66.30/58

Total sales:—2 contracts.

EXCHANGE RATES

	Sept. 4.	Sept. 5.
Paris	75.5/64	75.1/64
Geneva	15.21	15.19½
Berlin	12.32	12.29
Athens	518	517
Milan	60.11/16	60½
Shanghai	1/6	1/5.15/16
New York	4.95.3/16	4.94⅝
Amsterdam	7.32½	7.31½
Vienna	26	26
Prague	119.11/16	119.9/16
Bucharest	627	625
Madrid	36¼	36.3/16
Lisbon	110⅛	110⅛
Hongkong	2/0.1/32	2/-
Brussels	28.47½	29.44
Monte Video	39½	39½
Belgrade	217	217
Montreal	4.97⅛	4.96¼
Yokohama	1/2.3/16	1/2.3/16
Helsingfors	226⅞	226⅞
Rio	4¼	4¼
Buenos Aires	15	15
Silver (Spot)	29⅛	29.1/16
Silver (forward)	29.1/16	29
War Loan	105¼	105⅝

—*British Wireless.*

WATER LEVELS

FOR WEST, NORTH AND EAST RIVERS

The River Conservancy Commission for Kwangtung Province issues the following report on water levels, in English feet, for the West, North and East Rivers:

Place of Observation	Highest W. L. on record	Lowest W. L. on record	Sept. 4	Sept. 5
West River at Shiuhing	+41.0	0	10.9	10.4
North River at Tsingyuen	+26.9	0	11.9	10.4
East River at Shamshui	+17.6	—5	6.5	6.2
North River at Sheklung	+15.5	—2.7	5.1	4.7

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LATEST SHARE QUOTATIONS

The following quotations on the London Stock Exchange have been received by Messrs. Swan, Culbertson and Fritz in conjunction with *Reuter.*

	Sept. 4.	Sept. 5.
British Government Securities		
War Loan 3½% redm. after 1952	£105⅞	£105⅝
Chinese Bonds		
4½% Bonds 1898 (Eng. Iss.)	£100¾	£101
4½% Loan 1908	£ 97	£ 98
5% Loan 1912	£ 78¾	£ 78¾
5% Reorg. Loan 1913 (Ldn. Iss.)	£ 88½	£ 88½
5% Bonds 1925-47	£ 90½	£ 90¾
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	£ 68	£ 68
5% Tient.-Pukow Rly.	£ 23	£ 23
6% Tient.-Pukow Railway (Supl. Loan)	£ 21	£ 21
5% Honan Rly.	£ 25½	£ 25½
5% Hukuang Rly. 1911	£ 40	£ 40
5% Lung Tsing U. Hai Rly. 1913	£ 13	£ 13
Foreign Bonds and Banks		
German 7% Int. Loan 1924	£ 60	£ 60
Japan 5% Sterling Loan 1907	£ 83½	£ 83½
Japan 6% Sterling Loan 1924	£ 92½	£ 92½
H.K. & S'hai Bk. (Ldn. Regd.)	£104¾	£104¾
Chartd. Bk. of I.A. & C.	£ 13¼	£ 13¼
Commercial and Industrial		
Allied Iron Founders	40/3	41/-
Associated Elec. Industries	34/3	34/7½
Austin Motors ord. sh.	54/3	54/-
Boots 5/- sh.	49/1½	49/3
British - American Tobacco (bearer)	115/7½	116/3
Canadian Celanese	80/-	81/3
Chinese Eng. and Min. (Bearer)	11/6	11/6
Courtaulds	54/9	54/9
Distillers	93/-	93/3
Dunlop Rubber	42/-	42/3
Electric Musical Industries	26/4½	27/3
General Electric (England)	51/6	51/6
Hawker Aircraft	28/6	28/6
Impl. Chem. Ind.	34/10½	35/1½
Impl. Tobacco	138/1½	138/9
O.K. Bazaars	27/6	28/6
Rolls Royce £1 sh.	150/-	153/9
S'hai Elec. Constr.	45/-	45/-
Tate & Lyle	79/4½	80/-
Turner & Newall	56/3	56/9
United Steel	33/9	34/-
Vickers ord.	16/7½	17/1½
Watney, Combe & Reid def. ord.	73/6	73/6
Woolworths	110/-	110/-
Miscellaneous		
Anglo-Dutch	18/9	19/6
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	19/-	20/-
Pekin Synd. 2/- ord. sh.	1/6	1/6
Rubber Trusts	26/7½	27/3
Mines		
Burma Corpn. Rs. 10	9/7½	9/7½
Commonwealth Mining	11/6	11/7½
Randfontein Estates	50/6	51/3
Spaarwater Gold Mining	4/6	4/6
Springs Mines	38/9	39/4½
Sub-Nigel	240/-	242/6
Rhokana Corpn.	97/6	98/0
Oils		
Anglo-Persian	60/7½	61/3
Burma Oil	77/6	78/1½
Shell Trans and Trad. (Bearer)	70/7½	71/3
Chosen Corpn.	17/6	17/6
Marsman Investments, Ltd.	28/6	28/6

A dinner dance will be held at Repulse Bay Hotel on Saturday, and a tea dance on Sunday. The last bus leaves Repulse Bay at 1.00 a.m. on Saturday; and there will be a half-hourly bus service on Sunday afternoon.

POST OFFICE.

H.K. GOVERNMENT RADIO TELEGRAPH SERVICE.

From the First day of September 1935 the charges for telegrams will be collected at the rate of Dollar 0.68 to equal Gold Franc 1.00.

From the First of September, 1935, Night Letter Telegrams (NLT) expressed in Plain language may be exchanged between Hongkong and Great Britain at one-third of the Full Ordinary Rate with a minimum charge for 25 words.

These telegrams will be delivered on the morning after the date of despatch.

Further information may be obtained at the Radio Office.

GOVERNMENT EXAMINATION IN WIRELESS

An examination for the Hongkong Government Certificate of Proficiency in Wireless Telegraphy, 2nd Class (Restricted), will be held at the Government Wireless School, 1st Floor, G.P.O. commencing on September 19, 1935. Applications for permission to attend must reach the above address not later than September 9.

GOVERNMENT WIRELESS SCHOOL.

A Refresher Course in Wireless Telegraphy (Theoretical, practical and telegraphy) will be commenced at the Government Wireless School, 1st Floor, G.P.O., about the middle of September for existing holders of "Special A." Certificates wishing to qualify for the 2nd Class (Restricted) Certificates. The course is expected to last about two months, and will be limited to twelve candidates. The usual School fee of $10 per month will be payable. Applications for admission to the Course should be sent to the above address. Refresher Courses will be repeated at convenient intervals during the next twelve months for the benefit of those who cannot be included in the above course.

INWARD MAILS

Manila	General Pershing	September 6.
Japan	Heiyo Maru	September 6.
Japan	Manila Maru	September 6.
Japan, Shanghai and Europe via Siberia (London 15th August).	Naldera	September 6.
U.S.A., Canada, Japan and Shanghai (Seattle, 17th August).	Pres. Grant due at 1.30 p.m.	Sept. 6.
Manila	Pres. Hoover	September 6.
Saigon	Athos II	September 7.
Japan	Genoa Maru	September 7.
Shanghai and Swatow	Soochow	September 7.
Shanghai	Ixion	September 8.
Japan	Sydney Maru	September 8.
Straits and Air Mail ex Imperial Airways Service (London, 24th Aug.) and Air Mail ex Amsterdam Bandoeng Service—Amsterdam, 28th August.	Achilles (due Noon)	September 9.
Shanghai	Conte Rosso	September 9.
Japan	Naruto Maru	September 9.
Japan	Anyo Maru	September 10.
Shanghai	D'Artagnan	September 10.
Shanghai	Deucalion	September 10.
Australia and Manila	Taiping	September 10.
Straits	Toyooka Maru	September 11.
Amoy	Sirdhana	September 12.
Straits	Antenor	September 13.
Japan and Shanghai	Kashima Maru	September 13.
U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai (San Francisco, 16th August)	Pres. Johnson	September 13.
Shanghai	Soudan	September 13.
Canada, U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai (Vancouver, B.C., 22nd August)	Emp. of Asia	September 14.
Calcutta and Straits	Kumsang	September 14.

OUTWARD MAILS

For	Per	Date and Time
Friday.		
Bangkok	Mabella	Fri., Sept. 6, 2.30 p.m.
Straits, Sandakan Ceylon, Mombasa, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa	Manila Maru	Fri., Sept. 6, 2.30 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Haining	Fri., Sept. 6, 3 p.m.
*Shanghai, *Japan and *San Francisco. (Due San Francisco, 29th September).	General Pershing	Fri., Sept. 6, 5 p.m.
Shanghai, Japan, Honolulu, U.S.A., Central and South America, Canada and *Europe via San Francisco, and *Europe via Siberia (Due San Francisco, 25th Sept.).	Pres. Hoover	Fri., Sept. 6. Parcels, Sept. 6, 3 p.m. Reg., Sept. 6, 4.15 p.m. Letters, Sept. 6, 5 p.m.
Saturday		
Letters for "Bandoeng, Amsterdam Air Mail Service." (Due Amsterdam 16th September). K.P.O. Reg., Sept. 6, 4.30 p.m. Letters, Sept. 7, 9 a.m.	Naldera	Sat., Sept. 7. G.P.O. Reg., Sept. 7, 9 a.m. Letters, Sept. 7, 9.30 a.m.
Straits, Sandakan, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles (Due Marseilles, 4th October). K. P. O. Parcels Sept. 6, 4.30 p.m. Reg. Sept. 7, 9 a.m. Letters Sept. 7, 10 a.m.	Naldera	Sat., Sept. 7. G. P. O. Parcels Sept. 6, 5 p.m. Reg. Sept. 7, 9.45 a.m. Letters Sept. 7, 10.30 a.m.
Shanghai, *Japan and *Europe via Siberia.	Athos II.	Sat., Sept. 7, 1.30 p.m.
Haiphong	Canton	Sat., Sept. 7, 2 p.m.
Amoy	Kingyuan	Sat., Sept. 7, 3.30 p.m.
Manila	Pres. Grant	Sat., Sept. 7, 4.30 p.m.
Australia and New Zealand via Brisbane. (Due Brisbane, 22nd September).	Sydney Maru	Sat., Sept. 7. Parcels, Sept. 7, 3 p.m. Reg., Sept. 7, 4.15 p.m. Letters, Sept. 7, 5 p.m.
Sunday.		
Foochow	Szechuen	Sun., Sept. 8, 9 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa	Canton Maru	Sun., Sept. 8, 9 a.m.
Monday.		
Japan, Honolulu, and *San Francisco (Due San Francisco, 8th October)	Heiyo Maru	Mon., Sept. 9, 10.30 am.
Swatow and Bangkok	Kwangchow	Mon., Sept. 9, 1.30 p.m.
Letters, for "Bandoeng—Amsterdam Air Mail Service." (Due Amsterdam, 19th September). K.P.O. Reg., Sept. 9, 1 p.m. Letters, Sept. 9, 1.30 p.m.	Conte Rosso	Mon., Sept. 9. G.P.O. Reg., Sept. 9, 1.30 p.m. Letters, Sept. 9, 2 p.m.
Letters for "Singapore—Australia Air Mail Service." (Due Darwin, 17th September). K.P.O. Reg., Sept. 9, 1 p.m. Letters, Sept. 9, 1.30 p.m.	Conte Rosso	Mon., Sept. 9. G.P.O. Reg., Sept. 9, 1.30 p.m. Letters, Sept. 9, 2 p.m.
Letters for "Imperial Airways Service (Due London 23rd September). K. P. O. Reg., Sept. 9, 1 p.m. Letters Sept. 9, 1.30 p.m.	Conte Rosso	Mon., Sept. 9. G. P. O. Reg., Sept. 9, 1.30 p.m. Letters Sept. 9, 2 p.m.
Straits, Sandakan, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. and S. Africa, Egypt and *Europe via Brindisi (Due Brindisi, 30th September). K. P. O. Reg., Sept. 9, 1.30 p.m. Letters, Sept. 9, 1.30 p.m.	Conte Rosso	Mon., Sept. 9. G. P. O. Reg., Sept. 9, 2.15 p.m. Letters, Sept. 9, 3 p.m.
*Straits and *Calcutta. Parcels Sept. 9, 2.00 p.m.	Kutsang	Mon., Sept. 9. Letters Sept. 9, 3 p.m.
Tuesday.		
Letters, for "Saigon—Marseilles Air Mail Service." (Due Marseilles 23rd September). K.P.O. Reg., Sept. 9, 4.30 p.m. Letters, Sept. 10, 9 a.m.	D'Artagnan	Tues., Sept. 10. G.P.O. Reg., Sept. 9, 9 a.m. Letters, Sept. 10, 9.30 a.m.
Batavia	Tjisalak	Tues., Sept. 10, 9.30 a.m.
Saigon, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. and S. Africa, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles. (Due Marseilles, 10th October). K. P. O. Reg., Sept. 10, 9 a.m. Letters, Sept. 10, 10 a.m.	D'Artagnan	Tues., Sept. 10. G. P. O. Reg., Sept. 10, 9.45 a.m. Letters, Sept. 10, 10.30 a.m.
Hoihow	Tean	Tues., Sept. 10, 11.30 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Haiyang	Tues., Sept. 10, 2 p.m.
Amoy	Anhui	Tues., Sept. 10, 5 p.m.

*Superscribed correspondence only.

EX-SEAMAN CHARGED

ALLEGED UTTERING OF FORGED BANKNOTE

Charged with uttering a forged $10 note of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Li Yiu, 50, an unemployed seaman, appeared on remand before Mr. Thomson at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday afternoon. The case was adjourned.

It was alleged that defendant uttered a $10 note at the Hop Cheung firewood shop, an unnumbered hut in Sai Yeung Choi Street on August 23. Yeung Mun, master of the shop, appeared as complainant.

Detective-Sergeant Franklin appeared for the prosecution.

Mr. J. M. Pinna, of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, stated that two of the three $10 notes produced in Court were forgeries; the third one was genuine. The paper of the forged notes was thicker than the genuine and had an "oily touch." The picture on the back of the note was blurred and the printing was bad. The colour was different. The front and back of the forged notes were printed on two separate pieces of paper and stuck together, whereas the genuine note was only one piece of paper.

False Address Given

The complainant, Yeung Mun, stated in evidence that on August 23 defendant went to his shop and after asking the price of the firewood ordered $1 worth to be delivered to No. 614 Nathan Road, first floor. Before going away defendant handed a $10 note to witness, who gave him $9 change. Shortly after, witness sent his nephew and daughter to take the firewood to the address, but they found that there was no such address so they returned and told witness.

On hearing this witness became suspicious and took the $10 note to several money-changers and discovered that it was a forgery. On the following day witness was told by his elder brother that the man had been arrested, so in consequence of this witness went to the Yaumati Police Station where he saw and recognised defendant as the man who had given him the note. Witness handed the banknote to the police.

Yeung Kiu, nephew of the last witness, who was present in the shop when defendant handed the note to complainant, gave corroborative evidence. He stated that on the following day, August 24, he was standing at the door of the Cheung Woo firewood shop next door to the Shing Fat Kee shop, when he saw defendant enter the latter shop. Witness saw defendant hand a banknote to one of the men in the shop, and heard the man tell defendant that there was no change and told him to go out and change the note.

When defendant came out of the shop witness stopped him and then a district watchman came up and arrested the man, and he was taken to the Yaumati Police Station.

Further hearing was adjourned until this morning.

NEW WAR MINISTER

PROMINENT CHANGES IN JAPANESE CABINET

Tokyo, Sept. 5.

At the Hayama palace to-day, the new Minister of War, General Yoshiyuki Kawashima, was formally installed as the successor of General S. Hayashi.

General Y. Kawashima returned to Tokyo immediately after receiving congratulations and giving press interview.

The interview was most brief and the new War Minister was non-committal, promising, however, to do his utmost to bring complete harmony in the army, adding that he believes that the situation at home and abroad requires careful study and procedure.

Although so far no details have been mentioned it is understood that the new Minister will continue the policies of General Hayashi for the mechanisation of the army, with ample appropriations for various army enterprises.

A Military Policy

Newspapers generally praise the appointment and predict no immediate political effect on the Cabinet's position, although the *Asahi* says that General Kawashima's relations with the Government will be watched closely especially regarding the latter's attitude towards the Army's budgetary demands.

General Hayashi, who becomes a member of the High Military Council, leaves General Kawashima the tasks of obtaining the Army budget, seeking a complete settlement of the issue arising out of the Minobe constitutional theory, maintaining rigid Army discipline, and formation of a military policy.—*United Press.*

Military Estimates

With the filing on August 24 of a Y.180,000,000 estimate for "Manchurian Affairs Expenditures," the War Office ended its presentation of draft appropriations to the Ministry of Finance, says a *Rengo* report. The total demands now reach Y.604,000,000, representing an increase of more than Y.113,723,000 over the amounts allotted for military purposes this fiscal year.

The Ministry of War is asking Y.254,000,000 for its basic budget; Y.20,000,000 for new undertakings; Y.100,000,000 for new equipment, including air-craft; and Y.50,000,000 for the improvement of armaments and munitions.

OIL IN JAPAN

REQUIREMENT UPON FOREIGN COMPANIES

Tokyo, Sept. 5.

It is understood that the Government's oil sub-committee has decided on certain modifications of the petroleum storage law.

The Government may somewhat reimburse the companies for their expenditure on their tank installations. Also the date of enforcement may be postponed until April 1 and the sub-committee may recommend a slight increase of gasoline prices.—*United Press.*

Under the oil law Japan requires the companies to maintain in Japan six months' supplies of oil, which the Government may acquire if necessary. For about four months since the autumn, last year, representatives of foreign oil companies conducted negotiations with the Commerce Ministry, seeking to have the regulations mitigated.

A report dated August 23 said that the gasoline prices might be increased by six or seven sen per gallon in connection with the enforcement of the petroleum storage law.

Foreign importers point out that they cannot carry on in view of the fact that the domestic oil supply in Japan is the smallest in the world and that the market price is held down to the lowest figure in the world.

EXTRADITION SOUGHT

BULLION BROKER ARRAIGNED ON ROBBERY CHARGE

His extradition sought by the Kwangtung authorities, Chan Siu-fun *alias* Tsui Siu-ting *alias* Tsui Kau, aged 40, described as a bullion broker, residing at No. 7 Po Tak Street, second floor, appeared before Mr. W. Schofield at the Central Magistracy yesterday afternoon.

The charge against defendant is that on May 5 last, with others, he robbed one Liu Chuen-leung of $1,055 in money at the Ko Sha village, Siu Lam, Chung Shan district, within the jurisdiction of the Provincial Government of Kwangtung.

Chief Detective-Inspector Shannon applied for a formal remand for one week, and defendant was accordingly remanded in custody until 2.30 p.m. on September 12.

NEW ROMAN EMPIRE

FOUNDATION MAY BE LAID BY TROOPS IN AFRICA

New York, Sept. 5.

"Italian armies in Africa may lay the foundation for a new Roman Empire, great enough to give the Italian people a chance to breathe. If Mussolini succeeds Italy can expand in Africa without exploding the whole of Europe" writes Colonel House in the America magazine *Liberty*.

Colonel House, who was formerly President Wilson's adviser, declares that world peace depends upon Britain, France, Russia and the United States who now possess the world; but at the same time he recognises that Italy, Germany and Japan should be given a proper share of colonies which they failed to receive under the Treaty of Versailles.—*Reuter.*

War Material

Addis Ababa, Sept. 5.

War materials in the arsenal near Addis Ababa are being transferred to various points west of the capital as a precautionary measure against air attack, according to a high Ethiopian Army officer who states that the Italians will be unable to destroy anything of military value, and the only victims of aerial attack will be the civilian population, the palaces, churches and other buildings.

During the past month army stores and munitions have left Addis Ababa every night by mules, horses and lorries, as the strictest curfew exists from 7.30 p.m. and the movement is carried out secretly.

Colonel Julian, the famous black airman of Harlem, has been appointed commander-in-chief of the Ambo Garrison, which will be used as an advance headquarters for the concentration of Western Ethiopian forces.

It is stated that Julian left the air-force, because the Ethiopian planes are not modern and useless for war purposes.—*Reuter.*

Egypt Nervous

Alexandria, Sept. 5.

Although the presence of British warships gives a sense of security the nervousness of the inhabitants of Alexandria is reflected in the flood of applications for insurance policies with the insurance companies in Alexandria, Port Said and Suez, who are at present overwhelmed with requests from warehouse owners and citizens who are wishing to insure against bombardment risks, for which the premiums are quoted at two shillings per cent per day.

British warships are keeping steam up all day and their pinnaces are mounted with machine guns, which are described as "routine fittings".—*Reuter.*

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THE DUKE'S RING

SOLITAIRE SAPPHIRE FOR LADY ALICE SCOTT

London, Sept. 5.

The Duke of Gloucester, who returned to London from Catterick to-day, bought the engagement ring for Lady Alice Scott, selecting a fine solitaire sapphire from the Kashmir mines, which will be mounted in a platinum ring with a bouquet of diamonds as the setting on either side.

The Duke will return to Scotland to-night, spending the week-end at the home of his fiancee's parents at Selkirk.—*Reuter's Special Service.*

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BD-198 **Jump on the Wagon—Fox Trot** Jack Hylton & His Orchestra.
Give a broken heart a break—Fox Trot Jack Hylton & His Orchestra.

BD-195 **The Oregon Trail—Fox Trot** Jack Jackson & His Orchestra.
Louisiana Fairy Tale—Fox Trot Jack Jackson & His Orchestra.

BD-196 **"Love Laughs"—Here's to you and love—F.T.** Jack Jackson & His Orchestra.
If your father only knew—F.T. (Film "Heat Wave") Jack Jackson & His Orchestra.

BD-175 **Flower of the Orient—Fox Trot** Pickard's Chinese Syncopators.
Ali Baba—Rumba ..... Pickard's Chinese Syncopators.

BD-190 **Call me sweetheart—Fox Trot** Teddy Joyce & His Orchestra.
Here comes that Rainbow—Fox Trot Teddy Joyce & His Orchestra.

BD-191 **Marina (Queen of the Mountains)—Waltz.** Joyce & His Orchestra.
Two tired eyes—Fox Trot ..... Joyce & His Orchestra.

Other interesting records by Sydney Gustard, Ken Harvey, Renara, Lily Pons, Elisabeth Schumann, Walter Glynne, Norman Evans, Aileen Stanley, etc. also on sale.

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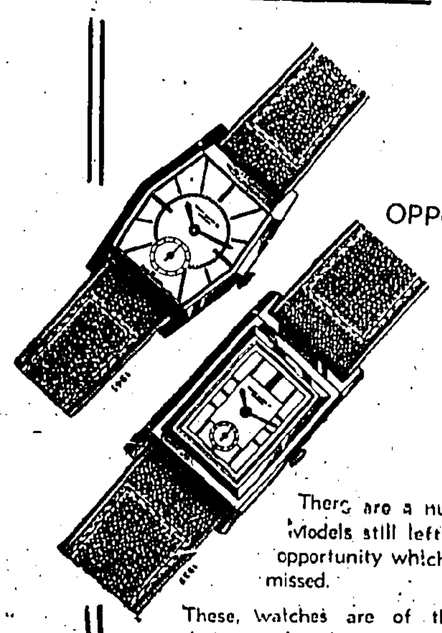

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The Hongkong Telegraph.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 6, 1935.

RESORT TO FORCE NOT JUSTIFIED

The first day's proceedings at the League Council meeting in Geneva scarcely hold out hopes of a pacific adjustment of the Italo-Abyssinian dispute. Baron Aloisi, the chief Italian delegate, flatly informed members of the Council that Italy will proceed as she sees fit, regardless of the League, and retains complete liberty of action. That Italy has ground for grievances against Abyssinia is not denied, but these should be capable of adjustment without resort to force; they are certainly not of sufficient gravity to warrant armed invasion of the country. One of the charges which Italy levels at Abyssinia is that she has not carried out her obligations under the Covenant, and is unfit to be a member of the League. Italy herself, however, was amongst the nations which voted for her admission, and the only answer to that point is Baron Aloisi's remark that Italy now regrets having so voted. It is surely the height of illogicality for Italy to claim the right to ignore her own obligations under the League Covenant merely because of the charge that Abyssinia has not respected her undertakings. Even if the Italian claim were true—and it has not yet been established—it certainly does not carry with it any justification for Italy to commit the very breach which she herself condemns. A point which is well worth bearing is mind is that Signor Mussolini was himself the President of the Stresa Conference which condemned unilateral breaches of treaties and which invited the League of Nations to enquire how such breaches might be prevented in future by the application of appropriate sanctions. The committee has still to make its report. How can Italy, on the one hand, align herself with nations seeking to prevent treaty breaches, and, on the other, claim the right to a course of action which runs contrary to her obligations under the Covenant, obligations which involve respect for Abyssinia's territorial integrity and the submission of disputes between League members to conciliation and arbitration? The two standpoints are at complete variance. What is involved in the present crisis is not merely the dispute between Italy and Abyssinia, but the whole question of treaty observance. It cannot be too strongly stressed, in this connection, that, as Mr. Eden has explained, there is no economic or political conflict between Britain and Italy. Britain is only concerned in the matter as a member of the League and as a signatory of the Kellogg Pact renouncing war as an instrument of national policy. The present differences between Italy and Abyssinia are eminently suitable for treatment under the machinery provided by the League Covenant. For this reason, it is to be hoped that Italy will modify her present attitude and do nothing to aggravate an already tense situation.

NOTES OF THE DAY

RED DESIGNS

Very likely the Communist International had at least one eye on the United States when its congress voted Friday to transfer leadership away from Moscow to various countries in which its parties are active, says the *Christian Science Monitor*. This decentralisation has a double significance with respect to America. It means first that the Soviet Government outwardly at least is cutting a link between itself and the Communist Party propaganda organisation which might otherwise endanger Russian recognition and trade relations with the United States under the Litvinoff agreement. Secondly, it means that Communist tactics in the United States will take on more than ever the nature of attempting to bore from within the liberal groups with which the Reds are now being advised uninvitedly to align themselves against Fascism. From one point of view there is a certain flavour of humour in news from the congress in Moscow. Recently a House of Representative investigating committee in Washington, with an air of disclosing carefully guarded secrets, set the Communist enrolment in the United States at about 30,000. Glibly, pridefully, delegates to the meeting in Moscow have announced the number of their membership in various countries, have outlined their tactics, claimed authorship for strikes near and far, and blueprinted their plans for future trouble-making.

* * *

OPEN CONFLICT

All this reveals—if it needed to be made any clearer—that Communism is in open conflict with the democratic as well as the capitalistic system, and that the issue is big enough without being magnified or distorted by imaginings. The lineaments of Communism have been freely furnished by the Communists themselves. The Moscow congress also furnished valuable information as to what social and economic diet nurtured Communism best. Imperialistic wars, want, hunger, strikes, all manner of social and economic maladjustments, are the Communists' stepping stones to power. Banish these maladjustments and Communism by its own definition is banished. Thus the congress in Moscow would seem to have done capitalistic nations a service. It has clearly defined the issues and implied the solution. Thirty thousand Communists in a nation of 120,000,000 people would have short shrift were capitalism to remove the underlined sources of their increase.

* * *

WHEN WILL IT END

Sir Malcolm Campbell says he can build a faster car than Bluebird, which he drove over the Utah lake bed Tuesday at the incredible speed of 304 miles per hour. He proposes to build and drive another of these super speed cars and race it against his own record, it appears. One can only hope that the Bluebird's master will not tempt fate too far, for although there is no doubt as to his wizardry behind the wheel and his marvellous control and presence of mind, this racing game he plays is one of the most hazardous existing. One might wish that Sir Malcolm would rest content upon the laurels he has won. But such a man is not likely to retire while he feels that he can still contribute something to the prestige of British engineering and sportsmanship, and we expect to see him in the news again before long with another of these hair-raising adventures in hand and another apparently impossible goal set for himself. In his future exploits we will wish him the same fortune as he has had in Utah.

FATEFUL YEARS AHEAD

IN a book entitled "The Next Five Years," which is published to-day by Messrs. Macmillan and Co., a group of distinguished men and women from all parties and all professions have drawn up a programme of action which, in their view, would occupy the energies of a vigorous and progressive Government for at least five years.

This is not a party programme. Not a single political party is mentioned in it by name. It is not polemical; it is very sparing—some will say too sparing—of criticism of the present Government. It does not deal in generalities; it neither attacks Socialist principles nor defends them; it is neither Protectionist nor Free Trade. It is, as its sub-title says, an "Essay in Political Agreement" setting down in as precise terms as possible what the signatories want to get done during the lifetime of the next Parliament.

Signatories number over 150. They include active politicians of all parties, several trade unionists, scientists such as Lord Rutherford and Sir Oliver Lodge, Churchmen such as the Archbishop of York and the Bishops of Birmingham and Southwark, educational authorities such as Mr. H. A. L. Fisher and Sir Henry Hadow, economists such as Sir Arthur Salter, Sir Walter Layton and Sir Basil Blackett, writers such as H. G. Wells and Siegfried Sassoon. In fact, the list of signatories is the most remarkable collection of experience and talent which has ever proclaimed its agreement on so comprehensive and detailed a statement of policy.

The signatories state that they do not commit themselves to endorsement of every detail of the proposals or renounce any of their individual views as to the way Society should ultimately be organised. They are in agreement, however, on the general "five years" policy proposed in the book. In the same way the *News Chronicle*, while not necessarily agreeing with every word of the book, believes that it is a clear and comprehensive statement of a far-reaching but attainable short-term programme. It includes many reforms which this newspaper has consistently advocated and will continue to press upon every Government which may be in office.

* * *

The book is in two parts, dealing respectively with economic policy and with peace. The economic section opens with a strong plea for the right sort of planning. Planning, it argues, need not mean a vast increase in the interference of the Government with the liberties of the people. It means only that all the various sections of the Government's policy should be consistently fitted together. To this end, the book recommends an Economic General Staff, similar to the Committee of Imperial Defence which co-ordinates the policy of the fighting services.

Under the heading of National Development, the book proposes a bold and far-reaching policy. There is need for a long-range programme, to continue year in, year out, improving the amenities and the essential services of the country, guiding the growth of industry into the proper channels and preventing the new houses that are wanted from sprawling all over the countryside. But in addition to this the book advocates a short-range programme of public works. There are times for starting public works and times for stopping them. In the opinion of the signatories of the book this is a time for starting them, and the discussion makes very short work of the contention that there are no "worth-while" projects to be undertaken.

The chapter on "The Organisation of Industry" breaks new ground. It makes the sound point that there is no one method of dealing with every industry. Indeed, five different methods are suggested.

In the first place, it is proposed that industries should be given the power to organise themselves for legitimate purposes. They are not, however, to be allowed to turn themselves into monopolies without making provision for public control of their operations.

For the depressed industries, it is suggested that the Government should appoint impartial commissions to draw up schemes of reorganisation, which the industries could then either accept or reject. This, of course, is the method that has been followed with agriculture in the last few years.

* * *

Some industries are already virtually dominated by one or two gigantic companies. For these companies the book recommends a new status of Public Concern, which would carry with it a very much greater degree of publicity than is now incumbent on these huge combines.

Other industries again, in which the public is particularly interested, should be constituted Public Utilities, with stringent control and limitation of profits. And finally, there is a list of industries to be socialised—transport, electricity, some forms of insurance and of food distribution, mining royalties and the manufacture of armaments.

On banking and monetary matters the book has several very interesting suggestions to make. The Bank of England, it is proposed, should be brought under public control, the Governor being appointed only with the consent of the Government. The book examines the proposal to nationalise the joint stock banks, but rejects it in favour of making them Public Utilities, subject to inspection and control and with their profits limited. The same chapter also makes a number of proposals with regard to means of expanding and improving the capital market.

* * *

A comprehensive policy for extending British export trade is then put forward. The book does not advocate either Free Trade or Protection; it assumes that we shall continue to have a moderate tariff and suggests that Great Britain should take the lead in forming a group of nations according low tariffs to each other.

Closely connected with foreign trade is the subject of agriculture. The book takes the line that the encouragement of agriculture must not be allowed either to raise the price of food or to destroy our foreign trade. But it suggests a variety of ways in which the State could assist in restoring a prosperous countryside.

This can be done by increasing the food consumption of the poor, by increasing the efficiency of the food distributing industry, by supplying the land with the capital it needs. If financial assistance by the State is wanted it should take the form of outright subsidies. Tariffs, quotas and levies are

(Continued on Page 4.)

"But, Gregory, what will the neighbours say if we start roaring around in a car like that?"

The Very Idea!

ON BIRTHDAYS

There'll Be Hot Time In Old Town To-night

EVERY once in a while, especially towards the middle of the month, Mr. Kelly has a birthday, having found out, ever since a rich uncle gave him an all-day sucker on his second birthday, that this is by far the best way of raising the wind to carry him on for the rest of the year.

Such an occasion is to-day.

ANY reader desiring to send us birthday presents to-day should ring the office for a couple of coolies to bring them around to us. Bottles are such awkward things to carry.

We have not had a birthday for some time now, being rather discouraged owing to the fact that on our last birthday someone pinched the icing off our birthday cake.

In a way birthday anniversaries, although pleasant in later life, have held some bitter memories for us.

We well remember the second anniversary of the day the home town deliriously celebrated the simultaneous arrival of a 10lb. Kelly heir and the news of the Relief of Mafeking.

We had a tricycle given to us which was immediately collared by our grandfather, who gave demonstrations of how good he was in his youth. We were not allowed to ride it, being too young.

And then there was the birthday cake we weren't allowed to eat because it might make us sick, and a toy train which our father played with for hours on the floor and then put it away in case we broke it, and the teddy bear our sister decided would look nice on her dressing table, and when we started to look at our picture book they said it was time we went to bed. Then they kept us awake all night singing and dancing.

We did make one effort to assert ourself. We got out of our cot, put our goloshes on, and stamped into the drawing-room.

"Whose dam party is this, anyhow?" we demanded.

And our mother said: "Don't belt him on his birthday, Father. Just smear his dummy with bitter aloes and strap him in his cot."

The next day, filled with resentment, we waited our opportunity and wrapping up what was left of the cake, we mounted our tricycle and rode away, never to return.

Reaching town, we sold our tricycle and shipped before the mast on the Etaoin Shrdlu, a Norwegian craft trading between Hongkong and Fanling.

We spent our third birthday at sea. Every subsequent birthday we have spent on the rocks.

We next joined the police force. Two more birthdays passed without serious mishap, but our third birthday as a policeman was our undoing. As we explained to the sergeant later, we only had one small glass of light ale, but it must have gone to our head.

It seems that we were creating a disturbance in public, and we spoke very sharply to ourself about it and ordered us to go home. One word led to another and we decided to arrest us. We struggled so fiercely with ourself that soon we were rolling on the ground wrestling for our life. Not one of the spectators came to our aid.

At last we got a firm grip on ourself and handcuffed us. The sergeant at the police station sent us to the hospital, and when we were discharged we were so knocked about that we were asked to resign, being physically unfit for strenuous work.

After some wandering about we became a gigolo. We spent that birthday in the Supreme Court. As a matter of fact, we were so frequently in the Supreme Court defending breach of promise cases and being a co-respondent that they made up a bed for us at the back of the court room, and the Judge and we became quite friendly. Many's the good old stead many a time since. We never had the time to have a birthday as a house decorator, but when we were a hospital orderly we had a lovely one.

We never had the time to have a birthday as a house decorator, but when we were a hospital orderly we had a lovely one.

We invited all the doctors and nurses, and people came for miles to see it, and the police cordon was broken twice. We threw skelotons at one another, and 24 patients died of excitement or neglect, we forget which, and we drank all the other. What a devil we were in those days!

Now we've settled down. And our next birthday is on the 24th of September, so if anyone wants to send us a postcard we'd like them to send it to the office, and not to our private address, because our wife is extremely jealous (we have to pay the penalty of all handsome men) and starts riots.

Salvation Army For Canton Soon

INTERNATIONAL GROUP

The Salvation Army is coming to Canton in the near future, with a group of officers representing four nationalities, headed by Brigadier James Sansom.

According to the official organ of the Salvation Army, Brigadier Sansom was to leave London for Canton on July 27, in advance of the South China pioneer party.

The pioneer officers are:—Adjutant and Mrs. Ralph Ponting, of the British territory, last stationed at Saltcoats; Captain Percy Stanley, of the British territory, last stationed at the "House of the Trees" Goodwill Centre for unemployed youth in South Wales; Captain and Mrs. Ernest Schmidte, of Germany; and Lieutenant Bergit Klackers, a Finnish-born officer, last engaged in editorial duties in Sweden; Lieutenant Ruby Skelton, of the United States, last stationed at a Chinese Corps in California; and Lieutenant Margaret Thompson, commissioned in May last to the Women's Social Work in Great Britain and Ireland.

Mrs. Sansom and family will follow to Canton at an early date, while other officers are under consideration for this new sphere of labour. On arrival in Hongkong, Brigadier Sansom will find eight young ladies ready to be enrolled as the Army's first contingent in South China

PREPARING TO RESIST INVASION

(Continued from page 1.)

people, and only a handful had uniforms.—*United Press.*

TO THE COLOURS

Rome, Sept. 5.

The bread-winners and only sons section of the 1912 class will be called to the colours at the end of this month.

This is because the calling up of the 1911, 1913 and 1914 classes did not produce the additional 200,000 men which Signor Mussolini announced he would require when speaking at Bolzano.—*Reuter.*

BLACK TROOPS.

Cairo, Sept. 5.

A report from an Arab source, now current here, states that Signor Mussolini aims to enlist 10,000 black troops from Tripoli, in addition to the 10,000 already in Italian Somaliland.—*Reuter Special.*

REQUEST REFUSED

Addis Ababa, Sept. 5.

The Government is reported to have refused to allow a company of Italian native trooops to guard the Italian Legation, and to have ordered foreigners to assemble at certain fixed places. The Emperor has promised police protection to the various missions.

The exodus of Europeans from the capital continues, while a thousand troops have entrained for the frontier.—*Reuter.*

SWISS ADVISERS

Addis Ababa, Sept. 5.

The Ethiopian Government has engaged a Swiss Military Mission, which, it is understood, will consist of ten officers, chiefly artillery experts.

Four French officers have arrived at the capital, but the nature of their mission is unknown.—*Reuter Special.*

CAMPBELL SPEED RECORD

NOT LIKELY TO BE BEATEN YET

London, Sept. 5.

The view is widely expressed that it will be some time before the world land speed record of 301.1293 miles per hour, set up by Sir Malcolm Campbell in his car, Bluebird, is beaten. On the first run over the measured mile, Campbell attained 304.311 miles per hour.

The production of a car which can stand up to the prodigious strains of travel on land at this enormous speed is the subject of comment as a remarkable engineering achievement.—*British Wireless.*

TO VISIT TOKYO

Washington, Sept. 5.

The Secretary for War, Mr. George Dern, has announced that he contemplates visiting Tokyo during his trans-Pacific voyage to represent President Roosevelt at the inauguration of the Philippine Commonwealth on November 15.—*Reuter.*

ITALIANS LEAVE LEAGUE SESSION

(Continued from page 1.)

Italian and Abyssinian delegates is adjusted, it is feared.

Meanwhile the whole question of the constitution of a League Committee under Article XV remains open. There is some hope that private talks this evening may lead to some new arrangements.—*Reuter.*

REQUEST DECLINED

Geneva, Sept. 5.

The circumstances of Italy's dramatic withdrawal from the Council meeting are reported as follows: Baron Aloisi withdrew soon after Professor Jeze began to speak and Signor Rocca took his place. Later, when Signor Rocca also withdrew, he sent a private message to the Chairman of the Council, Dr. Guinazu, asking him to call Professor Jezo to order.

Dr. Guinazu replied that he saw no reason to do so.

Anyhow, he said, M. Litvinoff was about to speak and he therefore hoped that Signor Rocca would return.

Signor Rocca said he must consult his chief, and asked would the Chairman interrupt the meeting for a brief interval. Again Dr. Guinazu replied that he could not accede to the Italian request. Thereupon, Signor Rocca brought a message from Baron Aloisi that the latter would examine the text of Professor Jeze's speech before coming to any decision.

ITALIAN COMPLAINT

Italian quarters complain of the fact that Professor Jeze, being a French lawyer, made remarks particularly offensive and annoying. They would not have been so disturbed if the speaker had been an Abyssinian, although they thought the Ethiopian diplomat, Teckle Hawariate would have been much more moderate. But Professor Jeze imparted a warmth into his attacks which was quite unstomachable.

Although they intended leaving the Ethiopian representative to present his whole speech, it was possible that Italy would object to Professor Jeze continuing as chief Abyssinian delegate, it was stated.—*Reuter.*

NO RETREAT

Rome, Sept. 5.

It is stated in Italian political circles that Signor Rocca's action does not constitute abandonment of the League. Nevertheless, as the Government has decided that it cannot participate with Abyssinia in the League, the Italian delegates will again leave the session when the Abyssinia representative speaks.

As long as the Abyssinians are passive spectators the Italians will remain at the session.

It is uncertain, however, whether Baron Aloisi himself will attend any meeting at which the Abyssinians are present.

The action of Italy's delegates does not indicate any rupture of Italo-Abyssinian diplomatic relations but is a logical sequence of the Italian decision not to participate on an equal footing at Geneva with a country which Italy considers has consistently violated its League undertakings.—*Reuter.*

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITY

London, Sept. 5.

The League Council met again to-night, first in private and then in public. Press messages from Geneva indcate the private sitting was concerned with plans for setting up a small committee of the Council to examine further the Italo-Ethiopian dispute and possibilities of conciliatory settlement. It is understood the personnel provisionally suggested includes Mr. Eden, Great Britain, Monsieur Laval, France, Senor de Madariaga, Spain, Colonel Beck, Poland, and Mons. Aras, Turkey, and that the number will probably be limited to five.

At the public session, the spokesman of Ethiopia replied to Baron Aloisi's speech at yesterday's meeting of the Council. When he made an appeal to the League to defend the independence and existence of his country, Signor Rocco, who was acting in place of Baron Aloisi as Italian member, rose and left the Cuncil chamber. Italian delegation explained afterwards that this proceeding had no significance in regard to Italian League membership but that Italy did not recognise Abyssinia's right to be member of the League and her delegate refused to listen to Abyssinian representative.

The Ethiopian representative said Italy was attempting to dishonour a country she desired to suppress. Her accusations were not worthy of a detailed answer. He refuted the charge tha Abyssinia was prepared for an attack. "We solemnly pledge ourselves to respect all our international obligations. We are ready to accept help from disinterested countries in the modernisation of our country."

Professor Jeze concluded with an appeal to the Council to accept its responsibilities under Articles 10 and 15 of the Covenant.—*British Wireless.*

CORRESPONDENCE

The League Of Nations

(To The Editor, *Hongkong Telegraph*)

Sir,—Having read your leading article in your Tuesday's issue, I beg a little space to reply to same. In one thing, Mr. Editor, I entirely agree with you and only that one, namely, "if the League were operated as it should be and free use made of the machinery provided in the Covenant, there would be no further fear of war on such a large scale." This is obvious in any moral code, but there are many such, and is any one of them followed up?

You write:—The League has no power of force of its own, although the plans on which it was built did envisage a time when its members would contribute military and naval units to be used as a composite force against any nation adjudged guilty of aggression. Unhappily, that dream has not been fulfilled. But that is not the fault of the League as a body; it is the fault of member nations which have subordinated the well-being of the world in general to their own individual interests." I beg to differ. The League consists of its members, and if they do not uphold it, then, they being the League, it is the fault of the members and therefore of the League if they do not support it.

I and many others think that the League has proved itself to be useless for the purpose for which it formed; it was an American idea, and as soon as it was formed America promptly withdrew, as have other nations when the League did not agree with their policies. The League members who are not immediately affected by some dispute like the present one hold back —"It is none of our business; why should we spend money on what does not concern us," etc.

There is much to be written on this subject, but I will not encroach further on your valuable space, having pointed out that the members of the League must be the League. One word more—the *Daily Mail* is quite correct, and force is the only factor that counts.

TIMPHES.

"TELEGRAPH" ART SUPPLEMENT

To-morrow's Picture Features

Wedding groups will predominate in the illustrations in to-morrow's issue of the *Telegraph* Pictorial Supplement, these including the marriages of Mr. B. C. Field and Miss E. Schroter, Mr. G. Merriman and Miss Morrison, Mr. Jacob Y. Woo and Miss Lee Fung-tsing.

There will also be a group of the Drums of the 2nd Battalion of the East Lancashire Regiment and a picture showing the combined Drums and Band carrying out Retreat.

Further pictures will show the distribution of prizes in connection with the Chinese chess championship of the Colony; and the choir of St. Paul's Church.

21 YEARS AGO

Extracts From the "Telegraph" Files

The following extracts are from the *Hongkong Telegraph* for the week ended September 12, 1914.

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The rate of dollar on demand was 1s. 9 13/16d.

* * *

In connection with the Great War, a committee consisting of Messrs. A. H. Barlow, C. P. Huy, P. H. Holyoak, R. Sutherland and W. M. Humphreys was appointed to consider taking steps for the protection of the interests of those concerned in respect of cargo on board German and Austrian steamers en route to or from Hongkong. Mr. G. C. Moxon was the Secretary of the Committee.

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Mr. J. A. S. Bucknill, Attorney General in Hongkong, was appointed Chief Justice of the Straits Settlements.

* * *

Mr. E. R. Hallifax was appointed as Private Secretary and Lieut. H. G. Bagnall, R.A. as A.D.C. to H.E. the Governor, Sir Henry May.

Mrs. T. Saphiere wishes to thank the numerous contributors for their generous support and liberal contributions towards her fund for a destitute widow and child. Also, the China Entertainment and Land Investment Co. Ltd. for the free use of the King's Theatre for a children's matinee, and the Fox Films Fod. Inc. U.S.A. and United Artists for loan of films. The net proceeds of the children's matinee amounted to $73.50, which added to contributions received, made a total of $471.50.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MARKET UPWARD YESTERDAY

New York, Sept. 5.

The following reports on the New York Stock market have been received through Messrs. Swan, Culbertson & Fritz:

The *Wall Street Journal* report on yesterday's market: All divisions today were upward, continuing yesterday's late rally, which it was attributed to the improved technical position due to the industrial background and unwarranted over-optimism. Stocks on the Curb Exchange were higher and active. Bonds were strong and active.

S. C. & F. New York Office cables: The market to-day was strong. Tractions were features of the market on reports of early unification. Traders are bullish in their outlook. The Gold Dust Corporation earned 97 cents per share for the year ended June 30. The Association of American Railroads reports that during July the income of Class 1 railroads amounted to $26,851,000,000, against an income of $35,441,000,000 during July of last year.

New York and Chicago commodity reports received through Messrs. Swan, Culbertson & Fritz:—

Cotton: Some heavy switching of October cotton was in evidence. Complaints of insect damage in the West and excessive rainfall in the East fail to outweigh hedge selling.

Wheat: Broader trading was in evidence to-day. The market here and also abroad is apparently adjusted to the sound world position.

Corn: September corn is tightening on cash demand. Receipts of corn are small.

Rubber: We think that the present unsettlement is due to the filling up of quotas, which will about average restriction allotments in the long run.

Hides: Steady. A further improvement is expected.

Silk: Quiet. Nears are in demand, whilst other positions are easy.

Special News: The Edison Electric Institute estimates weekly electricity production at 1,810,000,000 k.w.h., an increase of 11.2 per cent. over the corresponding period of last year.

REUTER QUOTATIONS

Dow-Jones Averages:	Sept. 4.	Sept. 5.
30 Industrials	128.46	129.34
20 Rails	35.62	36.01
20 Utilities	25.63	25.98
10 Bonds	96.04	96.20
11 Commodity Index	52.86	53.17

MORE SILVER REQUIRED

AMERICA HOLDING LARGE BULK

Washington, Sept. 5.

According to official reports, the total amount of silver purchased by the Treasury since the adoption of the Government's silver programme now exceeds 500,000,000 ounces.

The silver stocks held total over 1,159,000,000 ounces, having a monetary value of $1,495, 000,000.

With the present gold reserve of $9,203,000,000, necessitating a silver reserve of $3,067,000,000 or approximately 2,500,000,000 ounces to fulfil the requirements of the Silver Purchase Act, more than 1,300,000,000 ounces of silver will still have to be purchased.—*Reuter.*

BENGAL UNREST

CONSTANT WAR AGAINST TERRORISTS

Calcutta, Sept. 5.

Quietly but ruthlessly war is being waged against terrorists, and suspected houses are continually being searched for arms, according to the Bengal Police Report on their activities for 1934.

Although there were no cases of overt terrorist crime, the perpetual discovery of arms, explosives, and ammunition proves that terrorism is ever active and malignant.

The most brilliant stroke of the year was the rounding up of the very dangerous "Bengal Volunteer Corps," which has been responsible for many outrages.

The Secret Police seized many caches of revolvers, guns and cartridges.

During the year twenty-two arms smugglers and intermediaries were expelled from Calcutta.—*Reuter.*

ANOTHER MUTINY

KWEICHOW TROOPS REVOLT IN SZECHUEN

Canton, Sept. 5.

It is reported from Chungking that one regiment of Kweichow troops, recently mobilised to go to Szechuen by order of Marshal Chiang Kai-shek, mutinied near Peiling, east of Chungking, while on their way to Chengtu. Nothing happened after they passed the frontier of Szechuen. As soon as they reached Peiling one regiment refused to continue and demanded their back pay. After the revolt the whole regiment retreated to the southern Szechuen border.—*Wah Kiu Yat Po.*

RADIO BROADCAST

Programme of Classical Music Items

H.K. HOTEL ORCHESTRA

From ZBW on a wavelength of 355 metres (845 kilocycles):

4-7 p.m. Chinese Programme.
7-7.30 p.m. Light Orchestral Music.
Dawn (Matt).
Sunset (Matt).
Classica Selection (arr. Ewing).
In a Monastery Garden (Ketelbey).
The Shamrock (Selection of Irish Airs) (arr. Myddleton)
7.30-7.43 p.m. Four Songs by Jeanette MacDonald (Soprano). 1. Always in all Ways; 2. Beyond the Blue Horizon; 3. Vilia—"The Merry Widow"; 4. The Merry Widow Waltz.
7.43-8 p.m. Concert Waltzes.
Roses of the South (J. Strauss).
Tales from the Vienna Woods (J. Strauss).
8 p.m. Local Time and Weather Report; Closing Local Stock Quotations.
8.05-8.45 p.m. A Variety Programme.
Piano Solos—Music in the Air Medley.
Raie da Costa.
Songs—Stay as sweet as you are.
Songs—The Continental.
Bello Baker.
Xylophone Solos—Dance of the Raindrops.
Xylophone Solos—The Punch and Judy Show.
Rudy Starita.
Vocal—Some of these Days.
Vocal—Tiger Rag.
The Mills Brothers.
Piano Solos—Smoke gets in your eyes.
Piano Solos—You've got to admit.
Carroll Gibbons.
Band—Wine Song ("Caravan").
Band—Happy, I'm Happy ("Caravan").
8.45-9 p.m. Band Music.
Slavonic Rhapsody (arr. Winterbottom).
Entry of the Gladiators—March (Fucik).
Sons of the Brave—March (Bidgood).
9-9.15 p.m. A Relay of the Daventry News Bulletin (Copyright by Reuter).
9.15-10.30 p.m. Classical Concert.
Orchestral—Don Giovanni—Overture (Mozart).
Pianoforte—Prelude and Fugue No. 9 in E Major (Bach).
Harriet Cohen.
Pianoforte—Fugue No. 12 in F Minor (Bach).
Pianoforte—Prelude and Fugue No. 13 in F Sharp Major (Bach).
Evlyn Howard-Jones.
Symphony No. 34 in C (Mozart).
10 p.m. Press Bulletins.
Vocal Quartet—Bella Figlia Dell'Amore (Fairest daughter of the graces) Galli-Curci ("Rigoletto") (Verdi) Homer, Gigli and De Luca.
Vocal Sextet—Chi Mi Frena (What restrains Me?) ("Lucia di Lammermoor") (Donizetti).
Galli-Curci, Homer, Gigli, De Luca, Pinza and Bada.
Orchestral—Carneval Overture (Dvorak, Op. 92).
Arias—Farewell of Boris ("Boris Godounov") (Moussorgsky).
Arias—Death of Boris ("Boris Godounov") (Moussorgsky).
Theodore Chaliapine (Bass).
10.30-11 p.m. Dance Music.
11 p.m. Close Down.

ZEESEN PROGRAMMES

This Evening's Broadcast From The German Short-Wavers

Special programmes for Far Eastern listeners will be broadcast from Zeesen as follows:

SOUTH ASIA ZONE

(South Asia Zone, broadcast from DJB, (19.74 metres) and DJN (31.45 metres).

DJB 19.74 m 15,200 kc 1.30-3 p.m.
DJB 19.74 m 15,200 kc 4.45-8.15 p.m.
DJN 31.45 m 9,540 kc 4.45-8.15 p.m.
DJB 19.74 m 15,200 kc 9 p.m.-12.30 a.m.
4.45 p.m. DJB, DJN Announcement (Germ., Engl.) German Folk Song. Programme Forecast (German, English).
5 p.m. Pianoforte Compositions by Beethoven's Contemporaries. Wolfgang Brugger.
5.30 p.m. News in English.
5.45 p.m. "Potsdam, Ancient and Modern." Relays from various historic sites in Potsdam.
6.45 p.m. News in German.
7 p.m. Concert of Light Music.
8 p.m. News in English.
8.15 p.m. Close down DJB, DJN (Germ., Engl.)

EAST ASIA ZONE

East Asia Zone broadcast through DJQ on 19.63 metres (15,280 k.c.) 1.30-3 p.m. Concert, news at 2 p.m.
9 p.m. Call DJQ, DJA, DJB (Germ., Engl.) German Folk Song. Programme Forecast (Germ., Engl.)
9.15 p.m. Music in the Home. Pieces for piano by Jensen, etc.
9.35 p.m. A Story from Home.
9.45 p.m. News in English on DJQ, DJA and in Dutch on DJB.
10 p.m. "My Girl Good-Bye!" Operetta by August Pepock.
11.15 p.m. News in German on DJQ, DJA, DJB.
11.30 p.m. Current Events.
11.40 p.m. Dance Music.
12.15 a.m. News in English on DJQ, DJA and in Dutch on DJB.
12.30 a.m. Close DJQ, DJA, DJB (Germ., Engl.)

DAVENTRY PROGRAMMES

To-day's Broadcasting From Four Transmissions

The following wave-lengths and frequencies are observed by Daventry.

Call Sign	Frequency	Wavelength
GSA	6.010 k.c.	49.89 metres
GSB	9.510 k.c.	31.55 metres
GSC	9.585 k.c.	31.30 metres
GSD	11,750 k.c.	25.53 metres
GSE	11,955 k.c.	25.10 metres
GSF	15,140 k.c.	19.82 metres
GSG	17,790 k.c.	16.86 metres
GSH	21,490 k.c.	13.97 metres
GSI	15,260 k.c.	19.66 metres
GSJ	11,540 k.c.	13.93 metres
GSL	6,110 k.c.	49.16 metres

Transmission 5

(G.S.D. and G.S.G.)
7 a.m. Big Ben. "A Dissertation on Cats."
7.30 a.m. Big Ben. The Thornley Colliery Band.

(Continued on Page 4.)

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A. M. HOLLAND'S ELIMINATION BY R. DUNCAN

EX-CHAMPION'S BAD DAY

AN EXCITING END TO A MEDIOCRE MATCH

WINNER TRAILS BEHIND FOR A GREATER PART OF GAME

(By "Sagax")

When a player allows his standard of bowls to deteriorate in such an important stage of a competition as the quarter-final round then his elimination by one who was considered an inferior player cannot be regarded as a surprise but as something that spectators who watched the match had regarded as more than a distinct possibility.

This is exactly what occurred in the quarter-final match between A. M. Holland and R. Duncan in the Open Singles Lawn Bowls Championship on the Club do Recreio green yesterday afternoon when the former title holder failed to qualify for the semi-finals by a narrow margin after having held the lead on 19 of the 25 heads played.

However, though Holland at one time seemed a certain winner the standard of bowls was not as high as one would have expected and after Duncan had recovered from a bad start the ex-champion lost his touch to lose the match by 23 shots to 19 on the 25th head.

Those who saw Hollands win a poor match from E. el Arculli in the previous round might have expected to see Duncan qualify for the last four but the general opinion was that Holland would be able to reproduce something of the form which caused the early elimination of A. W. Grimmitt, last year's winner, from the competition.

Except for occasional flashes Holland was unable to show more than a fair standard of bowls and even when he scored a four on the second head it was not because his bowling was of the best, although there was at least a decided improvement on the form shown in the opening head.

HOLLAND'S FAILING

Holland's principal failing was an inclination to be short, particularly when bowling with the sun in his eyes and with the club house casting a deceptive shadow on the rink at the pavilion end. On the other hand on this end of the green Duncan was somewhat on the heavy side and found the ditch more often than he did at the opposite end. That is not to say, however, that he had more woods in the ditch than was normal in a game that did not produce the very best class of bowls.

The winner was always the more consistent after he had recovered from a poor start during which he conceded eight shots on three heads.

That he fully deserved his win none will deny and many favour his chances against G. N. Mitchell gainst whom he has been drawn in the semi-final round. Never at any stage of the game did Duncan lose heart and it was due to his determination not to succumb to an inferiority complex that he slowly but surely pulled what seemed a lost game out of the fire.

The way he converted an 8-2 deficit on the fourh head into a 14-13 lead on the 13th was a meritorious feat and achieved by a standard of bowls that stamped him as one of our leading exponents of the game.

DUNCAN'S POOR START

After Duncan had scored a two on the first head Holland replied with a maximum count on the second when he took out Duncan's second shot. Duncan's other three woods were wide of their mark and although the best shot of the head was the one with which Holland dislodged the second shot the standard was not altogether worthy of such a big count.

Holland then chalked up a single and a three on the next two heads to lead by 8-2 and Duncan replied with a three on the fifth. He missed a grand opportunity to score a four when he was short with his last wood which was perfectly greened with Holland lying well away from the jack. Five shots to Holland on the next six heads gave him the lead by 13-7 and once again it seemed that he would secure a comfortable victory.

However, it was on the 12th and 13th heads that Duncan turned the match in his favour by scoring a three and a four. Holland was completely off form and when he conceded the four his nearest wood was a good two yards from the jack, while on the previous head he had sent two of his woods into the ditch on a full head.

The general standard of bowls improved somewhat after the score was made 14-13 in favour of Duncan. Holland quickly took the lead again with a two and a single. On the 18th head he was leading by 18-15 but three singles made the scores level. On the 22nd head Holland had a single, to which Duncan replied with two singles and then on the 25th head he brought the match to an end with a three.

The one redeeming feature to what would otherwise have proved an uninteresting match, apart from the elimination of a favoured player, was the excitement which prevailed during the closing stages when it was touch and go as to which of the two players was the better. Duncan was, as I have said, maintaining a consistently good standard of bowls and fully deserved his victory.

Members of the South China Athletic Association who succeeded in breaking the hitherto uninterrupted sequence of victories registered by the Chinese Recreation Club in the "B" Division of the Lawn Tennis League since 1923. (Photo: Ming Yuen).

BADMINTON HAS COME TO STAY

ANNUAL MEETING SHORTLY

START OF A NEW SEASON

(By "Sagax")

Winter and its seasonal pastimes will be upon us very shortly and preparations are already being made for the commencement of yet another season. Among the many attractions offered the sportsman in the Colony will be Badminton which is still in its infancy, being in its second year of existence.

Although Badminton has enjoyed but one season in Hongkong thus far, the enthusiasm shown last year augurs well for the approaching season and the Association may well be satisfied with its efforts to promote the game in the Colony.

As last season progressed new clubs came into being and this year there are more adherents to the game than ever. Several teams have been formed since the activities of twelve months ago and these, together with the original clubs, will be required to get together in ten days' time and decide on the programme for the coming season.

A general meeting of the Executive Council and representatives of all badminton clubs in the Colony will be held in the Board Room of the South China Morning Post, Ltd., on Tuesday September 17, at 5.30 p.m.

Notices have been officially circulated to representatives of all those clubs in affiliation with the Hongkong Badminton Association last year, but the new clubs have not been notified of the meeting as their existence is not known to the Hon. Secretary, Mr. L. D. Skinner. I have been requested to invite all these clubs to send representatives to the meeting to participate in the general discussion on the activities for the season.

SECOND WIN FOR BRENTFORD

VICTORY IN HOME FOOTBALL

READING LOSE

London, Sept. 5.

Brentford, the champions of the Second Division last year, have made an auspicious start in the First Division of the English Football League and to date have won both matches played.

To-day the Londoners were hosts at Griffin Park to Blackburn Rovers and they won by three goals to one. On Saturday Brentford beat Bolton Wanderers, runners-up in the Second Division last season, by two goals to nil at Burnden Park.

Considered one of the best teams in the Third Division, Reading failed to justify confidence by losing to Clapton Orient at Lea Bridge Road by the only goal of the match. The Orient have thus won both their opening matches on their own ground.—*Reuter.*

HANDS OFF LAWN TENNIS RULES!

TILDEN & SERVICE THEORY

"MAKING GAME MEDIOCRE"

London, Aug. 5.

Leave the lawn tennis rules alone!

This was the reply of Mr. William Tilden, the famous professional and former Wimbledon champion, when a *Morning Post* representative asked him for his opinion on the suggested innovation that servers should be allowed to swing the foot over the line.

"I consider that all the rules, as they stand, are perfectly sound," he said. "To adopt such a rule would be practically an admission that the footfault judge does not know his business.

"This sort of attitude is altogether wrong; instead of praising a man with an unbeatable service, certain people seek to reduce the game to a standard of mediocrity, to devise means whereby everyone can stand up to him.

"I hold that anything a man can do with a tennis racket is legitimate; it is all part of the game. And there is no reason to interfere with the existing footfault rules."

VALUE OF CANNON BALLS

Speed of service does not play too big a part in the game, according to Mr. Tilden, and he does not consider that it constitutes a serious handicap to players of a certain physique and with a structural restriction in the shoulders.

Service does not carry the predominance in the game that it once possessed, and the ability to deliver a "cannon-ball" is no longer a criterion of victory.

This was once the case, but, says Mr. Tilden, Cochet and Lacoste gave us the answer to that—and Cochet, incidentally, was a man of small stature.

Ambitious young tennis players are often in doubt as to the extent to which they should specialise in the game, and often they desire to keep up some other sport as part of their training before they reach front rank and have little alternative but to play lawn tennis all the year round.

HOW TO TRAIN

The problem of seeking a suitable combination is not so difficult as many enthusiasts believe it to be.

While Mr. Tilden holds it to be well nigh impossible to excel in more than one sport, he considers all athletics, with the exception of American football, to be of assistance in training for lawn tennis, or, indeed for any other game. He particularly commends association football, cricket, golf, basket ball or hockey as a diversion for those who aspire to great heights in the lawn tennis world.

National associations, he added, should assume responsibility for promising players only in so far as the individual player is prepared to allow them to do so.

He regards any tendency to take a player in hand against his will as being fundamentally against the rules of sport, and he insists that "lawn tennis is a sport—not a business."

THE BEST COURTS

The best surface for training is on hard courts, although Mr. Tilden's personal preference is for grass.

Ninety per cent. of the lawn tennis in the world is played on hard courts, he points out. However, an experienced player should be able to accustom himself to any surface in a comparatively short space of time.

Mr. Tilden does not believe that Great Britain would benefit by the adoption of a strictly limited entry of an assured standard in invitation tournaments for amateurs. Such regulations should be confined to professional contests.

Finally, he exploded the theory that a good singles player is not necessarily a good doubles player.

OUTLET FOR PERSONALITY

He was referring to the fact that there is only one doubles match to four singles matches in Davis Cup—a contingency which, he explained, is necessitated by the deed of gift and is not in any way a matter of policy.

He attaches greater importance to singles play because, apart from the individual achievement being more interesting from the public's point of view, it provides a greater outlet for personality in the game. And a proficient singles played should be able to adapt himself to doubles when called upon to do so.

Indeed, Mr. Tilden has himself supplied the illustration more effectively than mere words can do.

He joined forces with another great singles player in H. E. Vines during the professional tour last year. Neither of them laid any claim to being doubles players of outstanding merit.

They met G. M. Lott and L. R. Stoefen, then the world's amateur doubles champions. Tilden and Vines won 20 of the 30 games.

MANILA CHINESE TO PAY VISIT TO SHANGHAI

NATIONAL GAMES NEXT MONTH

Manila, P.I., Sept. 5.

Local Chinese residents have started raising funds with which to dispatch a local basket-ball quint to represent the Philippine Community in Shanghai this October, when the national championship games are to be held.

The team, according to present plans, will sail from Manila during the latter part of September, arriving in Shanghai in ample time to "warm up" for the meet, scheduled to start on October 10.

The first Philippine Chinese team to be sent to Shanghai to compete last year was eliminated in the first round of competition.

A total of fourteen men, including coach and trainer, will make up the team. It is estimated that P2,000 will be necessary to cover the expenses incurred by the projected "invasion."

Selection of the squad will be through elimination try outs on the courts of the local Chinese Young Men's Christian Association.—*United Press.*

R. Connor, the Queen's Park Rangers outside-left, has been signed by Yeovil.

BRITAIN'S STARS

TENNIS PLAYERS IN UNITED STATES

SUCCESSES IN THIRD ROUND

Forest Hills, N.Y., Sept. 1.

British stars dominated the field in the third round of the U. S. National tennis singles championships currently being played, Frederick J. Perry and two countrymen winning their respective matches with ease.

Perry, concededly the world's outstanding player, stroked his way to a lazy victory over Leonard Harman of New York, 7-5, 6-3 and 7-5. He was apparently content with his scant margin in games of each set.

Miss Nancy Lyle, however, made the most impressive appearance of the British players for the day eliminating Mrs. Dorothy Andrus, American No. 4 in national rankings 6—4, 6—1.

Freda James, a good doubles player, surprised some circles by eliminating Gracyn Wheeler, American No. 12, 6—2 and 6—1. Another British star Kay Stammers, whom experts look to be in the finals, probably against Helen Jacobs, won her scheduled match with ease.

The veteran John Van Ryn, thinned the ranks of foreign competitors by eliminating Martin Le Gaery of France, 6-0, 6-3, 6-3. It was recalled that a virtual unknown yesterday eliminated the veteran Frenchman, Christian Boussous.

The results of the third round matches follow:

MEN'S

Gene Mako (U.S.) defeated Clifford Sutter (U.S.) 4-6, 3-6, 6-3, 6-2 and 6-4.

Donald Budge (U. S.) defeated Wilmer Hines (U. S.) 9—7, 6—1, 7—5.

John Van Ryn (U.S.) defeated Martin Le Gaery (France) 6-0, 6-3, 6-3.

Frederick J. Perry (Britain) defeated Leonard Harman (New York) 7-5, 6-3 and 7-5.

Frank Shields (U.S.) defeated Henry Prusoff, (Seattle) 7—5, 7—5, 2—6 and 7—5.

Other winners were Sidney Wood, Frank Parker, Bryan Grant and Wilmer Allison, all of whom encountered little resistance.

WOMEN'S

Nancy Lyle (Britain) defeated Mrs. Dorothy Andrus (U.S.) 6-4, 6-1.

Freda James (Britain) defeated Gracyn Wheeler (U.S.) 6-2, 6-1.

Other winners were Kay Stammers (Great Britain) Carolyn Babcock (U.S.) and Sarah Palfrey Fabyan, all of whom were easy winners.—*Associated Press.*

FURTHER DELAY IN TENNIS

No Play Possible In The U.S. Championships

New York, Sept. 5.

Torrential rains are causing havoc to the American Lawn Tennis Singles Championships at Forest Hills.

The programme was again delayed to-day when there was no play. This is the third time that there has been no play for a whole day.

Yesterday only 45 minutes' play was possible.—*Reuter.*

OUTLAW THE THUGS IN FOOTBALL

Ban The 'Ankle-Tappers' From Participation

The football season in Hongkong will be starting soon and already appeals have been made to players and spectators alike for the cleaning up of the game in Hongkong. The outrages of the last few seasons are still remembered and the authorities are intent on ridding the game of all elements not in keeping with the best traditions of local soccer.

In a recent article in the *Daily Express*, Trevor Wignall makes some pertinent comments on the outlaw of thugs in football at Home. He asks "Will the foul and dirty play that was so frequently seen last season, and in many seasons before, again be permitted?" The question may well apply to Hongkong and the article by Trevor Wignall is not without its significence to players in the Colony.

For more than a week, writes Trevor Wignall, I have made it my business to discuss the matter with prominent managers, directors and players. They naturally do not desire to be quoted, but, in every case, I found there is a demand for swift and drastic action on the part of the Football Association.

It was pointed out that we rarely lose an opportunity to dilate on the roughness, the brutality, and the illegalities that have crept into the game of Association as it is played in certain countries on the Continent.

What we fail to do is to make some attempt to clean our own stable. Almost every Saturday last winter incidents were witnessed that were entirely inexcusable.

CRIPPLING TACTICS

Ankle-tapping was almost commonplace, and there were also occasions when it must have been palpable to the most near-sighted that deliberate efforts were made to cripple opponents.

One of the most famous players in the world told me that taking the field when there was much at stake was nearly the equivalent of shouldering a rifle and stepping out for battle.

The clubs that suffer most are those that gain the greatest publicity, and those others who are fighting for promotion. It follows that the men who are most subject to deliberate fouling are those whose skill places them apart from their fellows.

It is not suggested that there are more than a handful of footballers who will resort to dirty tactics rather than be beaten. Yet there are some who should have been driven out of the game long ago.

They see red when they are left standing by a player of superior talent, and sooner or later they extract revenge by a vicious kick or by something equally hurtful.

"BLACK LISTS"

It may be incorrect that the Football Association and the Football League have in their possession black lists of players who have become notorious by reason of their foul methods, although this has been asserted, but if such a list were required it could be supplied by almost any manager within an hour.

Why these destroyers are not prevented from re-signing by the rulers of the game that still attracts bigger crowds than any other sport is a mystery even to those behind the scenes.

Scarcely a railway journey is taken without it being stressed that "So-and-So will have to be watched to-day". The reference is, of course, to an opponent who would prefer to break a leg than have the ball sent past him.

It should not be difficult to remove from Soccer those who are giving it a bad name. Short terms of suspension mean little to them; as a consequence they should be suspended for all time.

A PUBLIC DUTY

Association football is a game for the fit and the strong, and accidents therefore, must occasionally happen. There is, however, a wide distance between bad luck and cases of deliberate dirtiness.

If the F.A. wish to perform a public duty, they will issue a stern declaration before the English season begins that there will be no pardons for men who cannot play Soccer as it was intended to be played.

Such an announcement would be welcomed by managers and directors, by those who pay to see the matches, and by all players save the few who are rapid to shed invisible crocodile tears after they have indulged in their maiming.

Soccer, in the main, is healthy. It is also well conducted and well ruled. Its blot is manufactured by the ankle-tappers, the leg-twisters, the back-to-the-referee punchers, the elbow-users—to, in short, the foulers and the purveyors of dirtiness.

They should without hesitation be flung where they belong. The scrap-heap.

BASEBALL

N. Y. Giants Defeated By Cincinnati

RAIN PREVENTS PLAY

IN AMERICAN LEAGUE

New York, Sept. 5.

Once again rain has caused a delay in the American Baseball League fixtures. Three games were postponed to-day, only two teams being able to fulfil their engagements.

In the National League, however all matches were played as per schedule. The New York Giants suffered a defeat at the hands of Cincinnati but once again the St. Louis Cardinals lost also.

The Pirates and the Cubs were the other winning teams, the former beating the Dodgers and the latter winning from the Phillies.

Results of to-day's matches follow:

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	4	9	1
Pittsburgh	5	13	0

(Suhr scored a home run for the Pirates).

New York	1	10	0
Cincinnati	4	7	1
Philadelphia	4	7	1
Chicago	3	7	3

(Watkins scored a home run for the Phillies. There were 11 innings).

Boston	3	8	5
St. Louis	1	9	1

(There were innings).

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	8	14	1
Boston	1	6	1

(Hudlin scored a home run for the Indians).

Cleveland	0	17	3
Boston	6	7	1

The following matches were postponed on account of roin:—St. Louis Browns v. Washington Senators; Detroit Tigers v. Philadelphia Athletics; Chicago White Sox v. New York Yankees. —*Reuter.*

NO MISTAKE IN TIMING AT BERLIN OLYMPICS

TREBLE CHECK TO BE KEPT

AN ELECTRICAL DEVICE

Berlin.

The finishes of all races in the Olympic Games in Berlin next year will be trebly recorded, an automatic moving picture camera, and "electric" tape and a television photo cell, being employed to eliminate doubts.

At three devices are linked up and the whole mechanism is set in motion by the firing of an electric starting pistol.

Directly the pistol is fired, the time is automatically recorded on the tape. Then, as the athletes approach the finishing point, the moving picture camera automatically begins to take a picture of the final scenes so that any doubt which may arise, can be cleared up later.

The breaking of the finishing tape closes an electric circuit causing the recording machine to print the winner's time to 1-100th part of a second, on a strip of paper.

CONTROL OF CRICKET IN ENGLAND

HOW INTERNATIONAL MATCHES ARE ORGANISED AND CONDUCTED

M. C. C. NOT IN SOLE CHARGE OF THE MANAGEMENT OF TOURS

(By R. Abbit)

There is a widespread idea that the M. C. C. committee is the body which controls all Test Match Cricket, and, in view of the many faults which have been found with the arrangements in the past couple of years, it cannot be too widely known that this is not so. Whether or no the M. C. C. ever was entirely responsible I am not sure, though I doubt it.

For many years in the past, I believe that the broad lines of tours were arranged by them. By that I mean that they generally sketched in the broad lines for teams visiting England. As regards teams going abroad of course they were definitely run by private individuals until early in this century. But in England they more or less indicated how many test matches—not so called then—should be played, and on what grounds. There is definite evidence that anyway in the late seventies and early eighties the English side was selected by the authorities of the county owning the ground at which the game was to be played. On at least one occasion when the game was to be played at the Oval, the English side was selected by the committee of the Surrey Cricket Club.

The Committee of the M.C.C. do, of course, control English Cricket in a broad sense. They are in fact the legislators of the game, but though they issue "Instructions to Umpires" they do not appoint the umpires themselves, for these are appointed for first or second class matches respectively by the Captains of the First pectively the Captains of the First Class Counties and the Minor Counties. There are usually two meetings early in December at Lord's. Thus the M.C.C. only act as a sort of general overlord, and most of the executive action as regards the game is delegated to two bodies, the "Board of Control of Test Matches at Home" and the "Advisory County Cricket Committee."

THE REAL RULER OF THE TESTS

There is no doubt that the old rather slipshod way of letting the Committee of the county owning the ground choose an all England side was unsatisfactory and probably led to errors and injustices. In 1898 the Counties approached the M.C.C. with certain proposals with the result that the Board of Control was formed in that year. Let it be clearly understood that it operates only for Test Matches played in England, but for all of these, whoever the opponents may be. The Board will thus make all the arrangements for the Tests with India in 1936, New Zealand in 1937, Australia in 1938, West Indies in 1939, South Africa in 1940 and Australia in 1942.

THE CONSTITUTION

The M.C.C. of course have a strong interest in the proceedings of the Board. The President of the M.C.C. is *ex officio* Chairman of the Board, and there must be five others of the M.C.C. Committee. The other ten members consist of a single representative from each of the ten counties which were in the previous season at the head of the County Championship tables. The rules for Test Matches which sometimes may not correspond in small details with the first class rules have become well settled on broad lines, but at the beginning of every season there is a meeting at which the Selection Committee is chosen, and the rules revised. I shall touch later upon the various little changes which are made. The Board does not of course meet on the one occasion only but as requisite. It is laid down that it shall continue to function until the season it controls is over and the accounts have been passed. It superintends the distribution of the profits. It then ceases to function. In the next season the new President of the M.C.C. and the ten county representatives require no selection, but I understand that the five members of the M.C.C. Committee are selected at a meeting of the whole M.C.C. Committee.

THE SELECTION COMMITTEE

The Board under Rule IV appoints a Sub-Committee of three to select the English team and they must first of all (in the case of each match, that is,) select a Captain who shall become a member of the Committee and have a casting vote. Provision is also made for consulting the views of the Professionals. The wording varies between "may" or "shall." For the 1935 Selectors the rule read "shall" co-opt two professionals with full powers, one from the North and the other from the South. It does not appear customary to make the names public, but in the past I know that Hobbs and Rhodes have been consulted. So there are actually six people to select the team after the Captain has been chosen, and if the vote is split, the Captain has the casting vote.

AGE

It is a very interesting thing to see that the policy of choosing very elderly Selectors has only arisen since 1931. For five years now, including the 1935 season Messrs. F. A. Perrin and T. A. Higson have served continuously. Perrin is now 59 and Higson 62. In 1931, 1932 and 1935 Mr. P. F. Warner acted. He is also 62. In 1933 Lord Hawke acted. He was only 73! Sir Stanley Jackson in 1934 was 64. Now take the first Committee appointed in 1899. Lord Hawke was then only 39, H. W. Bainbridge 37, and though W. G. Grace was 51 he was still playing cricket. Mr. Warner acted first in 1905 at the age of 32. C. B. Fry in 1909 was only 37, and in 1930 Mr. F. T. Mann was 42. It boils down to this, that until after 1930 at least two of the three original members of the Committee were taking an active part in first class cricket. I gravely doubt if the change is a good one.

As there are rather a lot of facts and figures in this article which is meant to inform those of my readers who are keen on knowing how things work in Home cricket I propose to split it into two rather than have too many statistics all at once.

SEMI-FINAL MATCHES IN BOWLS

FIXTURES FOR NEXT WEEK

INTERNATIONAL GAMES

Following the match between A. M. Holland and R. Duncan yesterday the Lawn Bowls Sub-Committee held a meeting to draw for the semi-final matches of the Open Singles. The result was as follows, with the dates and the greens:

Wednesday, Sept. 11

B.W. Bradbury v. H.A. Alves (Civil Service C.C.). Umpire: Mr. H. Nish.

Thursday, Sept. 12

G.N. Mitchell v. R. Duncan (Kowloon C.C.). Umpire: Mr. C. J. Tacchi.

International Shield

The following greens have been allotted to the following matches in the International Shield:

India v. Portugal (Kowloon B.G.C.)

Malaya v. England (Craigengower C.C.)

Matches will commence at 3.15 p.m.

HOME SOCCER PROSPECTS

NO. 8—SWINDON TOWN

HOPES OF MANAGER VIZARD

Injuries and illness took a heavy toll of Swindon Town's players during the latter part of last season.

Thanks, however to the run of successes in the Cup-ties, added to a fee of some £750 in respect of the transfer of Houldsworth to Stoke, there was a balance in the bank of about £1,300.

Seven of the old players were retained, these being: Duckworth, Horrocks, Armstrong (W.), Cousins, Peters, Fowler, and Bowl.

Manager Ted Vizard has signed on ten additional men and is more than hopeful that he has got together a band of players capable of extending the best clubs in the Third Division. More will be signed on trial periods.

Rutherford (West Ham) will be the first choice goalkeeper, with Edmunds (a local amateur) as his understudy. Candidates for the full-back positions will be Duckworth, McCarthy (Queen's P.R.), Bailey (Leeds) and Smith (Bristol Rovers).

The only addition to the half-back line is Shanks (Leeds). New forwards are Parmley (Huddersfield), Cochrane (Northampton), Wilcockson (Leeds), Wells (Northampton) and Vaughan (Rhondda Valley).

Goalkeeper: J. Rutherford.
Backs: H. Duckworth, T. McCarthy, H. Bailey, J. Smith.
Half-backs: W. Horrocks, W. Armstrong, H. Cousins, R. Shanks.
Forwards: F. Peters, A. Fowler, H. Bowl, J. Parmley, A. Cochrane, S. Wilcockson, T. Wells, T. Vaughan.

NO. 9—LUTON TOWN

Bold Policy Raises Great Enthusiasm

Never has there been greater enthusiasm at Luton. The bold policy adopted by the directors set the supporters alight, with the result that the financial return was better than any save one in the history of the club.

Notable additions have been made to the playing strength. Twenty-seven players have been engaged, which is far more than usual, and there are new men in every department.

These include Charles McIntosh, goalkeeper from Preston North End; John Finlayson (Orient), Arthur Hubbard, from Birmingham, full backs; W. J. Fellowes (Orient) and Jack Nelson from the Wolves, two very strong pivots. Mark Crook, the sturdy outside-right from the Wolves, and Frank Beresford, a red-haired inside-right from Preston; Harold Andrews, Barnsley and Notts County, inside-left, and George Turner, outside-left from Bradford City, formerly with Everton, to which club he went from Luton.

These players have cost the club a large sum of money, but they should undoubtedly add greatly to an already strong contingent. In addition half a dozen promising amateurs have been signed.

It is highly improbable that Fraser, who broke a leg last February, will play before Christmas. Yet it seems that Luton are as likely to achieve promotion as any other team in the League.

Full list of players:

Goalkeepers: J. L. Coen, O. K. McIntosh, (Preston).

Backs: J. Finlayson (Orient), R. Kingham, T. S. Smith, S. C. Coote, T. S. Mackey, A. Hubbard (Birmingham).

Half-backs: J. Payne, D. Colquhoun, J. Nelson (Wolves), W. J. Fellowes (Orient), H. M. Glanigle, W. Thayne, C. R. Fraser, G. Kidd.

Forwards: W. Crompton, M. S. Martin, C. Cook, J. Ball, F. Roberts, H. Andrew's (Barnsley), G. Stephenson, G. Turner (Bradford C.).

NO. 10—MANSFIELD

Inside Forward Positions Strengthened

Mansfield Town's efforts in the close season have been mainly directed to strengthening the inside forward positions, and the result is the signing of four new men for those positions.

P. Bartley (Rochdale) and S. Field (Bradford) will understudy Harry Johnson at centre-forward, while E. A. Whittam, an inside-right from Chester, secured at a considerable fee, and J. Allen (Spurs) will be at inside-right and inside-left respectively.

The new blood is designed to infuse more thrust. It is interesting to note that Field and Allen are returning to their native heath, having learned their football in the local colliery districts.

The defence will probably show only one change at the commencement, Tom Lockie, the Accrington navvy, having been recruited with a view to solving the centre-half problem, which has puzzled the Town for a long time. Tom Pritchard, a former centre-half, will act as trainer.

Excellent things are expected of Darvill, a tall young full-back formerly with Wycombe Wanderers and Reading, and Tizard, another youngster as reserve to Fawcett in goal.

Last season brought a profit of £1,400, the first surplus the club have shown in League football.

Goalkeepers: D. Fawcett, C. Tizard (Crystal Palace.)

Full-backs: E. Dransfield, A. Ashley, A. Barlow, G. M.Darvill (Reading).

Half-backs: A. Wright, C. Hufton T. Cook, T. Lockie (Accrington), W. Slack, H. P. Gilmore (Hull).

Forwards: J. Hunter, A. Atkinson, E. A. Whittam (Chester), H. Johnson, P. J. Partley (Rochdale), S. S. Field, (Bradford), J. Allen (Q.P.R.), G. Bytheway, E. Parker.

Mrs. Gwenda Stewart, the English women's speed champion, who holds the ladies' lap record at 129.58 miles an hour. She is here photographed in an unconventional dress with her car before a practice run.

SIX-A-SIDE SOCCER

AN INTERESTING INNOVATION

A large number of entries have been received for the Six-a-side soccer competition which takes place at the new Sookunpoo Football ground on September 21 under the auspices of the Hongkong Area Sports Board.

Altogether 28 entries have been sent in, and the matches should prove interesting. South China "A" team, champions in the senior league last season, have been drawn against the Royal Army Medical Corps in the first round.

The following is the draw:

FIRST ROUND

South China "A" v R.A.M.C.
Police "A" v East Lancs "B"
East Lancs "D" v Royal Navy
Lincolns "A" v Lincolns "B"
South China "B" v R. Engineers "A"
"Stonecutters" v Club "A"
Kowloon v Lincolns "D"
R. Engineers "B" v East Lancs "A"
Club "D" v "Lyeemun"
Athletic v R. C. Signals "A"
East Lancs "C" v Club "B"
R. C. Signals "B" v Club "C"

BYES INTO 2ND. ROUND

Lincolns "C"
Police "B"
St. Joseph's
South China "C"

LEAGUE TENNIS FIXTURE

UNIVERSITY WIN FROM K. C. C.

"B" DIVISION MATCH

Playing in the "B" Division of the Lawn Tennis League at Pokfulum, on Wednesday, the University were defeated by the visiting Kowloon Cricket Club team by five sets to four.

In the deciding match, J. Hsu and Y. C. Lau led Oppenheim and G. C. Burnett 4-1, but cracked up badly thereafter, and were defeated. Scores:

G. Hase and A. W. Ramsay (Kowloon C. C.) beat P. C. Lee and A. L. Tsai 7-5; beat K. T. Kwik and S. Lee 6-1; lost to J. Hsu and Y. C. Lee 4-6.

G. C. Burnett and L. A. Oppenheim (Kowloon C. C.) beat Lee and Tsai 6-1; beat Kwik and Lee 6-4; beat Hsu and Lau 6-4.

R. S. Capell and J. S. Smith (Kowloon C. C.) lost to Lee and Tsai 5-7; lost to Kwik and Lee 1-6; lost to Hsu and Lau 0-6.

JOCKEYS AND STARTERS

ST. LEGER RACE NEXT WEEK

London, Sept. 5.

The probable starters for the St. Leger and their Jockeys are as follows:

Buckleigh, (A.W. Wragge).
Fairbairn, (Gordon Richards).
Field Trial, (Dick).
Flash-Bye, (Brennan).
Hairan, (Smirke).
Plassy, (Perryman).
Pry, (Beary).
Solar Ray, (Sirett).

The jockeys for the remaining two probable starters, Baodai and Batholdi, have not yet been announced.—*Reuter.*

FRIENDLY GAMES

Hongkong F. C. Teams Against East-Lancs.

The following teams have been chosen to represent the Hongkong F.C. in their matches against the East Lancashire Regiment to-morrow.

1st. XI.—Rodger; Gamble and Strange; Gilchrist, Forrow and Skinner; L. E. Lammert, Hill, Elliott, Bickford and Greenberg. Match starts at 5 p.m.

2nd. XI.—Stevens; Railton and Sykes; Hynes, Dephan and Millington; Fisher, Wallace, Williams, Caplan and Scott. Match starts at 3.30 p.m.

Ghotteau, who was preparing a long distance swimming of 40 miles off the Californian coast, is here seen drinking milk during a training swim.

MORNING "POWS"

Event Arranged By Local Jockey Club

The following ponies will take part in the "pow" to be held to-morrow morning:

Beginner's Luck (Choy Wing-chiu); Blacksmith (Yeung Wing-sing); Bootle (Chiu Cheong-fan); Cavalcade (Mok Hing-wing); Flamingo (F. F. Li); Fudge (W. K. Yeung); High Principle (S. K. Lee); Ike (C. L. Gregory); In Good Time (Woo Tucson); King's Parade (G. R. Cheape); Light Brigade (Tang Man-wa); Lion Hunter (R. M. Wood); Locksley Hall (Ho Hung-pong); Marina (N. O. Kring); The Rain Gauge (Tang Man-chuen); Tiny Star (C. N. Kong); Touchstone (G. M. Wong); Wembly Stag (S. L. Yuen); What's The Time (Ip Kum-im).

PREPARING FOR INTERPORT

SWIMMING TRIALS AT V.R.C.

With a view to selecting swimmers to represent the Colony in the interport against Shanghai, which is to take place here on September 19, 20 and 21, trials were held at the V.R.C. yesterday.

The events tried out were the 50 yards free style, 100 yards breast stroke and 440 yards free style. The trials, however, were more or less in the nature of selecting the second strings as those who won these events in the Colony's championships held last week did not take part, having been automatically picked.

Four swimmers participated in the 50 yards free style which was won by L. Oliveira in 26.3 seconds. The official record for this race is 25.2/5 by Chan Chan-hing last week. S. V. Gittins and H. L. Ozorio dead-heated for second place, both clocking 28.3 seconds. Tsang Ho-fook was the other swimmer.

The 100 yards breast stroke resulted in a dead-heat between K. Marques and Wong Yiu-man. The time returned was 78.1 seconds, which is 6.1 seconds behind the record established in 1934 by Kwok Chan-hang who, incidentally, won the race in the Colony's Championships this year in 73 1/5 seconds. H. Fildes of the East Lancashire Regiment also took part in this race.

L. Roza-Pereira swam a well-judged race in the 440 yards free style to beat his club-mate A.A. da Roza by about 15 yards. He swam the distance in 5 minutes 36.4 seconds while Roza's time was 5 minutes 52.3 seconds. The official record is 5 minutes 26. 2/5 seconds established by W. Lawrence in last week's Colony championships.

THE RESULTS

Results of yesterday's trials were:—50 yards free style.—1, L. Oliveira; 2, S.V. Gittins and H. L. Ozorio (dead-heat). Time:—25.3 secs; 28. 4 secs. Also swam:—Tsang Ho-fook.

100 yards breast stroke.—1, Wong Yiu-man and E. Marques (dead-heat). Time 78.1 secs. Also swam: H. Fields.

440 yards free style: L. Roza-Pereira; 2, A.A. da Roza. Time:—5 mins. 36.4 secs; 5 mins. 52.3 secs.

The trials will be continued on Monday and Tuesday.

The final trial for the China National Meet to be held in Shanghai on October 10 will take place at the Chinese Y.M.C.A., Bridges Street, to-day and to-morrow, commencing at 9 p.m. each day.

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SERIAL STORY—

One I Love

by LAURA LOU BROOKMAN

BEGIN HERE TO-DAY

JANET HILL breaks her engagement with ROLF CARLYLE after learning he has been going out with BETTY KENDALL, a society girl. Janet is secretary to BRUCE HAMILTON, advertising manager of Every Home Magazine, and Rolf is employed in an advertising office.

Janet is still much in love with Rolf. One night on a street car she meets JEFFREY GRANT, young engineer who has recently moved to the rooming house where she lives. A few nights later MOLLIE LAMBERT, who lives across the hall, persuades Janet to go on a blind date with two of Mollie's friends. Janet sees Rolf with Betty Kendall and is more unhappy than ever.

On a stormy March evening she sets out from the office, undecided where to go. She walks down a street that is unfamiliar and almost loses her way. Coming back she sees a child crying in a doorway. The little girl is ROSIE SILVANI. Janet buys her a hot meal and sets out afterward to take her home.

They are on a dark street when a man catches Janet's arm and demands her purse. Rosie screams. Suddenly Jeff Grant appears and the holdup man runs. Jeff takes Janet and Rosie to the little girl's home in his car. They talk to PAT SILVANI, Rosie's father, who has been out of work for nearly two years. The family is almost destitute. Janet and Jeff, on the way home, decide to "adopt" them.

CHAPTER XVIII

The rest of that week was so busy Janet had to break a movie date with Pauline Hayden and cut her evening French class. At noon she barely took time for a sandwich and cup of coffee at the corner lunch counter. Then she was off on hurried shopping trips.

The problems of the Silvani family had become Janet's own. The first purchase to go to the Silvanis was an order of food—a huge order including flour, milk, butter and eggs, fresh vegetables and a large assortment of canned goods. Then there was clothing. Janet looked for bargains and found them. She had gone through her own wardrobe and selected what she could spare. From Mollie Lambert and Mrs. Snyder and a girl who lived on the floor above Janet collected other garments—coats and dresses that could be cut down for the children or that Mrs. Silvani might remodel for herself.

Jeffrey Grant had a suit that "wasn't much good," he said but obviously better than the one Pat Silvani had been wearing the night of their visit. Jeffrey had a heavy sweater, too, that he never wore any more.

He and Janet loaded all these things into the roadster Saturday afternoon and drove out to the little house on the dreary street. It was Rose who met them—Rose Silvani with her daughter, little Rosie, peeping from behind her skirts until she saw who the guests were, then darting forward. Rosie was radiant this time. Her face was freshly scrubbed and her dress was clean. The house looked as bare as it had before but what Janet noticed immediately was that it was warm. There was a fire burning in the small square cookstove and behind was a bin filled with wood and coal.

"Oh—you're the ones who sent the food!" Mrs. Silvani exclaimed. "Won't you come in, please? I don't know how to thank you. I don't know how to tell you what it's meant—"

Rose Silvani, they soon found, was much less voluble than her husband. Obviously moved, she could not find words to express her thanks. Janet suspected this was partly the restraint built by months of hardship. Mrs. Silvani had been a pretty woman. She was pretty now except that there were drawn lines in her face and her eyes seemed so tired. Her shoulders were slightly bent and she looked thin and worn and very weary. Her dress was a cheap cotton, faded by many washings.

* * *

Janet explained about the clothing they had brought. Most of the things, she said, would have to be made over but they were good material. Jeffrey went outside and began to carry in the packages.

Tommy, who had been sitting in the rear of the room, got on his crutches then and came hobbling forward. He stood in the window and looked out at the roadster. Little Rosie crept beside him and the children exchanged whispered comments.

It was when the cast-off suit and the sweater for Pat Silvani were displayed that Mrs. Silvani broke down and wept.

"My poor Pat!" she moaned. "He's needed a suit for so long! All the time in the freezing weather he didn't have an overcoat. Oh, I can't help it. I—I just can't help crying!"

They were joyful tears and nobody minded them. Presently Mrs. Silvani wiped her eyes and after that she seemed to talk more easily. Pat was such a good husband, she told them. Oh, it had all been so different a few years ago! These days when he had nothing to do were hard on him. It worried her, Rose Silvani said. It wasn't just not having money. It was the way Pat looked. Sometimes when he'd been out all day trying to find a job and then walked home because pennies for carfare counted up there was something in his eyes that frightened her. She was afraid Pat might do something—something desperate!

"But we're going to find work for him," Janet assured her. "He's going to have a job."

"Oh, Miss, if you only could!" Jeffrey Grant explained then the important part of the visit. Jeffrey had talked to a man in the office where he worked. As a matter of fact he had talked to several of them. This man (Simpson was his name) needed some repair work done at his home. Something changed about the garage and a couple of rooms painted upstairs. Simpson had expected to do the work himself but he'd kept putting it off. If Jeffrey was sure Pat Silvani was reliable he'd be willing to hire him. It would be about a week's work and he'd pay what was reasonable.

"Pat'll do it!" Mrs. Silvani said eagerly. He'll do a fine job too! Pat's so handy with tools. When does he want him to begin? Maybe I could get hold of him this afternoon—"

* * *

Grant told her gently there was no such hurry. Simpson had suggested that Pat Silvani should drop in at the office Monday morning. He'd tell him what was to be done and arrange a price. Then the work could start in the afternoon or next day.

Meanwhile, the young man went on, there was the matter of that rent bill. If the Silvanis were in danger of being dispossessed they'd better accept a loan and pay it back after Mr. Silvani was working.

Jeffrey drew out his check book and fountain pen. The amount was $25, Rose Silvani said. There were tears in her eyes again, tears that obscured the faces of the young man and young woman before her.

"The saints bless and keep you!" Rose Silvani murmured. Her voice caught and then went on, "You're like angels from heaven!"

Janet turned quickly to speak to Tommy and to listen to the excited story little Rosie wanted to tell. It was about how a man had come with the coal and wood and said it was for them and that it was paid for.

"It's been just like Christmas," Tommy told her. "Only better! Last Christmas—Gee, we didn't get anything!"

Over the boy's head Janet glanced at Jeffrey Grant. He had sent the fuel, of course. Why, he had done more than she had for the "adopted family." She would insist on paying half of the $25, though. She had the money in the bank.

It was the precious savings account Janet was thinking about—the money she had worked so hard to save, looking toward the day when she and Rolf would be married. Already she had dipped into this amount to buy food and clothing for the Silvanis. This time she thought of the money without even a pang of regret.

For half an hour longer she and Jeffrey prolonged their visit. Jeffrey and Tommy and Rosie engaged in a game the two children had invented while Janet and Mrs. Silvani went over the packages. Oh, yes, Mrs. Silvani said, she could sew. She had always made her own clothes and the children's. Everything Janet had brought would be useful. There was one dress that was almost exactly right just as it was. The others could be altered.

"But how can I thank you?" Mrs. Silvani asked brokenly. "How can I ever thank you enough!"

* * *

It wasn't a question but an exclamation. "Don't try," Janet said quickly. "It's enough just to feel that someone is getting some good out of the things."

Rosie's bubbling squeal of laughter made them both turn then. Rosie had been trying to make the same funny shadow pictures on the wall that Jeffrey Grant made. Now she clapped her hands in delight.

"Look, Mamma," she squealed. "Tommy can do it! See? It's a donkey! Look at the way its ears go!"

The children were still laughing about the new game when Janet and Jeffrey said goodbye. Half way to the car Jeffrey paused to be sure Mrs. Silvani had it right about where her husband was to come Monday morning. Mrs. Silvani had it right.

"They're a couple of cute youngsters, aren't they?" he said climbing into the roadster beside Janet. "Too bad about Tommy's leg."

"Mr. Hamilton says he could go to school," Janet told him. "He says the school authorities would send a bus for him if his parents would fill out an application. They do that for other crippled children. I didn't say anything about it to-day because I thought until Mr. Silvani has steady work it would only mean extra expense. There'd be books and lunches and things. Oh, I wish we could find a regular job for him!"

"We will," Grant assured her confidently. "It may take a little time but we'll find it."

There was a note of confidence in Jeffrey Grant's voice. There was confidence in his manner, too, as though anything he undertook would be sure to be successful. Perhaps it was because he was so tall and strong looking. Jeffrey Grant looked as though he were all muscle. There wasn't an ounce of surplus weight about him but the broad shoulders and capable, well-shaped hands suggested strength.

They had driven a block in silence when Grant turned to the girl.

"I wonder," he said, "if you'd be willing to do me a favour."

(To Be Continued).

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CHINESE MUSIC TO-DAY

EFFORTS AT SINO-WESTERN FUSION

A very interesting address on the fusion of Eastern and Western music in China was broadcast from ZBW last night by Mrs. K. B. Lewis.

Mrs. Lewis said: Broadcasting and the Films are inseparably connected in the minds of the peoples of the world with music. Just as every spoken language belonging to the civilised (and occasionally semi-civilised) races is broadcast to-day without raising surprise or even comment, so the same almost indifferent acceptance is accorded to the extraordinary diversity of national music which anyone with interest in the subject and a sufficiently powerful set, can find in the daily programmes broadcast to the world.

The most famous artists and orchestras of Britain and America, Russian Balalaika Orchestras, Hungarian Tziganes, Japanese Samisen Players, Hawaiian Ukeleles, Mexican Guitars, Chinese music, Scotch Bagpipes, Indian Music, Arab Music, Negro Jazz, etc., etc. We can tune in to our choice and, if dissatisfied, switch off in a moment. In this way the broadcasting of European music has had a profound effect on the musical sense of the nations of the Far East.

They are daily becoming more and more accustomed to the rhythms of European music, and far from disliking these forms so alien to their own, they have shown both interest and enthusiasm in trying to assimilate them. The Chinese in particular are trying to make something new out of the medley of sound broadcasted to which I have referred.

In their deliberate efforts by means of dance orchestras, songs, films and plays, to render Western ideas by Chinese methods and vice-versa we have something, very crude as yet, but with amazing future possibilities.

Here it will be well to say that their aptitude in copying Western models is amazing in many ways, and here to, if any real success is to be made in the future in this most difficult and sensuous art of music, they will require the utmost of that concentration and delicacy of touch which distinguishes their porcelain.

Influence on Europe

There can be no doubt that Jazz, that musical product of the New World, with its clever and (now) to most of our ears, pleasing adaptations of native African rhythms and syncopations into the music of civilised America, is the pioneer of the music fusion of East and West which is the subject of this article.

Of course, many years before Jazz was even thought of, the rhythms of other lands were sometimes used in Western music.

The French composers of the early part of the last century in particular, were fond of going to Algeria, or Morocco, and using the Arab rhythms for their ballet music and orchestral suites. Verdi too in Aida, has gone to Egypt for some of his effects, and Mozart among the great Germans has some Eastern effects also. One wonders whether a more universal idiom would have arisen earlier in music, if the great composers of the last two centuries could have heard at will the music of all countries broadcast as we do to-day?

All the above mentioned however, were special examples, and practically unknown in the popular sense of the word. Jazz alone so far is a popular blend of the music of the African and American Continents understood, and appreciated by the civilised world. But China is now making an effort towards the fusion of the music of Europe and Asia which is most interesting, and which should have far-reaching effects in the future of the Art.

Sino-European Orchestra

In the big Chinese stores in Hongkong, Shanghai, etc., it is possible to buy the latest song hits and dance music, with European words and music and Chinese words, printed on the same page for performance. As the Chinese have no written music as yet, the violinists, guitarists, etc., presumably either know the tune by heart or follow by ear, for the writer has never seen them use any music. At the gala performance of a Chinese play during the Jubilee festivities in Hongkong recently, the orchestra seated on the stage consisted of four European violins, four Chinese ditto, one and two stringed, two European guitars and two Chinese ditto, two clarinets, and a few Chinese wind instruments and flutes. This mingling of Eastern and Western varieties of the same instrument had a most pleasing effect, especially when playing a soft accompaniment. The constant banging and crashing of the gongs, drums and cymbals which joined in every few minutes ruined things for Western ears however, as did the high nasal monotone of the singers.

That this will be altered in the future seems certain, for the educated Chinese are admirers of our Western music as presented to them by broadcasting and the music for the films, and are cleverly adapting their methods to our own.

The originators of Jazz had only drums, knucklebones and a horn or two to contribute as an orchestra, but the Chinese have a large orchestra of their own, and into this they are now boldly incorporating our instruments, a thing never before attempted by an Eastern nation. The orchestra which played during the Gala Performance alluded to was composed entirely of Chinese players for both European and Chinese instruments, and the music and songs were also Chinese. There was no printed music whatever, though the leader of the orchestra, a clarinet player, who sat with his back to the rest, had a small single sheet of paper before him with presumably the singers cues, etc., on it.

The Chinese films also are doing a great deal to make their audiences from among the millions understand and appreciate Western music.

I was at the Alhambra Theatre, Kowloon, on Friday evening last to see the new Cantonese talking picture which was being shown.

This picture has actually been filmed in Hongkong and in one part of it there is a striking example of my subject.

The title of the play is "The Farmer gets rich" or "The Tenderfoot", and in the scene referred to the simple farmer's daughter and the sophisticated town miss oblige each other with a song. The farmer's daughter's song was of course purely Chinese, and accompanied by Chinese instruments only. The other girl's song was called "Why I love you" and was very much a mixture. The tune was a popular European dance tune; the words, sung in Chinese were a translation, and the music was supplied by the same Chinese orchestra but with Western violins and guitars added in this case.

Here then is an example of a Western popular tune sung by a Chinese film star in Chinese to mixed musical accompaniment, and listened to by an admiring Chinese audience.

"Love Parade" and "Carmen"

I have by me at the moment at home in Hongkong a gramophone record made by Pathe Orient Ltd. It is of the "Love Parade" slow foxtrot on the one side, and the Toreador song from "Carmen" on the other. Both are entirely rendered by Chinese and to anyone interested, worth listening to, whatever your opinion of the performance may be at the end.

Add to these attempts children's nursery rhymes sung in Chinese, and many records of Chinese tunes and songs, some of them played on their own instruments with piano and violin as well, or simply adapted to our dance bands, and I think it can be said that quite a large field of our music is being experimented with.

There are two other aspects of this music on which I do not propose to touch this evening, as there is no time to give them sufficient attention. One is the serious work of individual Eastern composers in the Western manner, and the other is religious music such as hymn tunes.

With regard to other Eastern nations.

I have not seen any recent films made in India by Indians only, but a few years ago I saw a very good one in London. The music was rendered by the usual European orchestra, any Indian airs, etc., being adapted to our own instruments, with the exception I think of one song by the hero to his lute.

Japanese Music

Japan has made such haste to become Westernised that she has hardly had time to do more than adopt our methods as apart from her own traditions, but the Japanese are also much influenced by our music though far less than the Chinese are as yet. Their modern military bands and orchestras are equipped like our own and they play Western music of all kinds very well indeed. They also broadcast some charming national music daily, and of this I have some records in which the piano is added to the accompaniment both of the voice, and of the koto, and the samisen.

I also have some rather wonderful records made by them of their most primitive aboriginal music. I hope to let you hear these at some future time.

I saw performing recently in Hongkong a troupe of Balinese dancers who were on their way to Europe. In this case the Javanese airs to which they danced, were played on Western violins and a piano, the dancers keeping the time with their small hand drums, anklet bells, etc. But again there was no amalgamation of Eastern and Western words and music such as the Chinese are attempting. What the outcome will be of this essay on the part of the Chinese it is hard to say. The most we have done in the West for a hundred years is to incorporate the saxophone, after many hysterics and maledictions, into our dance orchestras, so we have no experience to offer them!

It seems to me that in the future some new musical form must be the outcome of such real interest on their part. Wether it too will be a form of jazz—my highbrow musical friends have expressed their horror at this thought—or in song, or ballet form, one cannot say.

It is really not possible that the music of the West superimposed upon the music of the East will oust the latter altogether, and that the Western violins will gradually replace all the soft rather wailing Chinese ones, and leave no trace of their sound. It is more likely that some future great composer from the East is going to create a wonderful new music out of the materials broadcasting offers him so lavishly of the best of both hemispheres, and that the first crude efforts to prepare the way for him have begun.

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CINEMA NEWS

NOTES FROM THE THEATRES

Booking a change of programme for Sunday the Alhambra Theatre comments: A star comparatively new to filmgoers is Francis Day, certain to become an established favourite with all who see her as the lovely musical comedy star of the picture, "Two Hearts in Waltz Time." In the film Francis is seen as the musical star who falls in love with the composer of her new play. A misunderstanding which threatens to mar her romance, give her an opportunity to display her great dramatic ability and musical numbers are provided for her to sing in the piquant manner which has made her as popular in the cabaret and revue. Carl Bresson is the star player of the picture, dancing or making love. A capable cast are in support, prominent in the provision of humour being Oscar Asche, Denier Warren and Bert Coote. Big spectacular settings, tuneful numbers, snappy dance ensembles and a big chorus of picked beauties make this production a notable one, ensuring an evening's good entertainment.

"Our Daily Bread"

A new Tom Keene makes his screen debut in "Our Daily Bread," the King Vidor production showing next week at the King's Theatre. Until a year ago, Keene was starred in "Westerns," known to the industry as "horse operas." As he was just the type that Vidor has in mind for the lead in "Our Daily Bread," which he was then writing, he urged Keene to go East and get some experience on the legitimate stage. The young man did playing some fifty roles in "stock." Returning to Hollywood, he won the coveted part; and now Vidor predicts a great film future for him in dramatic work. In "Our Daily Bread," he plays a discouraged city chap who, with his young wife, played by Karen Morley, returns to the land to begin life all over again on an abandoned farm. Born and reared on a farm, Keene was able to plough, chop trees and milk cows, and needed no double. Many critics have hailed this United Artists release as the big cinema event of 1934 because it has everything that movie audiences demand romance, humour, suspense and thrills. Barbara Pepper, Addison Richards and John Qualen are also prominent in the cast.

"No More Ladies"

"Let's murder him during a bridge game . . ." More than one scenarist has discussed this means of injecting drama into a motion picture; climaxes in this era of dramatic restraint increasingly are being reached over innocent games. In "No More Ladies," the new Joan Crawford-Robert Montgomery picture opening to-day at the Queen's Theatre, the final climatic scene, towards which the whole picture builds, is played over a bridge game. To face her husband, Robert Montgomery, with the living facts of his unrestrained life, Joan Crawford secretly invites a tangle of guests to their country home for the week-end. Among them are wives, ex-wives, jealous husbands, grateful husbands and truculent, one-time competitors of her man-about-town mate. This amusing, ill-sorted gathering finally meets over a card table where, between bidding, scoring and perfunctory gestures of card playing, the crucial dramatic scene swells to its height. Edward H. Griffith directed the picture, produced by Irving Thalberg, which was adapted from the New York stage hit of the same name.

"Our Little Girl"

Fox Film needed a circus, a real circus, for certain sequences in Shirley Temple's new starring picture, "Our Little Girl," now scoring a triumph at the King's Theatre. The circus wouldn't come to a town not on its regular schedule. So Hollywood, proverbially prodigal, and wanting what is wanted when it wants it, hired a whole circus shipped to the Fox lot. As a result you need not wait for the circus to come to town. It's in town, in this picture. Acrobats, clowns, stunt riders, wild animals, freaks, and kindred circus personal arrived for this picture, and erected one of the largest tents ever used in the circus world. Everything moved exactly as though a public performance were scheduled for the morrow. Elephants were watered, wild animals fed, and the big tent was stapled. The circus stayed in Hollywood till Director John Robertson was finished with the sequences. Supporting Shirley in this Edward Butcher production, are Rosemary Ames, Joel McCrea, Lyle Talbot, Erin O'Brien-More, Margaret Armstrong, Rita Owin, Leonard Carey, Warren Hymer, Jack Donohue, and others.

"Calm Yourself"

Robert Young and Madge Evans are again teamed in "Calm Yourself," the new Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer picture coming to the Queen's Theatre next week. The popular young players, often teamed, appeared recently in "Death on the Diamond" and "Paris Interlude." With them in the new cast are Betty Furness, Ralph Morgan, Nat Pendleton, Hartie Albright and others. The story deals with a young advertising man who fired by his fiancee's father, opens a "Confidential service" agency and becomes involved in a romance and a supposed kidnapping—both at the same time.

CONTRACT BRIDGE

By W. E. McKenney

When holding massed strength in the trump suit, it generally pays to pick up the opponents' trump before attempting to set another suit, but there are exceptions to this rule, an example of which is given below. If the declarer in to-day's hand were to attempt to pick up the trump before setting his long suit in dummy, his opponents could easily defeat his contract.

NORTH
S—A-Q-J-9-4
H—J-5-3
D—7-2
C—7-6-5

WEST
S—7-5-3-2
H—9-2
D—A-Q-8
C—Q-J-10-8

EAST
S—K-9
H—10-7-6
D—J-10-9-5-4
C—9-4-3

SOUTH—DEALER
S—8-4
H—A-Q-6-3
D—A-K-2
C—

The Bidding

At contract, South, the dealer, opened with one heart as the hand is not powerful enough to make a forcing two-bid and he knows partner will keep the bidding open with one and one-half tricks. West passed—although the hand has the required one and one-half tricks, it does not have enough colour to put in an overcall bid. North bids one spade. You will notice this is one over one—one heart, one spade bu partner, and when using this system it requires partner to keep the bidding open. East passes. South goes to three hearts, showing more massed strength than the original bid. North takes the contract to four hearts.

The Play

When the opening leader's suit is headed by queen, jack, ten, the queen is led, declarer falsecards and wins with the ace. If the declarer were to make the mistake of picking up the trump, game could not be made as the opposition would get in with the king of spades and then run off three diamond tricks. The declarer's proper lead is the ten of spades, taking the spade finesse immediately. East wins with the king. East leads the jack of diamonds, declarer covers with the king, West winning with the ace, and cashing his queen of diamonds, but regardless of what his next lead is the declarer is assured of going game as he can discard his losing diamond and his losing club on the good spades in dummy as the jack of hearts will be conserved as an entry.

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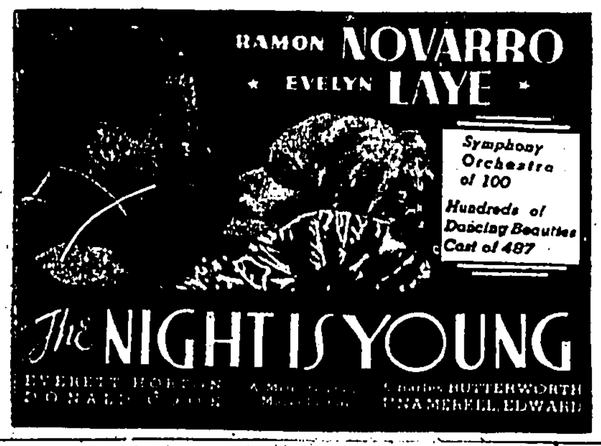

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PRESIDENTATION MADE TO MR. D. H. PAUL

There was an interesting function at the meeting of the local Theosophical Society yesterday afternoon, when members gathered for a farewell tea party, the guest of honour being the Society's vice-president, Mr. Denis H. Paul, who is leaving the Colony for Home. Mr. Paul has been connected for some months with the Far East Aviation Company, having previously been in the Royal Air Force, out of which he had to be invalided following an accident.

Mr. J. P. Way, president of the Theosophical Society, who presided at the function, made Mr. Paul a farewell gift on behalf of the members, which took the form of a Rolls razor. Mr. Way said:

Prior to the time when our Bro. Denis notified me of his coming departure, I was putting myself on the back that we had such a capable and efficient brother to take the chair during a most critical period of our Lodge's existence.

Being in my position I feel his departure very much although I know that his thoughts will be with us helping us through our upward struggle.

Feeling sorry is an altogether selfish point of view because our loss will be another's gain. Bro. Denis will be an immense asset to some Lodge in England as he was here. Knowing confidently that we are evolving spiritually and that "Whatever is, is best," who can tell that the lodge there needs him even more than we do—although I must confess that we need him badly enough.

I know that it is impossible to express in words all that we feel in our hearts for our dear brother and to thank him sufficiently for the services he has rendered.

I am sure you will excuse me if I take this opportunity to appeal to each one of us to give our whole hearted support to the Lodge, because the ideals of this Society are our ideals which must be upheld before results are forthcoming. We all desire to do something to better world conditions and we are privileged to do a little part in this important work by coming here and upholding our ideal of Brotherhood.

I think it is the aim of all lodges that everyone should contribute a little share towards its activities; especially in preparing short talks of their own experiences or any important passages or ideas they have had recently, so as to add to the interest of the whole. Please feel that your own effort is very urgently required.

I also wish to thank one and all, especially our guests for their hearty support in making this afternoon a happy little gathering—one which we would do well to hold at least once a year.

Bro. Denis, for the unselfish and admirable service you have rendered our Lodge especially for the manner in which you have stood by us through all the perplexities and problems, we offer this little token of remembrance—carrying with it our love, best wishes and a deep sense of gratitude that comes from the bottom of our hearts.

Mr. Talati's Remarks

Mr. M. P. Talati also spoke. He said:

On the occasion of the departure of our worthy and genial friend Mr. Denis Paul, I take this opportunity of expressing to him our sincere regards and esteem and our deep appreciation of his untiring zeal and devotion and the keen interests he has so wholeheartedly taken for the welfare of this Lodge and for promoting that spirit of unity and brotherhood among its members.

We see with heavy hearts the unfortunate circumstances which compel him to leave us, but Mr. Paul with his inner realization of that loving Divine Power for good has attained that courage and cheerful spirit with which he is determined to overcome all obstacles and win his way for a bright and prosperous future career.

While heartily endorsing the sentiments of affection and gratitude expressed by Mr. Way, I have always found in Mr. Paul a truly genial heart to serve and to help in every good cause pertaining to the well-being of his friends and that spirit of true friendship is thus so nobly expressed.

The keynote of Theosophy is love and service, and by practising it we realize our unity with God and His entire creation which is the goal of our existence, and thereby attain that highest state of happiness which is peace and harmony of mind and soul.

It was 14 years ago that with such sublime aim in view this Theosophical Society was founded in Hongkong by our late most esteemed and revered President Mr. Manuk, for gathering men of all nations and all religions into one brotherhood to make them free from ignorance, selfishness and strife, and to lead them to that mightier understanding of Divine Truth and to take deeper interest in all that is noblest and best in nature, and this unique institution will ever remain as a permanent emblem of his most noble and self-sacrificing work.

The acquisition of this vitally important knowledge gives us a clear insight that Mind is the greatest force that directs all the activities of our life, so it is necessary to guide it with wisdom and discrimination, and that true happiness denotes the durable possession of perfect good without any mixture of evil, or the enjoyment of pure pleasures unalloyed with pain, or a joyous state in which all our duties are performed in comformity with the Laws of Nature.

We see, Friends, how wonderful our lives would be when we attune our higher self with that mightier intelligence whom we call God and His most glorious creation, Man, whom He has created in His image and likeness.

We feel it our duty to express our sincere thanks for all the good work Mr. Paul has done, and we all now bid farewell and sincerely wish our genial friend happiness and prosperity in his new sphere of life, and pray that the Divine Providence may spare him long with perfect health and vigour to continue his sublime and laudable work with success in that glorious cause of world's righteousness, brotherhood and peace.

Mr. F. C. Felshow also spoke in praise of the departing member; and Mr. Paul in accepting the gift thanked them all for their kind thought and the kind things they had said.

ADOPTED DAUGHTERS

REGISTRATION URGED BY ANTI-MUITSAI BODY

The Hongkong Anti-Muitsai Society is urging upon the authorities the necessity for enforcing registration of all adopted daughters. It has sent the following letter to the Secretary for Chinese Affairs:

Sir,—As Chairman of the Anti-Muitsai Society, I have the honour to submit to the consideration of the Government views of my Committee respecting the necessity of passing legislation for the compulsory registration of adopted daughters in the Colony.

This Society has always maintained that the evils arising out of the Muitsai system are so intimately connected with the practice of adopting female children, a condition peculiar perhaps to this part of China, that they need to be attacked in connexion with each other. We have repeatedly urged the Hongkong Government to deal with the two problems simultaneously, and as far back as in 1932, we submitted a set of suggested regulations for this purpose, a copy of which is herewith attached.

Since the enforcement of the Female Domestic Service Ordinance requiring the registration of Muitsai in December, 1929, sufficient time has elapsed for the formation of impartial judgment as to its effectiveness in the suppression of the evil traffic in young girls. Our close observation of its working during the past few years has only served to confirm our views.

In spite of the vigilance of inspectors and prosecutions before the Magistrates, it has become obvious that without its natural colloraty, the registration of adopted daughters, the Act of 1929 will not put an end to the traffic in young girls, more particularly in respect of the worst class of offenders, those who purchase them not for domestic service, but for rearing up as recruits for sly prostitution. The abolition of registered brothels has made this into a very lucrative trade, known colloquially as Tso Chu Fu; and those engaged in it may be trusted to make use of every means in their power, including legal aid, to evade the provisions of the law. A way of escape now lies ready to hand, for it is always open to them to claim these ill-fated children as their adopted daughters. These children are as a rule well fed, clothed and looked after, and may even be given some modicum of education, to enhance their commercial value, when they reach suitable age. In these circumstances, a conviction under the Act of 1929, especially when the delinquents are defended by clever counsel, may be well-nigh impossible.

We, as a Society, raise no objection whichsoever to the practice of adopting children. It is recognized the world over. We are aware that the Government, in its desire not to interfere with Chinese domestic life, may feel reluctant to pass the necessary legislation; but we wish to point out that cases of bona fide adoption have nothing worse to fear than visits at rare intervals from a tactful and discreet inspector, and in this work, whether in respect of muitsai or adopted daughters, none others should ever be employed.

As the law stands to-day, the provisions of the Act of 1929 have failed to stop an evil traffic in human lives, and we bring our views before you for your careful consideration and we beg you, Sir, to convey them to the attention of His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government.

I have, etc.,

(sd). WONG SUM KAN,
Chairman, the Anti-Muitsai Society.

Enclosure

Suggested regulations governing the registration of adopted daughters submitted to the Hongkong Government:

1. Time-limit: A period of six months is prescribed for the registration of every adopted daughter in Hongkong.

2. Certificate: At the time of registration, all deeds of sale or of purchase or certificates of presentation should be surrendered for cancellation. The Secretary for Chinese Affairs, having satisfied himself with the status of the girl, will issue an official certificate of adoption.

3. Photographs and finger-prints: Every adopted daughter who reports for registration should furnish two photographs of herself, as well as two sets of finger prints; one to be placed on file with the Secretary for Chinese Affairs, the other to be attached to the certificate.

4. Treatment: At the time of registration, both the guardian and adopted daughter must be present. The Officer in charge then solemnly enjoins the guardian to treat the adopted daughter as if she were her own child, and not to ill-use her as a muitsai or neglect or maltreat her in any way.

5. Education: The guardian should be responsible for the up-bringing of her adopted daughter in accordance with her own social status in the community.

6. Penalty: Whenever it is discovered that the adopted daughter is being used as a muitsai, the guardian is liable to heavy fine; while imprisonment is inflicted on any one who uses her adopted daughter for immoral purposes.

7. At the expiry of the period for registration, any one found guilty of buying and selling of girls should be liable to heavy fine or imprisonment. The go-between of such a transaction should also be liable to severe penalty.

Note: With slight alteration in wording, the above suggested regulations are almost identical with those submitted in 1929.

A NIGHT OF TERROR

WIDOW TELLS OF TERRIBLE TREATMENT BY GANG

The terrible experience which she and her two daughters experienced at the hands of her husband's alleged murderers, was related by Yip Choi, continuing her evidence before Mr. W. Schofield at the Central Magistracy yesterday afternoon, when committal proceedings were continued against five men, Pun Kam-choi, Ho Wah, Ho Yau, Pun Tak and Lau Cheung, accused of the murder of Hau Wan-fai at Chuk Ko Wan village, Lantau Island, on September 2 last year.

Mr. W. J. Lockhart-Smith, Assistant Crown Solicitor, conduted the prosecution, and Detective Inspector A. H. Elston was present for the Police.

After her husband had been struck and dragged out of her sight, related Yip Choi, about ten men entered her hut and began to ransack it. She was seated with her two daughters at a table during the ransacking. She recognised all the defendants by the light of five lamps. Ho Wah came up to her and said, "there must be more money than what we have found." Tung Kwai also came up and said the same thing to her, and someone from inside the hut then shouted out, "if there is more money than we have found, tie her up." Ho Wah and Tung Kwai then tied her up.

Wrists Tied With Hair

Describing how she and her two daughters were tied up, witness said that she was bound to a tree with her hands behind her back, and her hair used to bind up her wrists. Her daughters were trussed up in a similar manner, and the three of them were tied to one tree by the gang, who used long new ropes they had brought with them. The gang said they were going to take herself and her daughters to sell them in Chinese territory, and threatened to kill them if they shouted out. Ho Wah gagged her with a towel, and her two daughters were also gagged with pieces of cloth. Before she was gagged, she said she felt cold, and the gang brought out a quilt which was thrown over their heads. The men said they must go and find her son, and then left.

Witness said that the gang must have been there for several hours. About 7 a.m. two Hoklo men came from Cheung Wan and released them. She then noticed that the top of the tree, to which they had been tied up, had been cut off. One of the Hoklo men took her to see her husband. She thought he was dead. His body was lying behind her hut, and there were bruises all over his face. She also discovered later that her money, comprising $210 in silver and $270 in banknotes and three gold finger rings, were all gone.

Reported to European

She then left with the two Hoklo men for their hut at Cheung Wan, and that same afternoon saw what looked like a European's boat sailing in the bay towards Chuk Ko Wan. With the two men she left in a sampan and reached the boat, where she told the European what had happened. Later she pointed out to the European the dead body of her husband, and asked him to inform the Police, and she stayed behind to await the arrival of the Police. Prior to the murder, they had a fishing spear in the house, but after the murder she did not notice whether it was in its place outside the door. She had never seen it since.

The hearing was adjourned, after further evidence, until this afternoon.

ATTEMPTED ROBBERY

JAPANESE CASHIER ATTACKED BY THREE MEN

An unsuccessful attempt to rob a Japanese cashier of a large sum of money which he was taking to a bank was reported to the Police yesterday.

The cashier, Nakao Yoneo, aged 19, employed at Messrs. S. Kato & Co., No. 16, Queen's Road Central, left his office at 2.50 p.m. yesterday. He went to catch the lift on the second floor, and carried in his right hand a packet of money containing $1,800, wrapped in newspaper, for the Yokohama Specie Bank.

While waiting for the lift, three Chinese, who had been hovering nearby, approached him, and one of them produced an envelope with an address in English and asked in Punti, "Pin-shu?"

As the cashier took the note and examined it, he was suddenly struck over the head with a blunt weapon. An attempt was then made to snatch the parcel of banknotes. Yoneo gave a shout and ran up the stairs towards the third floor, and was pursued for a few yards by his assailants, who disappeared by the time the cashier reached the other floor.

Seeing no sign of the robbers, Yoneo went down to the second floor where he reported the matter to his employers. Nothing was stolen, but Yoneo sustained a superficial cut over the right ear. A half brick, wrapped in newspaper, was found by the entrance to the second floor lift shaft.

No arrests have so far been made.

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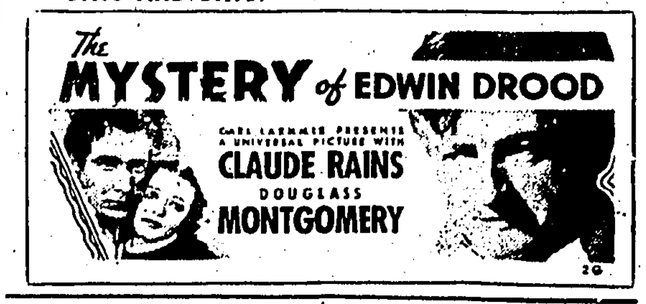

PROPERTY SALE

MR. MA YUK-CHAN ACQUIRES LOT FOR $71,000

Property in the centre of the city was auctioned by order of the mortgagees at Messrs. Hughes and Hough Ltd., yesterday afternoon.

Sold in one lot, the property consists of houses registered in the Land Office as Section E of Inland Lot No. 1491, together with all messuages or tenements, erections and buildings thereon, now known as Nos. 178, 180 and 182, Des Voeux Road Central. The property is leased for a term of 75 years from March 7, 1900, with right of renewal for a further term of 75 years.

The area covered by the houses totals 1,816 square feet, and the annual Crown rental is $10.54.

Bidding commenced at $70,000, and on a bid of $1,000 the property was sold to Mr. Ma Yuk-chan of No. 3 Wing Wo Street for $71,000.

Messrs. Ts'o and Hodgson were solicitors for the mortgagees.

NO COMPROMISE

AMERICAN SHIPOWNERS REJECT MEN'S DEMANDS

San Francisco, Sept. 5.

Shipowners here have flatly rejected the demands for changes in the present contracts and have written letters to four of the men's unions pointing out that adherence to the existing agreements must be discussed and agreed upon before new demands can be considered.

Attention is drawn to the eight ships at present held up by the men, which is allegedly in direct violation of the pact.—*United Press.*

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ITALIANS WALK OUT OF COUNCIL SESSION

CRISIS SUDDENLY WORSENED

CONCILIATION NOW MORE DIFFICULT

ETHIOPIAN ATTITUDE OFFENDS ITALY

Geneva, Sept. 5.

In the middle of a violent speech by Professor Jeze, the French spokesman for Ethiopia, the acting chief of the Italian delegation to Geneva left the League of Nations Council Chamber to-night.

The Council had reassembled at 7.10 p.m. and Baron Aloisi, the chief of the Italian delegation, was absent when Professor Jeze commenced to place Ethiopia's case before the gathering and to answer the charges made the day previous by the Italians. The spokesman was violent in his language, and Signor Guido Rocco, the noted diplomatist who was acting for Baron Aloisi, left the Council table.

The fact that he walked out of the Council hall must not be interpreted as a serious political move. It does not mean that Italy will leave the League.

The Question Committee adjourned until to-morrow, pending private negotiations. Owing to Italy objecting to the presence of the British and French probably a smaller Committee will be constituted which may be an advantage, as it will enable the British and French to conduct negotiations outside the main Committee, which will be kept informed of their progress.

COUNCIL ADJOURNS

The Council adjourned at 10.23 p.m. and no date was set for its next meeting.

When the departure of the Italian spokesman from the conference chamber was being discussed after the session it was discovered that Baron Aloisi himself, had left just before Professor Jeze started to speak.

Signor Rocco left inconspicuously. It was several moments before it was realised that he had gone. Then his departure created a tremendous stir.

Official circles are of the opinion that the situation has suddenly worsened.—*Reuter.*

DRAMATIC ACTION

Geneva, Sept. 5.

The Council reassembled at 7.10 p.m. but Baron Aloisi decided not to attend, and that Signor Guido Rocca should represent Italy. Professor Jeze, the Ethiopian spokesman, began to speak in defence of Abyssinia soon after the commencement of the session. He was very violent and before the middle of his speech Signor Rocca rose and left the table.

The Council meeting had been postponed during the day until 9 o'clock, and Professor Jeze's name was the only one on the agenda. It was expected this meeting would be short since Baron Aloisi had announced that he proposed to ignore the Ethiopian statement.

It was later announced that Italy also objects to the presence of British and French on the special Committee of Five which is to report on the Abyssinian question, on the ground that they are interested parties.

It is understood that Britain, France, Poland, Spain and Turkey have agreed to serve on the Special Committee and that M. Litvinoff was invited but declined.

ADDED WORRIES

Baron Aloisi has called for the text of Professor Jeze's speech and will decide upon the course to take when he has examined it. In the lobbies it is generally felt that the Ethiopian spokesman rather exceeded the bounds of diplomatic usage and calculated unnecessarily to exacerbate Italian feelings.

It will be most difficult to restore a conciliatory atmosphere until the personal dispute between the Italian and Abyssinian delegates is adjusted, it is feared.

Meanwhile the whole question of the constitution of a League Com-

(Continued on Page 5.)

ETHIOPIA COUNTER-ATTACKS

ITALY'S CHARGES ANSWERED

VIOLENT LANGUAGE

Geneva, Sept. 5.

The remarkable development in the League Council, when the Italian delegate walked out as a form of protest, came in the middle of Professor Jeze's speech in defence of Ethiopia, which was an answer to the Italian charges made the day previous.

Professor Jeze asked why Italy wished to civilise Abyssinia.

Was it in order that an army of hundreds of thousands should be created out of a peaceful people in order to carry out Italy's imperial designs? he asked.

The Ethiopian conception of civilisation was certainly not bringing up the young to hate, Professor Jeze added.

He was referring to Article X of the League Covenant when Signor Rocca walked out of the Chamber.

ELEPHANTINE TRICKS

Professor Jeze did not allow himself to be interrupted. He declared that the League's first step should be to apply Article XV and try to settle the dispute without delay, because with more time Italy would be given an opportunity to further prepare for war and defeat the League by achieving a *fait accompli*.

The Council had made satisfactory proposals which could prevent war, Professor Jeze recalled.

He further referred to the "elephantine tricks" of the Italians in their endeavour to dishonour those whom they wished to destroy.—*Reuter.*

ARMS RACKET INQUIRY

U.S. COMMITTEE WANTS FOKKER

Chicago, Sept. 5.

The aeroplane designer, Anthony Fokker, has been served with a subpoena by the Senate Munitions Investigating Committee.

According to Senator Nye, the Committee wishes to question him regarding certain aircraft sales.—*Reuter Special.*

Death Roll In Florida Nears 1,000

TERRIBLE SCENES OF DEVASTATION

PASSENGERS OFF DIXIE

Miami, Sept. 5.

The death roll in the Florida hurricane may reach 1,000, according to reports from the state Governor's personal representative in the stricken area.

The steamer Dixie, hard ashore and breaking up on a reef beyond the southermost tip of the Florida Peninsula, has been abandoned by all except her master and a skeleton crew, who are remaining aboard to retain for the Morgan Line the technical ownership of the vessel. *Reuter.*

RELIEF WORKERS

Miami, Sept. 5.

Relief workers have penetrated the debris strewn keys and are attempting to accurately check upon the loss of life and property as a result of the hurricane.

Mr. W. P. Mooty, personal representative of the Governor, has telegraphed:

"Fatalities may reach 1,000."

The Red Cross insists that the dead only number about 300. But Mooty says, "I found the dead scattered everywhere. In some areas everything is demolished. I saw bodies floating in the ocean and others tangled in the undergrowth. It will be weeks before all are recovered."

The storm has now reached southern Georgia, but its force is diminishing and the damage there has been slight.—*United Press.*

256 KNOWN DEAD

New York, Sept. 5

The Red Cross workers sent by President Roosevelt to carry out rescue work in Florida have notified the authorities that the official count of casualties at present is: 256 known dead, 253 injured.—*Reuter.*

EXPLANATION ASKED

Hyde Park, Sept. 5.

President Roosevelt has ordered the Veterans' Administrator, Mr. Frank T. Hines, to report why the veterans' camps in the Florida keys were not evacuated before the hurricane struck.—*United Press.*

NEW MORGAN COMPANY

SECURITIES FIRM ORGANISING

(Special to "Telegraph")

(By Telegraph. Copyright. Telegraphic Messages Ordinance, 1894. Received, September 6, 7 a.m.)

New York, Sept. 5.

Messrs. J. P. Morgan and Company have announced the resignation of five members of the Company and the Drexel Co., of Philadelphia, who, together with some of the staff members, will organise a securities concern to be known as Morgan, Stanley and Company, Inc.

The new Company will have a paid-up capital of $7,500,000, divided into common and preferred stock. The common stock has sole voting rights in the election of the Directorate, which will be held exclusively by officers and staff of the new concern, while preferred stock will be held by members of the new company and certain individual partners of J. P. Morgan and Co. The new concern will start operations on September 16.

The five members of the Morgan and Drexel Companies who have resigned are Mr. Harold Stanley, Mr. William Ewing, Mr. Henry S. Morgan, Mr. Parry E. Half, and Mr. Edward H. York, Jr.

J. P. Morgan and Co. had since June, 1934, discontinued its securities business under the provision of the Banking Act of 1933, which required separation of banking and securities businesses. The J. P. Morgan and Drexel Companies will continue their banking business. Their total resources on June 29 amounted to $430,000,000, of which $50,000,000 was in cash and $256,000,000 in U.S. Government securities.—*Reuter Special.*

M. Laval, French Premier (left) and Mr. Anthony Eden, British Minister for League of Nations Affairs, who are figuring prominently in the Geneva deliberations on the Italo-Abyssinian crisis.

PREPARING TO RESIST INVASION

ADOWA VETERANS OFF TO FRONT

ABYSSINIA'S MOTLEY ARMY

(Special to "Telegraph")

(By Telegraph. Copyright. Telegraphic Messages Ordinance, 1894. Received, September 6, 10 a.m.)

Addis Ababa, Sept. 5.

A non-descript army of 600 men, including grandfathers and children, armed with twenty types of weapons, entrained for Ogaden to-day, and for possible death from Italian machine-guns and poison gas.

Many women accompanied their husbands. They will fight beside the men, if necessary, but will be generally to the rear, cooking and caring for the wounded.

This contingent is part of the Dajahatch Habte Mikael's private army. Some of the old men fought with Mikael at Adowa, where they slaughtered the Italian troops, and still carry the rifles of ancient design and the spears and swords they used in that campaign.

The majority of the men wore the long, toga-like garment of the

(Continued on Page 5.)

FRENCH AIR DISASTER

Bombers Collide: Ten Killed

(Special to "Telegraph")

Paris, Sept. 5.

Ten military airmen were killed to-day in a collision between two huge bombers in mid-air, over St. Jean-au-Bois.

One of the machines fell in flames and crashed through the roof of the village hall, setting fire to that structure and completely destroying the bodies of the crew of five.—*United Press.*

Roosevelt Defends His Works

ANSWER TO CRITICS OF ADMINISTRATION

INCREASING HOSTILITY

(Special to "Telegraph")

Washington, Sept. 6.

Mr. Stephen Early, Private Secretary to President Roosevelt, has released for publication a letter from Mr. Roy W. Howard, Chairman of the Scripps-Howard Newspapers and Director of the United Press to President Roosevelt, and President Roosevelt's reply.

The letter was dated August 26, and President Roosevelt replied with a letter dated September 2.

Mr. Howard wrote: "As an independent editor, I am keenly interested in the objectives of the New Deal and have been seeking the reasons for the doubts and uncertainties among those businessmen who are sceptics and critics and outright opponents of your programme at a time when there is no commensurate dissatisfaction evidenced by others of the electorate.

"I do not accept as a fact that the interests of what we broadly call business are necessarily in conflict with mass interests. I expect to continue in support of your stated interpretation of American Liberalism, notwithstanding my dissent and disagreement with some details and some theories. Therefore, it is in a friendly, and I hope, constructive spirit that I attempt a few observations and opinions which I believe are timely and pertinent.

GROWING HOSTILITY

"That certain elements of business have been growing more hostile to your Administration is too obvious to be classed as news. As long as the hostility emanated from financial racketeers, public exploiters and other sinister forces spawned by special privilege, it was of but slight importance.

"No crook loves a 'cop'. But any experienced reporter will tell you that throughout the country many businessmen who once gave you their sincere support are not now merely hostile, they are frightened. Many of those whose patriotism and sense of public service will compare with that of any men in political life are convinced that: you fathered a Tax

(Continued on Page 5.)

INFLATION FIGHT LOOMS IN U.S.

POWERFUL FORCES IN AGREEMENT

SILVER REMONETISATION PART OF PROGRAMME

Washington, Sept. 6.

Senator Elmer Thomas of Oklahoma to-day indicated that the Senate was pledged to an inflation drive by a unified action on the part of the silver, farm and bonus blocs which will open as soon as Congress re-convenes in January.

He said that the fight would be waged around the Soldiers' Bonus Bill, the Frazier-Lemke Farm Mortgage proposal and the remonetisation of silver.

"I cannot predict the outcome," he said, "but I can say that a large number of members of both Houses are dissatisfied with the results of the Administration's monetary policy and are determined to try to reverse it."

Meanwhile, Mr. Morgenthau's announcement that he would give Senator Pittman's Investigation Committee "all the information to which they are entitled" is being construed as meaning that the investigators will not be given the information regarding the operations of the $2,000,000,000 Stabilisation Fund from which it is reported the silver purchases thus have been chiefly financed.

CHINESE IMPORTS DWINDLE

AMERICA FEELING TRADE PINCH

HOPE FOR FUTURE

(Special to "Telegraph")

Washington, Sept. 5.

The Commerce Department reports that United States exports to China for July were $2,251,000 as compared with $6,861,000 compared to July of last year. The exports for seven months totalled $24,919,000 compared with $44,807,000 for the same period last year.

United States imports from China in July were $6,262,000, compared with $4,004,000 last year, and for the first seven months of 1935 were $36,602,000 compared to $28,732,000 for the corresponding period in 1934.

Observers interpret this decline as further proof against the theory that the United States silver programme stimulates trade with the Far East. The figures also indicate that China's purchasing power is low as a result of floods and bad crops, whereas the United States imports are showing a recuperative tendency.

Deterrents to Chinese purchases from the United States probably include the fluctuating silver price, the artificially high prices of United States cotton, tobacco and wheat.

In the first six months of last year China purchased 778,211 quintals of raw cotton, of which America supplied 372,889, and in the corresponding period of 1935 China purchased 405,263 quintals, of which America supplied 200,460.

The Chinese imports of leaf tobacco for the first six months of last year totalled 17,665,000 kilograms and this year they reached 19,353,883.

An encouraging side of the picture is the belief that China is gradually achieving internal unity and economic construction, and that the future will see improvement and modernisation of her in-

(Continued on Page 5.)

It is pointed out that under the Law, the Treasury is not compelled to divulge to Congress or any of its committees any information concerning the Fund until next Spring.

The Treasury's figures to-day showed that over 5,000,000 ounces were purchased under the Act bringing the total stocks in excess of 1,159,000,000 ounces the monetary value of which is estimated as $1,485,000,000 leaving a total of 1,300,000,000 ounces still to be acquired in order to comply with the 25 to 75 ratio with gold.

However, the necessity of additional purchases will be obviated if the price reaches $1.29 per ounce.

WRONG INTERPRETATION

Senator Thomas said that he was not particularly interested in a report of the Stabilisation Fund or the amount of silver the Treasury had acquired, but he said that he feels that Mr. Morgenthau is not properly interpreting the section of the Act which authorises the issuance of silver certificates against metal acquired either at $1.29 per ounce or on a basis of the price the Treasury pays.

Hitherto, the Treasury has followed the latter procedure, which Senator Thomas said was not the intention of Congress.

He said: "It is apparent that the Silver policy, as enforced by the Treasury, will not put into circulation the amount of new money we anticipated. Therefore something must be done as soon as Congress meets again. There will be a struggle made for the remonetisation of silver. A vote on the Bonus Bill has been promised and I feel that it will succeed, thereby putting money into circulation. We are also determined to pass the Frazier-Lemke Bill."—*United Press.*

CO-OPERATION PROMISE

Washington, Sept. 5.

Mr. Henry Morgenthau, the Secretary of the Treasury, has promised to co-operate fully with the Pittman Committee which is to investigate the Treasury's administration of the silver purchase programme.

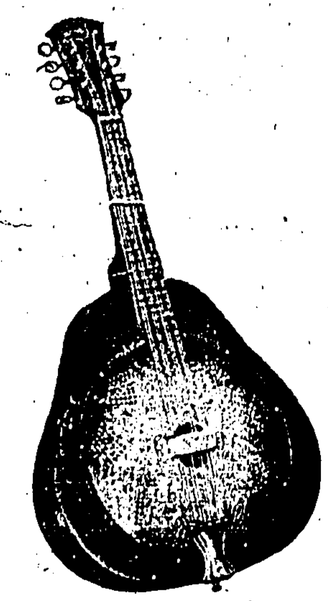
"We are preparing figures and will be glad to co-operate and give Senator Pittman all the information to which he is entitled."

Mr. Morgenthau said the Fourth Liberty Loan refunding was "going very nicely."

The Government was operating within a budget which envisaged an expenditure of $8,520,413,600 and an income of $3,991,904,639.—*United Press.*

TRADE NATIONAL MARK

NATIONAL STRING INSTRUMENTS.



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QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL

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SPECIAL OFFER LOW PRICES!

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War Experts "Disguised" As Tourists

28 BRITISH "BRAINS" FOR ABYSSINIA

TWENTY-EIGHT Englishmen travelling separately as private tourists left London on August 24.

Actually, however, they are "soldiers of fortune"—military experts who will slip unobtrusively into Abyssinia to become the technical brains of the Ethiopian Army.

A secret organisation of unofficial representatives of the Abyssinian Government exists in London to recruit such men.

Recently it was announced that no British volunteers for service in Abyssinia would be granted passports or visas, but in this case the military adventurers will not touch British territory after Dover.

But they travelled across France as innocent tourists; they went by sea from Marseilles to Djibouti, French Somaliland.

From there they will get to Addis Ababa on the French Railway, having been assured of a free passage across the Franco-Ethiopian border "if they go privately."

All Experts

True to the romantic conception of old-time soldiers of fortune, they are a motley crowd. They include:—

A doctor,
An ex-Guards officer,
Two ex-Guardsmen,

Two former Foreign Legionaries.

To most of them it is a solution of the unemployment problem.

Each is an expert in some department of military science. Some are skilled at machine gunnery and the use of other small arms; others are experienced aviators.

Hundreds are trying to pass the unofficial recruiting officer at the secret London headquarters, but the medical test is so severe that few succeed.

STRATOSPHERE SEARCHLIGHT

BEAM THAT CAN SEE FOR 50 MILES

Highlands, Aug. 30.

An electrical beam which can detect approaching enemy ships and aeroplanes more than 50 miles away, is being perfected at the Navesink Hills Lighthouse station.

Although guards were posted preventing observers from coming within 200 yards of the lighthouse, reports persisted that the ray, if it proves practical, would revolutionize naval and aerial war manoeuvring.

So keen is the government's new device, it was said, that ships drifting with idle motors 50 miles at sea can be detected on instruments which would allow gunners to direct their fire accurately. By the same system, aircraft could be detected in time for a defence to be organised.

High army officers in Washington hope that the ray will prove an effective weapon against planes flying in the stratosphere. It is believed that the signal corps has spent U.S.$100,000 thus far in its work on the ray.—*United Press.*

BOOM IN WAR WEAPONS

An Abyssinian businessman who, thanks to the war-rumours is doing good business with cartridges and knives, which are at a premium, in Abyssinia.

New Search For Baby To Rule Over Millions

MONKS and soothsayers have just left Lhasa, Tibet, to start afresh their search for the child who will become the new infant Dalai Lama, ruler of millions of people, both in spiritual and temporal affairs.

Monks and Soothsayers seek his successor.

The search party have been at work for months. They started their quest by visiting the sacred waters of Lake Kali, where they believe they will see the whereabouts of the new boy king mirrored mysteriously in the waters.

They are still searching there, but other clues are being followed, and the hunt will continue throughout Tibet until local signs and omens have been investigated. Many months may elapse before the new ruler is installed in the holy city.

EYEBROW CLUE

Tradition associates various mystic symbols with the Dalai Lama's appearance. The child usually has long lobes to his ears, highly-arched eyebrows, and though less than two years old, can talk quite easily and remember events that happened in the past.

Tibetans believe that when their Dalai Lama dies his spirit at once enters a successor, who is born at the exact moment of destiny. Their priest-king is thus a non-stop ruler who never leaves the country.

The Dalai Lama occupies an unusual position among the rulers of mankind. None may look at him till leave is granted, but must bow and remain with face bent to the ground. He may not marry, and if he eats meat religious ceremonies have to be performed at each meal to ensure that the dead animal shall live again in a higher state of existence.

Tea Merchant Who Lost Us A Great Colony

LONDON LINK WITH THE BOSTON TEA PARTY

If you know your history you will remember that the American War of Independence arose out of the "Boston Tea Party" incident when the citizens of Boston emptied three cargoes of tea into the harbour as a protest against the passing of the Tea Act by the English in 1773.

The firm which sold the tea for the Tea Party still exists in London. They are Davison, Newman and Co., who have been grocers and teamen in the City of London since 1650.

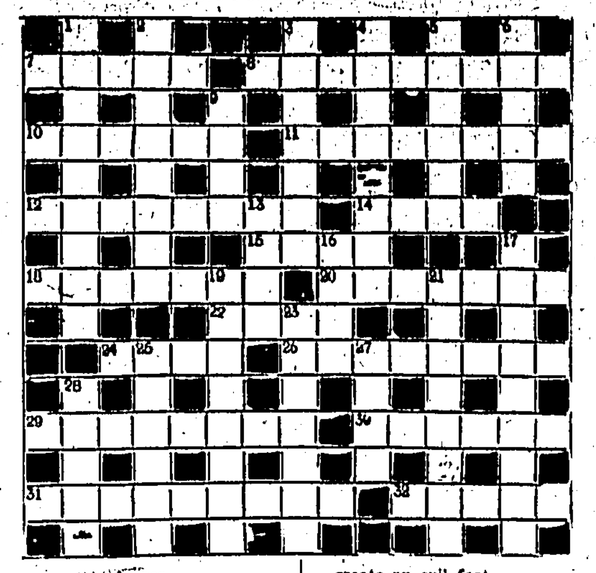
£10 A Pound!

Entries in age-yellowed books among the records of the merchants leave no doubt that the shiploads of tea which were so severely dealt with in Boston Harbour were supplied by the firm.

Few Londoners know the little shop in Creechurch Lane, which is the headquarters of the firm; but Americans have discovered it, and hundreds visit it every year.

One of the particularly interesting relics of the shop is the original oak counter over which the firm claims the very first pound of tea was sold in England. In those days it was £10 per pound, and so something of a luxury!

OUR BRITISH CROSSWORDS



Across

7 On the way to the limit.
8 Something to hold you back even after you have solved it!
10 Byron apostrophised the ocean as a glorious one.
11 A half-day.
12 Stop the song, the robbers are coming.
14 Tubs—may be little or may be vast.
15 Eight, in combination.
18 Where one ought to put in a good word for the family.
20 When you have that Spring feeling, take this for a stretch.
22 Employs part of various essences.
24 Aid and encourage.
26 In "The Merchant of Venice," the quality of mercy is not as shown here.
29 Here one has a fine view of a vessel—or a theatrical landlady.
30 The sea-anemone, for example.
31 The octopus has two less of these than the number first given.
32 Nod so (anag.).

Down

1 A singular game for anyone to play.
2 Dig in far for this, if you don't think it beneath your dignity (two words, 5, 3).
3 Such disturbances are remarkably like earthquakes.
4 Though it may be an excellent feast, there is no doubt it can create an evil fast.
5 Biblical mount.
6 Indian coppers.
9 Pluck it out of your eye.
13 Trifles.
16 Such a trial!
17 There's an organ in this city over the water.
19 The bird which like all others can't second its first.
21 The thing to cut off with.
23 The fourth of these is the Press.
25 "Jane Eyre" was written by one.
27 Mellow.
28 Perhaps pathological, possibly packing.

Yesterday's Solution.

D	E	S	I	D	E	R	A	T	U	M	■	Q	■	P
■	W	■	D	■	N	■	I	■	P	■	B	U	R	R
M	A	N	I	A	(	■	L	I	A	R	■	A	■	O
■	N	■	O	■	O	■	E	■	L	O	W	I	N	G
P	■	U	M	B	R	A	G	E	■	S	■	N	■	R
R	A	G	S	■	E	■	E	■	S	T	A	T	U	E
F	■	L	■	F	■	F	■	F	■	R	■	■	■	S
R	O	Y	A	L	L	I	F	E	G	U	A	R	D	S
O	■	■	■	F	■	I	■	W	■	M	■	I	■	I
G	O	U	G	E	F	■	O	■	W	■	S	L	A	V
A	■	T	■	C	■	U	N	R	A	V	E	L	■	E
T	A	M	P	E	R	■	A	■	L	■	C	■	N	■
I	■	O	■	S	U	N	G	■	L	O	O	S	E	N
V	A	S	F	■	F	■	F	■	O	■	N	■	S	■
E	■	T	■	C	H	I	R	O	P	O	D	I	S	T

BRIBERY CHARGE

KOWLOON MAGISTRATE TO CONSIDER APPEAL

Stating that he wished to consider fully a recent ruling of the Full Court of Criminal Appeal on a similar case, the Kowloon Magistrate, Mr. E. J. Wynne-Jones, yesterday afternoon adjourned the hearing of charges, including one of bribery, against a seaman of the Water Police Station.

Defendant, Pang Yik, was charged with, (a) intent to defraud by obtaining from Li Yuk $38.80 in payment for a promise of employment by the Harbour Master's Department of the Hongkong Government, (b) uttering a forged document at the Harbour Office on June 20 purporting to be a certificate of employment from the Superintendent of the Water Dock, and (c) on June 15 having taken $5 gratuitously from Li Yu without the permission of the Inspector General of Police.

The case was, therefore, adjourned in order that advice could be taken regarding charges (a) and (c).

In outlining the case for the prosecution, Inspector L. Whant said that defendant, who was a Water Police seaman, at the request of complainant's uncle said he would secure a job for complainant in the Government for a consideration. Defendant said there was a vacancy and took complainant to the seamen's quarters at the Water Police Station.

Money for Cigarettes

He secured $5 from complainant "to buy six tins of cigarettes for the Inspector." On another visit to the Station, complainant met another seaman who took him to see Inspector Wright, who at that time was busy with the Jubilee celebrations. Later, $5 was paid for a letter of recommendation, and eventually complainant saw Mr. Chittenden, who said there were no vacancies.

On June 20, complainant went to the Slipway and was given a letter by defendant purporting to be from the Superintendent of Slipways. They then went to the Harbour Office, defendant leaving complainant outside. He returned with a document to prove that complainant was then engaged by the Harbour Office. In return for this, defendant was given $38.80.

On August 15 complainant, tired of waiting for his job, interviewed Mr. Chittenden, who sent for the defendant. He said he had given the document to the complainant. He later threatened complainant's mother.

Evidence corroborative of this outline of the case was given by the complainant, Li Yuk.

When dealing with the $5 for cigarettes, Mr. Wynne-Jones said that according to the latest case on bribery, it looked as if complainant was an accomplice and therefore his evidence on that particular point could not be accepted without corroboration in material particulars.

The case was, therefore, adjourned.

Is This Your Own Experience?

At this time of year many people find more difficulty than usually in avoiding constipation. This is due to the heat, and its effects on the liver and other organs or digestion.

To overcome the difficulty is a simple matter if you use Pinkettes. Gently yet surely these dainty little laxatives dispel constipation, stimulate the liver, banish biliousness and sick headaches, clear coated tongue, remove the causes of bad breath. Chemists everywhere sell Pinkettes.

Mr. & Mrs. Y. Mori
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Teething troubles

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SCOTT'S EMULSION

SALESMAN SAM — Sam Gets Tough — By Small

NOT A PRIVATE WAR

THEY FEAR NO MODERN WAR WEAPONS

Two Hundred Irishmen Want To Fight

THEY'VE OFFERED THEIR SERVICES TO ETHIOPIA

OVER 200 Irishmen have, so far, volunteered for service with the Abyssinian forces.

Mr. R. P. Zaphiro, secretary of the Imperial Ethiopean Legation in London, says that of the total applications received over 200 had come from Ireland.

Some of the Irish applicants have excellent war service records, and have sent in detailed papers.

Abyssinia, however, is still clinging to the hope that the League of Nations will prevent war and has not yet taken advantage of the offers, which are being turned down for the present.

One of the applicants is Colonel John Shaw Reynolds, member of the new special branch of the Civic Guards, and one of the first leaders of the Irish Republican Army.

Many of the Irish applicants point out that they are skilled in guerilla warfare.

They suggest that this skill would be a great advantage in mountainous Abyssinia.

"We are not turning down, absolutely, Irish applications," Mr. Zaphiro added.

"We offer them our sincerest thanks, and tell them that while we appreciate very much their offers to serve Ethiopia, questions of expense are involved and we cannot see our way to give a promise that their services will be utilised.

"We, here in London, have no power to recruit. If we do receive that power it will be publicly announced."

He denied the rumours that Abyssinia is offering £1,000 down to ex-officers and £50 a month on arrival at Addis Ababa.

"Black Eagle" Demoted

Colonel Hubert Fauntleroy Julian, the negro airman called the "Black Eagle of Harlem," has lost his rank in the Abyssinian Army after having held it for only a few days.

He has also been deprived of his task of drilling volunteers from the Ministry of Public Works, and it is probable that further disciplinary action will be taken against him.

This follows a fight with John Robinson, who renounced U.S. citizenship to become an Abyssinian, whom he accused of instigating an article in a New York newspaper lampooning him, says *United Press*.

Julian fought in the Canadian Air Force during the war.

Military activity in Abyssinia and the alleged mobilisation near the Italian border: A typical group of volunteer troops, with ammunition boxes, before starting for their base.

Ex-Rector of Stiffkey Committed for Trial

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE CHARGES

Crowds clamoured for admission to Blackpool Police Court when Harold F. Davidson (60), ex-rector of Stiffkey, was committed for trial charged with attempted suicide by fasting at an exhibition.

Would have fasted "unto death like the Lord Mayor of Cork."

Mr. Rowson (prosecuting) said Davidson announced it was his intention to starve to death unless the Archbishop or the Bishop proceeded to put him back into the position he formerly held.

Quoting from posters, he stated that the ex-rector of Stiffkey claimed that he "will make it his life's end—and will fast unto death like the Lord Mayor of Cork."

[Earlier Mr. Burke (for Davidson) had objected to a reference to a Lord Mayor of Cork who fasted in protest against the British Government.]

"That is the reason why I say I was entitled to introduce what a Lord Mayor of Cork had done," said Mr. Rowson, "because Mr. Davidson definitely said he was going to do a similar thing."

Mr. Burke: He has never said such a thing. The posters were put outside this exhibition by Mr. Gannon, the showman, who is the proprietor. Mr. Davidson never wrote them.

Life Not In Danger

"Would it surprise you to hear that a doctor who was continually examining him (Davidson) said he was in better condition than when he started this fast? Did he seem in any danger of his life?"

Mr. Proffitt replied "No."

Robert Louis Critchley, another member of the Town Clerk's department, who went to the show with Proffitt, also gave evidence.

After asking Critchley where he saw the ex-rector, Mr. Rowson added: "I don't think you had better say that."

"The suggestion is," Mr. Burke objected, "that some person is fraudulently passing herself off as his daughter. One wonders whether the purpose of the prosecution is to prosecute my client for attempted suicide or whether the prosecution is part of a campaign against these shows".

The charge had been launched from ulterior motives, he said.

The Clerk: No; to save this man's life.

Mr. Burke: I don't think for a moment they had anything of the kind in mind.

The New Colours Milady Will Wear

(By a Special Correspondent)

SEEING red, blue, green and all the other colours of the rainbow, I have just staggered out of the offices of Britain's colour dictators.

I have talked with the officials of the British Colour Council, the organisation which chooses the fashionable colours for women to wear each season of the year.

This colour choosing business of the Council is beset with grave psychological difficulties.

It would tax the detective faculties of Sherlock Holmes to solve some of their problems.

Why, for instance, did women go all emerald green early in 1931?

The British Colour Council don't know.

But they do know that fashions in colours run in cycles, and that red, a complementary colour, followed green.

"During the depression," an official told me, "we had economy colours—greys and beiges.

"Choosing a colour chart requires a great deal of research both at home and abroad. We have to be in touch with all the fashion centres.

The Real Attraction

"Colour still attracts the buyer far more than design. That is why, with our seasonal colour chart, London is now able to compete with Paris as a fashion centre."

These colour dictators have succeeded in putting Romance with a capital "R" into their business.

"A little bit of romance in industry does pay," I was told.

"We try to give the new colours as attractive names as we can.

"For it must be much easier to persuade a romantic young soul to buy a dress of Paris Blue or Jungle Red, or Dawn Pink, than merely to say: 'We have a nice line in blue, or in red.'"

And who could help falling in love with a girl whose evening dress was called Honey Flower?

KING'S CUP AIR RACE

36 SPEEDIEST BRITISH PLANES TAKE TO AIR

THIRTY-SIX crack aviators will start off from Hatfield Aerodrome this morning in England's most exciting air race.

This year's King's Cup air race, which will be flown over a course of 949 miles and includes a sea crossing for the first time, will be flown to-day and to-morrow.

The experiment of a number of heats on short courses round a central point, to provide the best public spectacle, has been abandoned, and the race reverts into an all-round-the-country flight covering England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.

This morning six competitors will fly over the eliminating course of 947 miles, starting from and finishing at Hatfield, via Newcastle, Edinburgh, Glasgow (Renfrew), Newtownards (Northern Ireland), Blackpool, Woodford, Cardiff, Southampton (Eastleigh), Reading.

All-British Planes

To-morrow the final course will be Hatfield—Broxbourne—Henlow—Hatfield. This, covering 50 miles, will be flown seven times.

Craft will be of two classes—not exceeding 150 h.p. and exceeding that h.p.

They must be of entirely British construction.

The ten machines in each of the two classes which complete the eliminating course in the shortest time will pass into the final. No handicap allowances will be given for the eliminating contest.

Deciding Factors

Machines qualifying for the final will race on estimated performance handicaps.

Thus, apart from the handicapped final, the race will be a flat out contest in which speed and expert piloting will be the deciding factors.

The Eliminating Course

The length of the eliminating course will be about 947 miles, made up thus:—

Hatfield	Start.....	Miles
Newcastle-upon-Tyne	Turning point	240
Edinburgh	Turning point	90
Glasgow (Renfrew)	Control.....	41
Newtownards (N. Ireland)	Control.....	104
Blackpool	Turning point	120
Woodford	Control.....	50
Cardiff	Control.....	136
Southampton (Eastleigh)	Turning point	86
Reading	Turning point	43
Hatfield	Finish.....	37

The only requirements for the eliminating contest are that the pilots shall land and check in at each of the four control points and turn at each of the official turning points. The course will not only provide a severe test of reliability and navigating skill but will give entrants a free hand in judging the type of aircraft best suited to the race.

The entrant, pilot or pilots, and any passenger or passengers carried in the race must be British subjects. The entrance must be individual, not a firm or a company. Pilots must have had at least 100 hours' experience of solo flying before the race. The contest is open to any type of *bona fide* civil aircraft, provided that the aircraft, engines, and accessories have been entirely constructed in the Empire. Competitors must make their own fuelling arrangements along the course. It will not be obligatory to refuel at the official control points.

HE WANTED A DOG TO BITE HIM

BUT THIS DOG WAS TOO OBLIGING

A man wanted a dog to bite him at Ealing recently.
A dog was found.
The dog bit the man.
The man was taken to hospital.

MR. Harry Tate, the comedian, working on a new production at an Ealing film studio, had to be chased and bitten (slightly) in the seat of his trousers.

A whippet which looked as if it could bite intelligently (and lightly) was produced.

Harry dashed across the scene according to instructions.

The whippet followed.

Harry fell, also according to instructions.

The whippet jumped and bit—not in the seat of Harry's trousers, but in the calf of his leg.

Harry was taken to hospital, where he had the wound cauterised and six stitches inserted.

New Colour Films May Make A Fortune

BRITISH PROCESS

In a small film theatre in Wardour-street, London, a fortnight ago a private demonstration was held of an invention which may be worth a fortune.

During the last six years film laboratories have spent thousands of pounds in trying to solve the secret of natural colour photography.

Two Englishmen, who have experimented for 15 years in an underground laboratory near Clapham Common, S.W., claim to have found it.

They screened about 500 feet of specimen film several times over. The actual photography was bad—the specimen shots had been made with little more than a makeshift camera, and the print was badly cut and scratched.

But the colour itself was surprisingly good.

In its ability to get flesh tints—which has always been one of the stumbling blocks to colour photography—it showed results which are considered to be better than anything I had previously seen.

A battery of four lenses is used in the new method.

One of them takes a straightforward black-and-white negative, similar to the ordinary negative of a monochrome film. The other three have filters, each lens being screened to photograph its own primary colour.

The system, to be known as Bostock Fourcolour, has already been registered here and in the United States.

CANADIAN POLICE MAY LOSE NAME

MECHANISATION AND THE "MOUNTIES"

Montreal, Aug. 30.

The Royal Canadian Mounted Police, Canada's colourful police may drop the word "mounted" from their title and become known as the "Royal Canadian Police."

Addressing the International Association for Identification at a convention here, Sir James MacBrien, commissioner of the R.C.M.P., said the force has been so greatly modernised that the word "mounted" means little to-day.

"When I joined it as a recruit, it was known as the North-West Mounted Police," Sir James said. "Later the name of the Force was changed to the Royal North-West Mounted Police. And now it is sad to realise that some day our name may be changed again to drop the word 'Mounted.'

"Out of our force of 2,000 men we have only 300 mounted now. We have many more dogs than we have horses, and most of our men now travel in motor-cars, aeroplanes or boats."

In future, he added, recruits to the force will not be trained in horsemanship except those that are definitely destined for the mounted detail. Instead, they will spend more time in learning the scientific aspects of police work.—*United Press*.

H.K. LOAN WORKS

ADDITIONAL EXPENDITURE APPROVED BY COUNCIL

Resolutions approving the additional expenditure of $2,771,371 on account of loan works and the sum of $78,000 on the Vehicular Ferry during 1935, were approved at yesterday's meeting of the Legislative Council.

His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government (Sir Thomas Southorn, K.B.E., C.M.G.), presided, and there were also present:

His Excellency the General Officer Commanding the Troops, Major General O. C. Borrett C.B., C.M.G., C.B.E., D.S.O.;

The Acting Colonial Secretary (Hon. Mr. N. L. Smith).

The Attorney General (Hon. Mr. C. G. Alabaster, K.C., O.B.E.);

The Acting Secretary for Chinese Affairs (Hon. Mr. E. H. Williams).

The Colonial Treasurer (Hon. Mr. E. Taylor);

The Hon. Mr. R. M. Henderson (Direction of Public Works).

Hon Commander G. F. Hole, R.N., (retired), (Harbour Master);

Hon. Dr. W. B. A. Moore (Acting Director of Medical and Sanitary Services);

Hon. Mr. M. J. Breen (Postmaster General);

Hon. Sir Henry Pollock, Kt. K.C.;

Hon Sir William Shenton, Kt.

Hon. Mr. R. H. Kotewall, C.M.G., LL.D.;

Hon. Mr. J. P. Braga, O.B.E.;

Hon. Mr. W. H. Bell;

Hon. Mr. S. W. Tso, O.B.E., LL.D.;

Hon. Mr. J. J. Paterson;

Hon. Mr. T. N. Chau;;

Mr. H. R. Butters (Deputy Clerk of Councils).

Loan Works

The Colonial Treasurer:—The Resolutions standing in my name are in connection with approved loan works.

Expenditure on loan works in 1935 was originally estimated at $4,727,679.69 and of this amount the sum of $2,152,984 (excluding Crown Agents charges for June and July) had been expended by the end of July.

Ordinance 11 of 1934 authorises the Governor to borrow up to a sum not exceeding 25 million dollars. $13,860,000 has already been borrowed—and an additional $2,217,067.30 has already been advanced, with the consent of Council, from surplus balances, $217,067.30 having been approved for 1934 and $2,000,000 for the first half of 1935.

The revised estimate for loan works during 1935 is $4,771,371, and as our cash resources at present will permit the payment of this sum from surplus balances, with the economies attendant on such payment, I ask that in addition to the sum of $2,000,000 already approved a further sum of $2,771,371 may be advanced this year.

I now move,—That this Council approves the further sum of $2,771,371 on account of loan works being met from surplus balances during the financial year 1935, pending the issue of a further loan.

Vehicular Ferry

The second resolution deals with the Vehicular Ferry. Honourable Members will remember that when the Schedule to the Hongkong Dollar Loan Ordinance was amended by Resolution of Council on May 16 1935, the total allocation of Item No. 3, Vehicular Ferry, was increased from $1,900,000 to $1,930,000. In the schedule of loan works annexed to the Estimates for 1935 only $25,000 is allotted to the Vehicular Ferry as it was estimated that $1,875,000 would be required by the end of 1934, whereas only $1,850,418 was spent. It is now desired to increase the allotment for 1935 from $25,000 to $78,000 as it is considered necessary after the recent inspection by Mr. A. T. Coode to construct two new caissons, one at the end of the east arm of Jubilee Street pier and the other at the end of the west arm of the Jordan Road pier, and certain other works costing in all $65,000. It is possible that the full $78,000 will not be required this year, and in that case it will again be necessary for me to ask for further approval in 1936 for the unspent balance.

I now move,—That this Council approves the expenditure of $78,000 on the Vehicular Ferry during the year 1935.

The Colonial Secretary seconded, and the resolutions were carried.

Other Business

On the motion of the Attorney General, seconded by the Colonial Secretary, "A Bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to the deportation of undesirable aliens" passed its first reading.

Bills which passed through their final stages were "A Bill to consolidate, amend and simplify the law relating to larceny and kindred offences."; "A Bill to amend the law relating to the falsification of documents and to amend the Forgery Ordinance, 1922."; "A Bill to amend the law relating to false personation."; "A Bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to dangerous drugs."; "A Bill to amend the Summary Offences Ordinance, 1932."; "A Bill to regulate certain official signatures and to provide for the payment of fees therefor."; and "A Bill to amend the law relating to Estate Duty and to provide for the payment of any such duty, which may be due, before a successor is registered without probate or administration."

Council adjourned until Thursday next, when the annual Budget will be presented.

FINANCE COMMITTEE

VOTES TOTALLING $34,571 APPROVED

Following the meeting of the Legislative Council a meeting of the Finance Committee was held yesterday at which votes totalling $34,571 were approved.

The acting-Colonial Secretary, Mr. N. L. Smith, presided.

In regard to an item of $1,256 for extra training for Mr. W. Sprague, assistant Government Marine Surveyor whilst on leave, and for training of Mr. D. Kossick, a newly appointed assistant Surveyor, the Chairman explained that the extra training was in connection with electrical welding, which did not come within the regular duties of the Marine Surveyor.

In answer to Hon. Mr. R. H. Kotewall during consideration of a vote for $24,000 in connection with the Kowloon Tsai Development scheme, the Director of Public Works stated that the section of the work now being carried out would be completed by April of next year. Some of the land was already available for sale.

HONGKONG JOURNALS

CANTON LIFTS BAN ON FOUR VERNACULAR PAPERS

Those Hongkong non-partisan papers which have been banned in Canton since July may now be admitted again, as the prohibition on them has been lifted. The papers concerned are the *Wah Kiu Yat Po*, the *Kung Sheung Yat Po*, *Tsun Wan Yat Po* and *Tai Kwong Po*, according to the *Canton Daily Sun*.

These papers were denied admission to Canton, because they published certain news items principally concerned with political affairs which incurred the displeasure of the Canton high authorities. The matter was straightened out following a number of meetings between the Editors of the newspapers concerned and the Canton officials.

THE HONGKONG
PENINSULA HOTEL;
HONGKONG HOTEL; REPULSE BAY HOTEL;
PEAK HOTEL
&
SHANGHAI
ASTOR HOUSE; PALACE HOTEL;
HOTELS
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In association with the Grand Hotel des Wagons Lits, Peking

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"THE ISLAND'S MOST EFFICIENT SERVICE."
RUNNYMEDE HOTEL
On Sea Front.
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Refreshment Rooms. (near summit station) Hill Railway.
Private Cars for Excursions Anywhere.
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Meals are interchangeable, no extra cost wherever you have your breakfast, luncheon, tea, or dinner.
Rooms of both hotels have private bathrooms and modern sanitation. At the Runnymede each room has its own public telephone.
The Runnymede Restaurant has undeniably pride of place among hotels of the East with its cuisine, and justly claims by its associations to offer the traveller such as is not to be found elsewhere.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

25 WORDS $1.50 for 3 DAYS PREPAID
50 cents for Every Additional Day
Alternate Insertions 20% Extra.
If Not Prepaid a Booking Fee of
50 cents is Charged.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

ENGLISHMAN REQUIRES accommodation with or without board, near Star Ferry, Kowloon, or Hongkong. State terms and facilities. Write Box No. 287, "Hongkong Telegraph."

ROOMS TO LET

ROOMS TO LET.—Claremont Hotel begs to announce that they have a few rooms available at $100 per month.

HOTELS

AIRLIE HOTEL 23-25, Nathan Road, Kowloon. Two minutes from Ferry, modern conveniences, excellent food, rooms from $40, with full board from $90 per month. Phone 57357.

RADIO BROADCAST

(Continued from Page 7.)

Greenwich Time Signal at 12 Midnight
8.15 a.m. "Under Big Ben." A friendly chat by Howard Marshall.
8.30 a.m. From the London Shows.
8.45 a.m. The News.
9 a.m. Close down.

Transmission 6

(G.S.D., G.S.C. and G.S.L.)
11 a.m. Big Ben. A Programme of Light British Music.
Greenwich Time Signal at 3.30 a.m.
11.45 a.m. The News.
12 p.m. Close down.

Transmission 2

(G.S.J., G.S.H. and G.S.G.)
7 p.m. Big Ben. An Organ Recital by Ernest W. Maynard.
7.30 p.m. The B.B.C. Variety Orchestra, conducted by Kneale Kelley.
Greenwich Time Signal at 12 Noon
8.15 p.m. The Coventry Hippodrome Orchestra.
9 p.m. The News and Announcements.
9.20 p.m. The Imperial Hotel Orchestra.
9.45 p.m. Close down.

Transmission 3

(G.S.G. 10-11.45 p.m.; G.S.E. 10 p.m.-1 a.m.; G.S.B. 12-1 a.m.)
10 p.m. Big Ben. Herman Darewski and his Band, relayed from the Spa Royal Hall, Bridlington.
11 p.m. Light Symphony Concert. The B.B.C. Northern Orchestra.
12.15 a.m. Dance Music.
Greenwich Time Signal at 4.30 p.m.
12.30 a.m. The News and Announcements.
12.50 a.m. Dance Music.
1 a.m. Close down.

Transmission 4

(G.S.B. and G.S.D.)
PART I
1.15 a.m. Big Ben. The News and Announcements. Fruit Market Notes.
1.35 a.m. The B.B.C. Northern Ireland Orchestra.
2.15 a.m. Fred Hartley and his Novelty Quintet with Brian Lawrence.
Greenwich Time Signal at 7 p.m.
3 a.m. The "Roosters" in a melange of mirth, music, mummery, and minstrelsy, relayed from the Princess Pier Pavilion, Torquay.
3.50 a.m. "News from Road and Track—The R.A.C. Tourist Trophy Motor Race." A talk by H. E. Symons.
Greenwich Time Signal at 8 p.m.
4.10 p.m. The B.B.C. Military Band, conducted by William Matthews.
5 a.m. Close down.
PART II
5.15 a.m. Interlude.
5.20 a.m. Dance Music.
6 a.m. The News and Announcements.
6.20 a.m. Dance Music.
6.45 a.m. Close down.

FATEFUL YEARS AHEAD

(Continued from Page 6.)

justifiable, if at all, only as temporary measures.

The economic part of the book finishes with a stimulating chapter entitled "Social Justice." Among its proposals are:

Co-ordination of the existing Social Services.

Abolition of the family Means Test.

Increased Old Age Pensions for those entirely dependent on them.

A State-supported scheme for retirement allowances.
Raising the school-leaving age.
A £5,000,000 grant to start a National Food Policy to improve standards of nutrition.

* * *

This chapter also discusses the system of taxation and concludes that our present system "is gravely inequitable and has recently been growing more so." If taxation has to be increased, three possible sources are suggested:
New taxes on the increment in land values.
Increased taxes on unearned incomes.
Increased death duties.
The signatories "believe that in present circumstances, when destitution exists side by side with enormous wealth, there should be *some* transfer of income between rich and poor."
The section of the book on Peace, though it is fully argued and sets out its case at length, can be more briefly summarised. Its policy is that of the collective system and the League of Nations. It emphatically rejects both isolationism and also the policy of an armed Balance of Power. It proposes no new pacts or covenants, but takes its stand firmly on the ground that the Covenant of the League of Nations, if genuinely accepted and properly worked, provides a workable basis for durable peace.
Great Britain's task is to take her full share in the obligations, as well as in the benefits, of the League system, to serve as an interpreter of that system to the world outside Europe, and to use her influence to see that the League does not become a mere pact of the victors but an instrument of vital, though peaceful, change.
Inevitably, this brief summary does less than justice to a well-considered statement of policy which is refreshingly free from vague generalities or appeals to the shibboleths of Party doctrine. As a short-term programme of immediately practicable progressive reforms it merits the careful study of every elector who is anxious to see the Britain of 1940 a more prosperous, happier land than the Britain of to-day.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DIOCESAN BOYS' SCHOOL

Founded 1869 Hong Kong
Headmaster:—Rev. C.B.R. Sargent, M.A. Cantab.
Next term starts on Monday, September 9th at 8.30 a.m.
New boys' tests will be held on Saturday, September 7th at 9 a.m.
Entry forms, prospectuses and all particulars may be obtained from the Headmaster.
Telephone 57777 P. O. Box 33.

ST. STEPHEN'S COLLEGE, STANLEY.

The New School Year begins September 9th. Examination for new Students, Saturday September 7th, at 9 a.m.
For Prospectus, for Boarders and Day Boys, apply Li Hoi Tung Esq., Messrs. Banker & Co., Bank of China Building,

or

The Warden,
St. Stephen's College, Stanley.

NOTICE.

POWER OF ATTORNEY

Notice is hereby given that on account of transfer to other duties the Power of Attorney issued to Mr. B. C. Lawrence as District Manager for the Texas Company (China) Ltd., at Hongkong has been cancelled and recalled.

THE TEXAS COMPANY (CHINA) LTD.,
By
P. F. Le FEVRE,
General Manager.
Hongkong, September 4, 1935.

NOTICE.

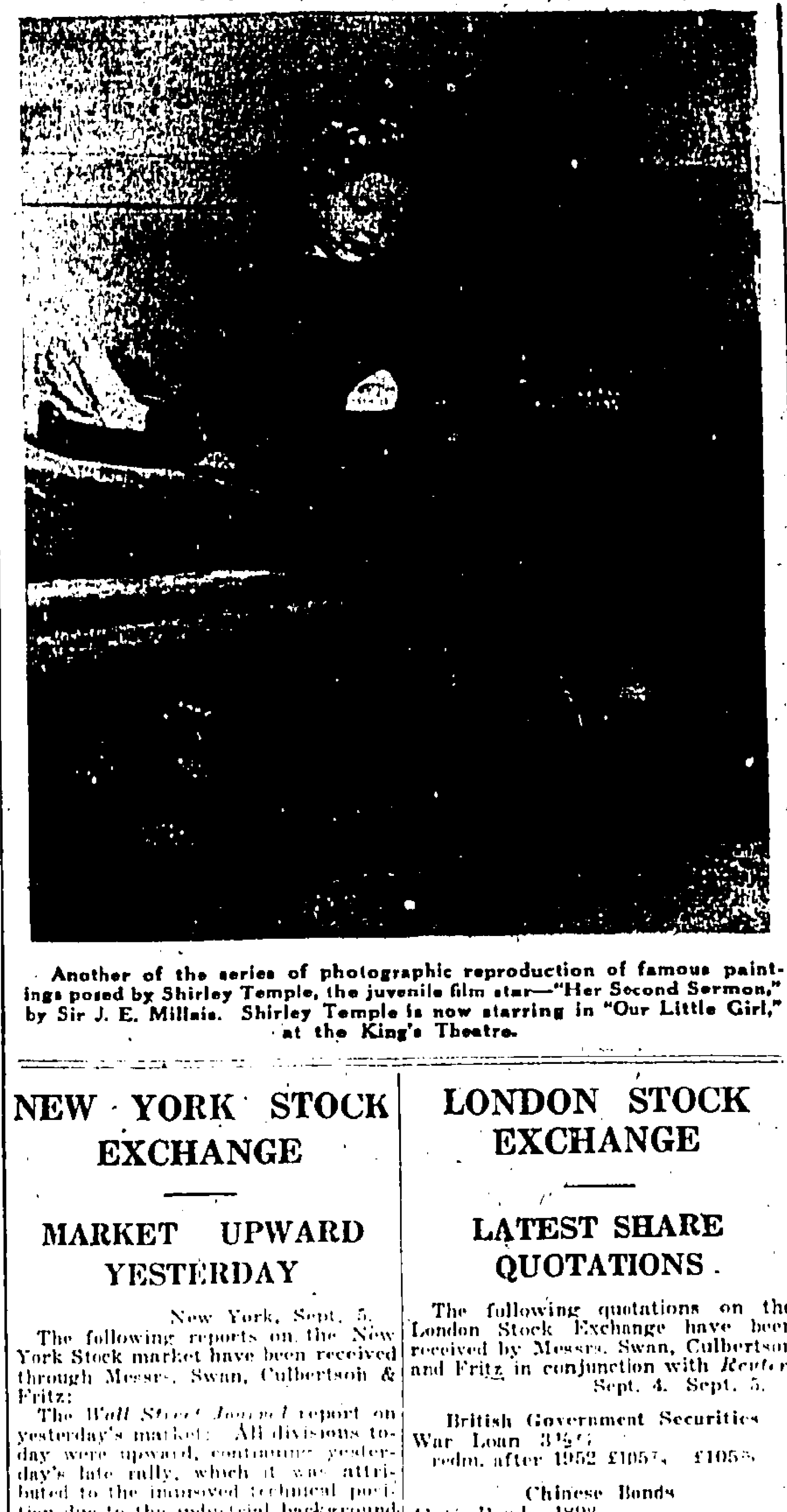
POWER OF ATTORNEY

Notice is hereby given that on account of transfer to other duties the Power of Attorney issued to Mr. L. H. G. Frost as District Accountant for The Texas Company (China) Ltd., at Hongkong has been cancelled and recalled.
Similar Power of Attorney has been issued to Mr. F. D. Pope who has been appointed District Accountant at Hongkong to succeed Mr. L. H. G. Frost.

THE TEXAS COMPANY (CHINA) LTD.,
By
P. F. Le FEVRE,
General Manager.
Hongkong, September 4th, 1935.

THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that an Interim Dividend of One Dollar per Share has been declared for the six months ended 30th June, 1935, and will be payable on and after MONDAY, 23rd SEPTEMBER, 1935. Dividend Warrants may be obtained on application at the Company's Registered Office, P. & O. Building.
THE REGISTER OF SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from TUESDAY, 10th SEPTEMBER, to SATURDAY, 21st SEPTEMBER (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.
By Order of the Board of Directors.
GIBB LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.,
Agents.
Hong Kong, 28th August, 1935.



Another of the series of photographic reproduction of famous paintings posed by Shirley Temple, the juvenile film star—"Her Second Sermon," by Sir J. E. Millais. Shirley Temple is now starring in "Our Little Girl," at the King's Theatre.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MARKET UPWARD YESTERDAY

New York, Sept. 5.
The following reports on the New York Stock market have been received through Messrs. Swan, Culbertson & Fritz:
The *Wall Street Journal* report on yesterday's market: All divisions today were upward, continuing yesterday's late rally, which it was attributed to the improved technical position due to the industrial background and unwarranted over-optimism. Stocks on the Curb Exchange were higher and active. Bonds were strong and active.
S. C. & F. New York Office cables: The market today was strong. Tractions were features of the market on reports of early unification. Traders are bullish in their outlook. The Gold Dust Corporation earned 97 cents per share for the year ended June 30. The Association of American Railroads reports that during July the income of Class 1 railroads amounted to $26,851,000,000, against an income of $35,411,000,000 during July of last year.
New York and Chicago commodity reports received through Messrs. Swan, Culbertson & Fritz:—
Cotton: Some heavy switching of October cotton was in evidence. Complaints of insect damage in the West and excessive rainfall in the East fail to outweigh hedge selling.
Wheat: Breader trading was in evidence to-day. The market here and also abroad is apparently adjusted to the sound world position.
Corn: September corn is tightening on cash demand. Receipts of corn are small.
Rubber: We think that the present unsettlement is due to the filling up of quotas, which will about average restriction allotments in the long run.
Hides: Steady. A further improvement is expected.
Silk: Quiet. Nears are in demand, whilst other positions are easy.
Special News: The Edison Electric Institute estimates weekly electricity production at 1,810,000,000 k.w.h., an increase of 11.2 per cent. over the corresponding period of last year.

REUTER QUOTATIONS

Dow-Jones Averages:

	Sept. 4.	Sept. 5.
30 Industrials	128.46	129.34
20 Rails	35.62	36.01
20 Utilities	25.63	25.98
40 Bonds	96.01	96.20
11 Commodity Index	52.86	53.17

21 YEARS AGO

Extracts From the "Telegraph" Files

The following extracts are from the *Hongkong Telegraph* for the week ended September 12, 1914.

* * *

The rate of dollar on demand was 1s. 9.13/16d.

* * *

In connection with the Great War, a committee consisting of Messrs. A. H. Barlow, C. P. Hay, P. H. Holyoak, R. Sutherland and W. M. Humphreys was appointed to consider taking steps for the protection of the interests of those concerned in respect of cargo on board German and Austrian steamers en route to or from Hongkong. Mr. G. C. Moxon was the Secretary of the Committee.

* * *

Mr. J. A. S. Bucknill, Attorney General in Hongkong, was appointed Chief Justice of the Straits Settlements.

* * *

Mr. E. R. Hallifax was appointed as Private Secretary and Lieut. H. G. Bagnall, R.A. as A.D.C. to H.E. the Governor, Sir Henry May.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LATEST SHARE QUOTATIONS

The following quotations on the London Stock Exchange have been received by Messrs. Swan, Culbertson and Fritz in conjunction with *Reuter.*

	Sept. 4.	Sept. 5.
British Government Securities		
War Loan 3½% redm. after 1952	£105⅞	£105⅝
Chinese Bonds		
4½% Bonds 1898 (Eng. Iss.)	£100⅝	£101
4½% Loan 1908	£ 97	£ 98
5% Loan 1912	£ 78⅝	£ 78⅝
5% Reorg. Loan 1913 (Ldn. Iss.)	£ 88½	£ 88½
5% Bonds 1925-47	£ 90½	£ 90⅝
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	£ 68	£ 68
5% Tient.-Pukow Rly.	£ 23	£ 23
5% Tient.-Pukow Railway (Supl. Loan)	£ 21	£ 21
5% Honan Rly.	£ 25½	£ 25½
5% Hukuang Rly. 1911	£ 40	£ 40
5% Lung Tsing U. Hai Rly. 1913	£ 13	£ 13
Foreign Bonds and Banks		
German 7% Int. Loan 1924	£ 60	£ 60
Japan 5% Sterling Loan 1907	£ 83½	£ 83½
Japan 6% Sterling Loan 1924	£ 92½	£ 92½
H.K. & S'hai Bk. (Ldn. Regd.)	£104⅝	£104⅝
Chartd. Bk. of I.A. & C.	£ 13¼	£ 13¼
Commercial and Industrial		
Allied Iron Founders	40/3	41/-
Associated Elec. Industries	34/3	34/7½
Austin Motors ord. sh.	54/3	54/-
Boots 5/- sh.	49/1½	49/3
British-American Tobacco (bearer)	115/7½	116/3
Canadian Celanese	80/-	81/3
Chinese Eng. and Min. (Bearer)	11/6	11/6
Courtaulds	54/9	54/9
Distillers	93/-	93/3
Dunlop Rubber	42/-	42/3
Electric Musical Industries	26/4½	27/3
General Electric (England)	51/6	51/6
Hawker Aircraft	28/6	28/6
Impl. Chem. Ind.	34/10½	35/1½
Impl. Tobacco	138/1½	138/9
O.K. Bazaars	27/6	28/6
Rolls Royce £1 sh.	150/-	153/9
S'hai Elec. Constr.	45/-	45/-
Tate & Lyle	79/4½	80/-
Turner & Newall	56/3	56/9
United Steel	33/9	34/-
Vickers ord.	16/7½	17/1½
Watney, Combe & Reid def. ord.	73/6	73/6
Woolworths	110/-	110/-
Miscellaneous		
Anglo-Dutch	18/9	19/6
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	19/-	20/-
Pekin Synd. 2/- ord. sh.	1/6	1/6
Rubber Trusts	26/7½	27/3
Mines		
Burma Corpn. Rs. 10	9/7½	9/7½
Commonwealth Mining	11/6	11/7½
Randfontein Estates	50/6	51/3
Spaarwater Gold Mining	4/6	4/6
Springs Mines	38/9	39/4½
Sub-Nigel	240/-	242/6
Rhokana Corpn.	97/6	98/9
Oils		
Anglo-Persian	60/7½	61/3
Burma Oil	77/6	78/1½
Shell Trans and Trad. (Bearer)	70/7½	71/3
Chosen Corpn.	17/6	17/6
Marsman Investments, Ltd.	28/6	28/6

A dinner dance will be held at Repulse Bay Hotel on Saturday, and a tea dance on Sunday. The last bus leaves Repulse Bay at 1.00 a.m. on Saturday; and there will be a half-hourly bus service on Sunday afternoon.

POST OFFICE.

H.K. GOVERNMENT RADIO TELEGRAPH SERVICE

From the First day of September 1935 the charges for telegrams will be collected at the rate of Dollar 0.68 to equal Gold Franc 1.00.
From the First of September, 1935, Night Letter Telegrams (NLT) expressed in Plain language may be exchanged between Hongkong and Great Britain at one-third of the Full Ordinary Rate with a minimum charge for 25 words.
These telegrams will be delivered on the morning after the date of despatch.
Further information may be obtained at the Radio Office.

GOVERNMENT EXAMINATION IN WIRELESS

An examination for the Hongkong Government Certificate of Proficiency in Wireless Telegraphy, 2nd Class (Restricted), will be held at the Government Wireless School, 1st Floor, G.P.O. commencing on September 10, 1935. Applications for permission to attend must reach the above address not later than September 9.

GOVERNMENT WIRELESS SCHOOL.

A Refresher Course in Wireless Telegraphy (Theoretical, practical and telegraphy) will be commenced at the Government Wireless School, 1st Floor, G.P.O., about the middle of September for existing holders of "Special A." Certificates wishing to qualify for the 2nd Class (Restricted) Certificates. The course is expected to last about two months, and will be limited to twelve candidates. The usual School fee of $10 per month will be payable. Applications for admission to the Course should be sent to the above address. Refresher Courses will be repeated at convenient intervals during the next twelve months for the benefit of those who cannot be included in the above course.

INWARD MAILS

From	Per	Date
U.S.A., Canada, Japan and Shanghai (Seattle, 17th August).	Pres. Grant due at 1.30 p.m.	Sept. 6.
Saigon	Athos II	September 7.
Japan	Genoa Maru	September 7.
Shanghai and Swatow	Soochow	September 7.
Shanghai	Ixion	September 8.
Straits and Air Mail ex Imperial Airways Service (London, 24th Aug.) and Air Mail ex Amsterdam Bandoeng Service—Amsterdam, 28th August.	Achilles (due Noon)	September 9.
Shanghai	Conte Rosso	September 9.
Japan	Naruto Maru	September 9.
Japan	Sydney Maru	September 9.
Japan	Anyo Maru	September 10.
Shanghai	D'Artagnan	September 10.
Shanghai	Deucalion	September 10.
Swatow	Hai Lee	September 10.
Australia and Manila	Taiping	September 10.
Straits	Toyooka Maru	September 11.
Amoy	Sirdhana	September 12.
Straits	Antenor	September 13.
Japan and Shanghai	Kashima Maru	September 13.
U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai (San Francisco, 16th August)	Pres. Johnson	September 13.
Shanghai	Soudan	September 13.
Canada, U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai (Vancouver, B.C., 22nd August)	Emp. of Asia	September 14.
Calcutta and Straits	Kumsang	September 14.
Japan	Lyons Maru	September 14.
Japan	Malacca Maru	September 14.
Straits	Suwa Maru	September 15.
U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai (San Francisco, 23rd August).	Pres. Cleveland	September 16.

OUTWARD MAILS

For — Per — Date and Time

Friday.

Samshui and Wuchow .... Tai Ming ....Fri., Sept. 6, 4 p.m.
Shanghai, Japan, Honolulu, U.S.A., Central and South America, Canada and *Europe via San Francisco, and *Europe via Siberia (Due San Francisco, 25th Sept.). — Pres. Hoover ....Fri., Sept. 6. Parcels, ... Sept. 6, 3 p.m. Reg., ...Sept. 6, 4.15 p.m. Letters, ...Sept. 6, 5 p.m.
*Shanghai, *Japan and *San Francisco. (Due San Francisco, 29th September). — General Pershing Fri., Sept. 6, 5 p.m.

Saturday

Letters for "Bandoeng, Amsterdam Air Mail Service." (Due Amsterdam 16th September). — Naldera ....Sat., Sept. 7.
K.P.O.: Reg., ...Sept. 6, 4.30 p.m. Letters, ...Sept. 7, 9 a.m.
G.P.O.: Reg., ...Sept. 7, 9 a.m. Letters, ...Sept. 7, 9.30 a.m.
Straits, Sandakan, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles (Due Marseilles, 4th October). — Naldera ....Sat., Sept. 7.
K. P. O.: Parcels ....Sept. 6, 4.30 p.m. Reg. ....Sept. 7, 9 a.m. Letters ......Sept. 7, 10 a.m.
G. P. O.: Parcels ....Sept. 6, 5 p.m. Reg. ....Sept. 7, 9.45 a.m. Letters .....Sept. 7, 10.30 a.m.
Shanghai, *Japan and *Europe via Siberia. — Athos II. .....Sat., Sept. 7, 1.30 p.m.
Haiphong .... Canton ....Sat., Sept. 7, 2 p.m.
Amoy .... Kingyuan ....Sat., Sept. 7, 3.30 p.m.
Manila .... Pres. Grant ..Sat., Sept. 7, 4.30 p.m.

Sunday.

Foochow .... Szechuen ......Sun., Sept. 8, 9 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa ...... Canton Maru ...Sun., Sept. 8, 9 a.m.

Monday.

Japan, Honolulu, and *San Francisco (Due San Francisco, 8th October) — Heiyo Maru Mon., Sept. 9, 10.30 am.
Swatow and Bangkok .... Kwangchow . Mon., Sept. 9, 1.30 p.m.
Letters, for "Bandoeng—Amsterdam Air Mail Service." (Due Amsterdam, 19th September). — Conte Rosso ....Mon., Sept. 9.
K.P.O.: Reg., ...Sept. 9, 1 p.m. Letters, ... Sept. 9, 1.30 p.m.
G.P.O.: Reg., ...Sept. 9, 1.30 p.m. Letters, ...Sept. 9, 2 p.m.
Letters for "Singapore—Australia Air Mail Service." (Due Darwin, 17th September). — Conte Rosso ....Mon., Sept. 9.
K.P.O.: Reg., ...Sept. 9, 1 p.m. Letters, ...Sept. 9, 1.30 p.m.
G.P.O.: Reg., ...Sept. 9, 1.30 p.m. Letters, ...Sept. 9, 2 p.m.
Letters for "Imperial Airways Service (Due London 23rd September). — Conte Rosso ....Mon., Sept. 9.
K. P. O.: Reg., ...Sept. 9, 1 p.m. Letters .....Sept. 9, 1.30 p.m.
G. P. O.: Reg., ...Sept. 9, 1.30 p.m. Letters ....Sept. 9, 2 p.m.
Australia and New Zealand via Brisbane—due Brisbane, 23rd September .... — Sydney Maru ....Sat., Sept. 9. Parcels.........Sept. 9, Noon Reg. ....Sept. 9, 1.45 p.m. Letters .....Sept. 9, 2.30 p.m.
Straits, Sandakan, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. and S. Africa, Egypt and *Europe via Brindisi (Due Brindisi, 30th September). — Conte Rosso ....Mon., Sept. 9
K. P. O.: Reg., ...Sept. 9, 1.30 p.m. Letters, ...Sept. 9, 1.30 p.m.
G. P. O.: Reg., ...Sept. 9, 2.15 p.m. Letters, ...Sept. 9, 3 p.m.
*Straits and *Calcutta .... — Kutsang ....Mon., Sept. 9. Parcels .....Sept. 9, 2.00 p.m. Letters ....Sept. 9, 3 p.m.

Tuesday.

Letters, for "Saigon—Marseilles Air Mail Service." (Due Marseilles 23rd September). — D'Artagnan ....Tues., Sept. 10,
K.P.O.: Reg., ...Sept. 9, 4.30 p.m. Letters, ...Sept. 10, 9 a.m.
G.P.O.: Reg., ...Sept. 9, 9 a.m. Letters, ...Sept. 10, 9.30 a.m.
Batavia .... Tjisalak ...Tues., Sept. 10, 9.30 a.m.
Saigon, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. and S. Africa, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles. (Due Marseilles, 10th October). — D'Artagnan ....Tues., Sept. 10,
K. P. O.: Reg., ...Sept. 10, 9 a.m. Letters, ...Sept. 10, 10 a.m.
G. P. O.: Reg., ...Sept. 10, 9.45 a.m. Letters, ...Sept. 10, 10.30 a.m.
Hoihow .... Tean ....Tues., Sept. 10, 11.30 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow .... Haiyang .. Tues., Sept. 10, 2 p.m.
Amoy .... Anhui ....Tues., Sept. 10, 5 p.m.

*Superscribed correspondence only.

This Week-End
At the
REPULSE BAY
—HOTEL

Saturday, 7th September

SPECIAL DINNER DANCE

$3.00 per cover

DANCE ORCHESTRA FOR THE OCCASION
"The Revellers"
RESERVATIONS PHONE 27775
THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI HOTELS, LTD.

BRASSO METAL POLISH
Gives new polish to all Brass and Copper.

CANTON AGENTS
for
The Hongkong Telegraph.
WM. FARMER & CO.
Victoria Hotel Building,
Shameen, Canton.
Tel. 13501.

ROOSEVELT DEFENDS HIS WORKS

(Continued from Page 1.)

Bill that aims at revenge rather than revenue....revenge on business; that the Administration has side-stepped broadening the tax base to the extent necessary for the approximate needs of the immediate situation; that here can be no real recovery until fears in business have been allayed through granting a breathing spell to industry and a recess from further experimentation until the country can recover its losses.

"I know you have repeatedly stated your position on sections of the Nation's problem, but as an editor I know also the necessity of repetition and reiteration. There is need to undo the damage done by misinterpreters to the New Deal. I know you feel exactly as I do—what with all the faults and abuses it has developed, our system has in the past, enabled us to achieve a greater mass progress than that attained by any other system on earh.

"Smoke out the sinister forces seeking to delude the public into believing that the orderly modernisation of systems we want is a revolution.

Cordially and Sincerely
Roy W. Howard."

ROOSEVELT REPLIES

President Roosevelt wrote in reply:

"My Dear Mr. Howard:

"I appreciate the tone and purpose of your letter. Fairness impels me to note with sympathy and understanding the facts you regard based upon your observations as a reporter of opinion throughout the United States. I can well realise, moreover, that many legislative details and processes incidental to a long and arduous session of Congress might have had an unavoidable effect, promoting some confusion in people's minds.

"I think I can safely disregard the sceptics of whom you speak. Sceptics were present when Noah said it was going to rain. They refused to enter the ark. You can also disregard those actuated by a spirit of political partisanship or willingness to gain or retain personal profit at the expense of and to the detriment of their neighbours. Then there were those who told us to do nothing. We had heard of a do-nothing policy before from the same sources and in many cases from the same individuals. We heard it when Theodore Roosevelt and Wilson proposed reforms. The country has learned how to measure that kind of opposition.

POSITIVE DUTY

"But there are critics who are honest and non-partisan who are willing to discuss and learn. I believe we have therefore, a positive duty to clarify our purposes, to describe cur methods and reiterate our ideas. Such clarification could be greatly aided by the efforts of the public-spirited newspapers which serve the public a true portrayed of facts and an unbiased printing of news.

"However, experience is the best teacher, and results are the best evidence.

"As an essential outline of what has been done rises into view I am confident that doubts and misapprehensions will vanish. I am further confident that business as a whole will agree with you and with me that the interests of what we broadly term business are not in conflict with, but wholly in harmony with, mass interests.

"I note what you say of hostility from 'financial racketeers, public exploiters and sinister forces.' Such criticism is an honour to bear.

RECOVERY AND REFORM

"The large depression was the culmination of unsuccessful, however innocent, arrangement of agriculture, business and finance. Our legislation was remedial and as such it would serve no purpose to make a doctrinary effort to distinguish between that addressed to recovery and that addressed to reform.

"Our actions were in conformity with the basic economic purposes set forth three years ago. I pointed out it was necessary to seek a wise balance in American economic life, to restore the banking system and public confidence, to protect the investors' shaky market, to allow labour freely organise and to grant protection from exploitation, to safeguard and develop national resources, to set up protection against the vicissitudes of health, old age unemployment, to relieve destitution, to relieve investors and consumers from the burden of unnecessary corporation machinery.

"I do not believe that any responsible political party will dare to go before the public in opposition to any of these major objectives.

A JUST PURPOSE

"The tax programme of which you speak is based upon broad, just social-economic purpose. Such purpose is not to destroy wealth, but to create a broader range of opportunity to restore in circulation large, unwholesome, sterile accumulations—to lay the burdens of government where they can be best carried. It affects only individuals with incomes of over $50,000 yearly and individual estates of descendants having over $40,000. Moreover, it recognises generally that corporations enjoying advantages in size over the smaller possess a relatively greater capacity to pay.

"No reasonable person thinks this is going to destroy competent corporations or impair business as a whole. Ninety-five per cent. of the corporations have been reduced by the new law. The small excess profits tax provided, as well as the inter-corporate dividend tax, gives the wholesome effect of encouraging the simplification of over-complicated inter-corporate relationships.

"Congress has declined to broaden th tax base, because it was recognised that the base had already been broadened to a considerable extent during the past five years.

COMPARISON WITH ENGLAND

"I am aware of the sound arguments advanced in favour of making every citizen pay income tax. England has been cited as an example. But, despite the complaints of higher taxes, our interest payment on public debts, including those of local governments, require only three per cent. of the national income, compared with seven per cent. in England. The broadening of the tax base in the past few years has been very real. As a result, the tax falls relatively heavier upon the poor than the rich. In 1929, consumers' taxes were only thirty per cent. of the national revenue; to-day they are fifty per cent., and even with the pasage of the recent Tax Bill they will increase only five per cent.

"The Administration came into power pledged to a very considerable legislative programme, and found that the conditions of the country required drastic action. It seemed to Congress and to me that we should attain the main objectives as expeditiously as possible, in order that business and the public generally might know exactly the conditions and rules of economic enterprise involved in our programme.

"The basis programme has now reached substantial completion, and the breathing spell of which you speak here, very decidedly. It is a source of great satisfaction that at this moment conditions are such as to offer further substantial and widespread recovery. Unemployment is still with us, but is steadily diminishing.

NO MAGICIAN'S WAND

"I do not claim a magician's wand and do not claim that the Government alone is responsible for the definitely better circumstances, but all know the great effect of the saving of banks, farms and homes, the building of public works, the providng relief for the destitute and many other direct governmental acts; and I do claim to have helped to restore public confidence which now offers a substantial foundation for recovery.

"I like the last sentence of your letter and repeat it 'with all its faults and abuses, it had developed. Our system has enabled us to achieve a greater mass of progress than has ever been attained by any other system on earth. Smoke out the sinister forces seeking to delude the public into believing that the orderly modernisation of the system we want is a revolution in disguise.'"

Very Sincerely Yours,
FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

CHINESE IMPORTS DWINDLE

(Continued from Page 1.)

dustrial, commercial and banking systems.—*United Press.*

TRADE WITH P.I.

Washington, Sept. 5.

The United States export trade to the Philippines during the first seven months of this year is valued at $29,672,000, compared with $27,971,000 last year.

Exports to the Netherlands Indies were $6,373,000 compared with $5,050,000.

Imports from the Philippines were $61,606,000 compared with $76,118,000 and from the Dutch Indies $29,537,000 compared with $24,664,000.—*United Press.*

EXCHANGE RATES

	Sept. 4.	Sept. 5.
Paris	75.5/64	75.1/64
Geneva	15.21	15.19½
Berlin	12.32	12.29
Athens	518	517
Milan	60.11/16	60⅝
Shanghai	1/6	1/5.15/16
New York	4.95.3/16	4.94⅝
Amsterdam	7.32½	7.31½
Vienna	26	26
Prague	119.11/16	119.9/16
Bucharest	627	625
Madrid	36⅝	36.5/16
Lisbon	110⅛	110⅛
Hongkong	2/0.1/32	[illegible]
Brussels	28.47½	29.44
Monte Video	39½	39½
Belgrade	217	217
Montreal	4.97½	4.96⅝
Yokohama	1/2.3/16	1/2.3/16
Helsingfors	226⅞	226⅞
Rio	4¼	4¼
Buenos Aires	15	15
Silver (Spot)	29⅝	29.1/16
Silver (forward)	29.1/16	29
War Loan	105⅝	105⅝

—*British Wireless.*

ITALIANS LEAVE LEAGUE SESSION

(Continued from page 1.)

mittee under Article XV remains open. There is some hope that private talks this evening may lead to some new arrangements.—*Reuter.*

REQUEST DECLINED

Geneva, Sept. 5.

The circumstances of Italy's dramatic withdrawal from the Council meeting are reported as follows: Baron Aloisi withdrew soon after Professor Jeze began to speak and Signor Rocca took his place. Later, when Signor Rocca also withdrew, he sent a private message to the Chairman of the Council, Dr. Guinazu, asking him to call Professor Jeze to order.

Dr. Guinazu replied that he saw no reason to do so.

Anyhow, he said, M. Litvinoff was about to speak and he therefore hoped that Signer Rocca would return.

Signor Rocca said he must consult his chief, and asked would the Chairman interrupt the meeting for a brief interval. Again Dr. Guinazu replied that he could not accede to the Italian request. Thereupon, Signor Rocca brought a message from Baron Aloisi that the latter would examine the text of Professor Jeze's speech before coming to any decision.

ITALIAN COMPLAINT

Italian quarters complain of the fact that Professor Jeze, being a French lawyer, made remarks particularly offensive and annoying. They would not have been so disturbed if the speaker had been an Abyssinian, although they thought the Ethiopian diplomat, Tecklo Hawariate would have been much more moderate. But Professor Jeze imparted a warmth into his attacks which was quite unstomachable.

Although they intended leaving the Ethiopian representative to present his whole speech, it was possible that Italy would object to Professor Jeze continuing as chief Abyssinian delegate, it was stated.—*Reuter.*

NO RETREAT

Rome, Sept. 5.

It is stated in Italian political circles that Signor Rocca's action does not constitute abandonment of the League. Nevertheless, as the Government has decided that it cannot participate with Abyssinia in the League, the Italian delegates will again leave the session when the Abyssinia representative speaks.

As long as the Abyssinians are passive spectators the Italians will remain at the session.

It is uncertain, however, whether Baron Aloisi himself will attend any meeting at which the Abyssinians are present.

The action of Italy's delegates does not indicate any rupture of Italo-Abyssinian diplomatic relations but is a logical sequence of the Italian decision not to participate on an equal footing at Geneva with a country which Italy considers has consistently violated its League undertakings.—*Reuter.*

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITY

London, Sept. 5.

The League Council met again to-night, first in private and then in public. Press messages from Geneva indcate the private sitting was concerned with plans for setting up a small committee of the Council to examine further the Italo-Ethiopian dispute and possibilities of conciliatory settlement. It is understood the personnel provisionally suggested includes Mr. Eden, Great Britain, Monsieur Laval, France, Senor de Madariaga, Spain, Colonel Beck, Poland, and Mons. Aras, Turkey, and that the number will probably be limited to five.

At the public session, the spokesman of Ethiopia replied to Baron Aloisi's speech at yesterday's meeting of the Council. When he made an appeal to the League to defend the independence and existence of his country, Signor Rocco, who was acting in place of Baron Aloisi as Italian member, rose and left the Cuncil chamber. Italian delegation explained afterwards that this proceeding had no significance in regard to Italian League membership but that Italy did not recognise Abyssinia's right to be member of the League and her delegate refused to listen to Abyssinian representative.

The Ethiopian representative said Italy was attempting to dishonour a country she desired to suppress. Her accusations were not worthy of a detailed answer. He refuted the charge tha Abyssinia was prepared for an attack. "We solemnly pledge ourselves to respect all our international obligations. We are ready to accept help from disinterested countries in the modernisation of our country."

Professor Jeze concluded with an appeal to the Council to accept its responsibilities under Articles 10 and 15 of the Covenant.—*British Wireless.*

PREPARING TO RESIST INVASION

(Continued from page 1.)

people, and only a handful had uniforms.—*United Press.*

TO THE COLOURS

Rome, Sept. 5.

The bread-winners and only sons section of the 1912 class will be called to the colours at the end of this month.

This is because the calling up of the 1911, 1913 and 1914 classes did not produce the additional 200,000 men which Signor Mussolini announced he would require when speaking at Bolzano.—*Reuter.*

BLACK TROOPS

Cairo, Sept. 5.

A report from an Arab source, now current here, states that Signor Mussolini aims to enlist 10,000 black troops from Tripoli, in addition to the 10,000 already in Italian Somaliland.—*Reuter Special.*

REQUEST REFUSED

Addis Ababa, Sept. 5.

The Government is reported to have refused to allow a company of Italian native trooops to guard the Italian Legation, and to have ordered foreigners to assemble at certain fixed places. The Emperor has promised police protection to the various missions.

The exodus of Europeans from the capital continues, while a thousand troops have entrained for the frontier.—*Reuter.*

SWISS ADVISERS

Addis Ababa, Sept. 5.

The Ethiopian Government has engaged a Swiss Military Mission, which, it is understood, will consist of ten officers, chiefly artillery experts.

Four French officers have arrived at the capital, but the nature of their mission is unknown.—*Reuter Special.*

AGED TWINS FIGHT

BOUND OVER FOR ONE YEAR

Twins aged 64 years, named Wong Tung and Wong Tak respectively, appeared before Mr. W. Schofield, at the Central Magistracy this morning, charged with fighting in First Street, near Eastern Street, yesterday.

Inspector Hourihan said they hay a dispute about money, and the second defendant was supposed to have struck the first defendants. The first defendant retaliated by striking him with a piece of wood, inflicting a small injury.

Mr. Schofield bound over both defendants in personal bonds of $50 each to keep the peace for one year.

EXTRADITION SOUGHT

BULLION BROKER ARRAIGNED ON ROBBERY CHARGE

His extradition sought by the Kwangtung authorities, Chan Siu-fun *alias* Tsui Siu-ting *alias* Tsui Kau, aged 40, described as a bullion broker, residing at No. 7 Po Tak Street, second floor, appeared before Mr. W. Schofield at the Central Magistracy yesterday afternoon.

The charge against defendant is that on May 5 last, with others, he robbed one Liu Chuen-leung of $1,055 in money at the Ko Sha village, Siu Lam, Chung Shan district, within the jurisdiction of the Provincial Government of Kwangtung.

Chief Detective-Inspector Shannon applied for a formal remand for one week, and defendant was accordingly remanded in custody until 2.30 p.m. on September 12.

THE DUKE'S RING

SOLITAIRE SAPPHIRE FOR LADY ALICE SCOTT

London, Sept. 5.

The Duke of Gloucester, who returned to London from Catterick to-day, bought the engagement ring for Lady Alice Scott, selecting a fine solitaire sapphire from the Kashmir mines, which will be mounted in a platinum ring with a bouquet of diamonds as the setting on either side.

The Duke will return to Scotland to-night, spending the week-end at the home of his fiancee's parents at Selkirk.—*Reuter's Special Service.*

TYPHOON RECURVES

The typhoon has recurved, according to a report by the Manila Observatory, issued at 8.45 a.m. to-day, which gives its position as 130 Long., 25 Lat., moving northwards.

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SHARE PRICES

The following is the list of local share quotations issued this morning.

Banks.

H.K. Banks, $1,050 sa.
H. K. Banks, (Lon. Reg.), £104¾ n.
Chartered Bank, £13¼ n.
Mercantile Bank, A. and B. £29½ n.
Mercantile Bank C., £12½ n.
East Asia Bank, $76½ n.

Insurances.

Canton Ins., $180 sa.
Union Ins., $377½ sa.
China Underwriters, 10 cts. n.
China Fire, $382 n.
H.K. Fire Ins., $185 n.
Internat'l Assce., Sh. $4 n.

Shipping.

Douglas, $36 n.
H.K. Steamboats, $4 n.
Indo-Chinas, (Pref.), $30 n.
Indo-Chinas (Def.), $12 n.
Shell (Bearer), 71/3 n.
Union Waterboats, $11¼ n.

Mining.

Antamoks, 80 cts. n.
Balatocs, $18 n.
Baguio Gold, 24½ cts. n.
Benguet Consolidated, $12.10 n.
Benguet Exp., 13 cts. n.
Benguet Goldfield, 10 cts. n.
Big Wedge, 8 cts. n.
Gold Creek, 30 cts. n.
Gold River, 7 cts. n.
Ipo Mining, 90 cts. n.
Itogons, 36 cts. n.
Salacot, 12 cts. n.
Kailan, 11/6 n.
Langkats (Single), $14 n.
S'hai Explorations, Sh. $4½ n.
S'hai Loans, Sh. $5¼ n.
Raubs, $7½ n.
Venz: Goldfield $2.30 n.

Docks etc.

H.K. Wharves (old), $78 n.
H.K. Wharves (new), $74½ n.
H.K. Docks, $9½ n.
Providents (old), 55 cts. n.
Providents (new), 20 cts. n.
Hongkews (old), Sh. $240 n.
New Engineerings, Sh. $4 n.
Shanghai Docks, Sh. $78 n.

Cotton Mills.

Ewo Cottons, Sh. $5.70 b.
S'hai Cottons (old), Sh. $65 n.
S'hai Cottons (new), Sh. $40 n.
Zoong Sings, $8½ n.
Wing On Textiles, Sh. $25 n.

Lands, Hotels, etc.

H. and S. Hotels, $8.40 s.
H.K. Lands $26½ n.
H.K. Land 4% debentures, $100 n.
S'hai Lands, Sh. $20½ n.
Metropolitan Lands, Sh. $10 n.
Humphreys, $7½ n.
H.K. Realties, $4 n.
Chinese Estates, $88 n.
China Realties, Sh. $4 n.
China Debentures Sh. $123 n.

Public Utilities.

H.K. Tramways, $11½ sa.
Peak Trams, (old), $6 n.
Peak Trams, (new), $5¾ n.
Star Ferries, $78½ n.
Yaumati Ferries, (old), $17.60 n.
China Lights, $8.05 n.
H. K. Electric, $55 sa.
Macao Electric, $20 n.
Sandakan Lights, $3 s.
Telephone (old), $20¼ n.
Telephone (new), $8.20 n.
China Buses, Sh. $11¼ n.
Singapore Tractions, 10/6 n.
Singapore Pref. 22/6 b.

Industrials

Malabon Sugars, $8.50 n.
Cald: Macg. (old), Sh. $19½ n
Cald: Macg. (Pref.), Sh. $13 n
Canton Ices, $1.80 n.
Cement (Converted), $3 n.
H.K. Ropes, $2.15 n.

Stores, &c.

Dairy Farm, $15.75 sa.
Watson, $3.05 n.
Lane Crawfords, $3 n.
Mackintoshs, $7 n.
Sinceres, $5 sa.
Wm. Powells, 70 cts. n.
Wing On (H.K.), $55 n.

Miscellaneous.

Amusements, —
H.K. Entertainments, $4 n.
S. C. Enterprise $1.35 n.
Macao "Greyhounds," $2 n.
Constructions (old), $1.10 n.
Constructions (new), 25 cts. n.
Vibro Piling, $4 n.
Ch. Govt. 5% 1925 G. $ Bonds 90% n.
H. K. Govt. 4% Loan 6¼% prem. b.
H.K. Govt. 3½% Loan 2% prem. b.
Wallace Harpers, $4 n.

RAW RUBBER

LATEST SINGAPORE PRICES

Messrs. Benjamin and Potts received the following Straits currency quotations (buyers) from Singapore to-day for raw rubber:

Spot	18⅞ cts.	off	⅛ ct.
Oct/Dec	19⅛ cts.	off	¼ ct.
Jan/Mar	19⅞ cts.	off	¼ ct.
Apr/June	20⅝ cts.	off	¼ ct.

Market:—Quiet.

U. S. COMMODITY PRICES

LATEST CABLED QUOTATIONS

The following quotations on the New York commodity exchange are issued by *Reuter:*

New York Cotton

	Sept. 4.	Sept. 5.
October	10.38	10.32/34
December	10.41	10.36/37
January (1936)	10.44	10.40/40
March	10.50	10.46/46
May	10.55	10.51/51
July	10.58	10.58/58
Spot	10.70	10.65

New York Rubber

September	11.63b	11.52b/57
December	11.86	11.77/77
January	11.92	11.85/85
March	12.09a	11.99/12.00
May	12.23a	12.13/13

Total sales.- -52 lots

Chicago Wheat

September	88⅝	89¼	89⅝
December	90⅞	92¼	92⅛
May	92½	93⅞	93⅞

Wednesday's sales:— 25,673,000 bushels

Chicago Corn

September	73¼	74⅞	75
December	56¼	56⅝	56⅝
May	58	58⅛	58¼

Wednesday's sales:— 4,380,000 bushels

Winnipeg Wheat

October	82⅝	84⅛	84⅛
December	82⅞	84⅜	84⅜
May	—	87¼	87¼

New York Silk

September	1.77	1.77½	1.78
December	1.69	1.65	1.66
March	1.68½	1.66	1.66

Total sales:—94 lots

Montreal Silver

September	65.70	65.40/90
December	65.90	66.00/00
January	66.25	66.10
March	66.65	66.30/58

Total sales:—2 contracts.

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Give a broken heart a break—Fox Trot Jack Hylton & His Orchestra.

BD-195 **The Oregon Trail—Fox Trot** Jack Jackson & His Orchestra.
Louisiana Fairy Tale—Fox Trot Jack Jackson & His Orchestra.

BD-196 **"Love Laughs"—Here's to you and love—F.T.** Jack Jackson & His Orchestra.
If your father only knew—F.T. (Film "Heat Wave") Jack Jackson & His Orchestra.

BD-175 **Flower of the Orient—Fox Trot** Pickard's Chinese Syncopators.
Ali Baba—Rumba ..... Pickard's Chinese Syncopators.

BD-190 **Call me sweetheart—Fox Trot** Teddy Joyce & His Orchestra.
Here comes that Rainbow—Fox Trot Teddy Joyce & His Orchestra.

BD-191 **Marina (Queen of the Mountains)—Waltz.** Joyce & His Orchestra.
Two tired eyes—Fox Trot ..... Joyce & His Orchestra.

Other interesting records by Sydney Gustard, Ken Harvey, Renara, Lily Pons, Elisabeth Schumann, Walter Glynne, Norman Evans, Aileen Stanley, etc. also on sale.

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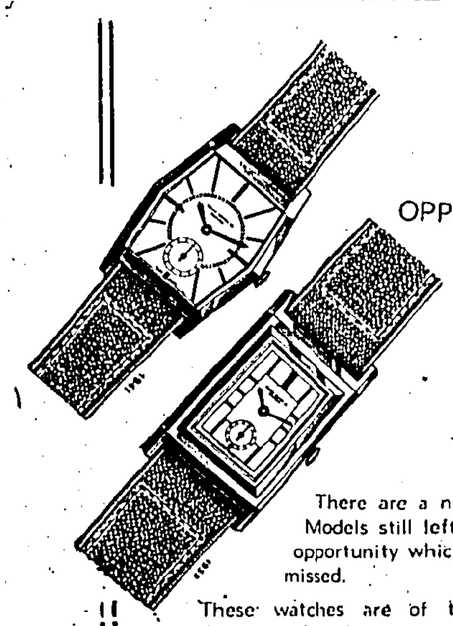

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The Hongkong Telegraph.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 6, 1935.

RESORT TO FORCE NOT JUSTIFIED

The first day's proceedings at the League Council meeting in Geneva scarcely hold out hopes of a pacific adjustment of the Italo-Abyssinian dispute. Baron Alosi, the chief Italian delegate, flatly informed members of the Council that Italy will proceed as she sees fit, regardless of the League, and retains complete liberty of action. That Italy has ground for grievances against Abyssinia is not denied, but these should be capable of adjustment without resort to force; they are certainly not of sufficient gravity to warrant armed invasion of the country. One of the charges which Italy levels at Abyssinia is that she has not carried out her obligations under the Covenant, and is unfit to be a member of the League. Italy herself, however, was amongst the nations which voted for her admission, and the only answer to that point is Baron Alosi's remark that Italy now regrets having so voted. It is surely the height of illogicality for Italy to claim the right to ignore her own obligations under the League Covenant merely because of the charge that Abyssinia has not respected her undertakings. Even if the Italian claim were true—and it has not yet been established—it certainly does not carry with it any justification for Italy to commit the very breach which she herself condemns. A point which is well worth bearing is mind is that Signor Mussolini was himself the President of the Stresa Conference which condemned unilateral breaches of treaties and which invited the League of Nations to enquire how such breaches might be prevented in future by the application of appropriate sanctions. The committee has still to make its report. How can Italy, on the one hand, align herself with nations seeking to prevent treaty breaches, and, on the other, claim the right to a course of action which runs contrary to her obligations under the Covenant, obligations which involve respect for Abyssinia's territorial integrity and the submission of disputes between League members to conciliation—and arbitration?—The two standpoints are at complete variance. What is involved in the present crisis is not merely the dispute between Italy and Abyssinia, but the whole question of treaty observance. It cannot be too strongly stressed, in this connection, that, as Mr. Eden has explained, there is no economic or political conflict between Britain and Italy. Britain is only concerned in the matter as a member of the League and as a signatory of the Kellogg Pact renouncing war as an instrument of national policy. The present differences between Italy and Abyssinia are eminently suitable for treatment under the machinery provided by the League Covenant. For this reason, it is to be hoped that Italy will modify her present attitude and do nothing to aggravate an already tense situation.

NOTES OF THE DAY

RED DESIGNS

Very likely the Communist International had at least one eye on the United States when its congress voted Friday to transfer leadership away from Moscow to various countries in which its parties are active, says the *Christian Science Monitor*. This decentralisation has a double significance with respect to America. It means first that the Soviet Government outwardly at least is cutting a link between itself and the Communist Party propaganda organisation which might otherwise endanger Russian recognition and trade relations with the United States under the Litvinoff agreement. Secondly, it means that Communist tactics in the United States will take on more than ever the nature of attempting to bore from within the liberal groups with which the Reds are now being advised uninvitedly to align themselves against Fascism. From one point of view there is a certain flavour of humour in news from the congress in Moscow. Recently a House of Representative investigating committee in Washington, with an air of disclosing carefully guarded secrets, set the Communist enrolment in the United States at about 30,000. Glibly, pridefully, delegates to the meeting in Moscow have announced the number of their membership in various countries, have outlined their tactics, claimed authorship for strikes near and far, and blueprinted their plans for future trouble-making.

* * *

OPEN CONFLICT

All this reveals—if it needed to be made any clearer—that Communism is in open conflict with the democratic as well as the capitalistic system, and that the issue is big enough without being magnified or distorted by imaginings. The lineaments of Communism have been freely furnished by the Communists themselves. The Moscow congress also furnished valuable information as to what social and economic diet nurtured Communism best. Imperialistic wars, want, hunger, strikes, all manner of social and economic maladjustments, are the Communists' stepping stones to power. Banish these maladjustments and Communism by its own definition is banished. Thus the congress in Moscow would seem to have done capitalistic nations a service. It has clearly defined the issues and implied the solution. Thirty thousand Communists in a nation of 120,000,000 people would have short shrift were capitalism to remove the underlined sources of their increase.

* * *

WHEN WILL IT END

Sir Malcolm Campbell says he can build a faster car than Bluebird, which he drove over the Utah lake bed Tuesday at the incredible speed of 304 miles per hour. He proposes to build and drive another of these super speed cars and race it against his own record, it appears. One can only hope that the Bluebird's master will not tempt fate too far, for although there is no doubt as to his wizardry behind the wheel and his marvellous control and presence of mind, this racing game he plays is one of the most hazardous existing. One might wish that Sir Malcolm would rest content upon the laurels he has won. But such a man is not likely to retire while he feels that he can still contribute something to the prestige of British engineering and sportsmanship, and we expect to see him in the news again before long with another of these hair-raising adventures in hand and another apparently impossible goal set for himself. In his future exploits we will wish him the same fortune as he has had in Utah.

FATEFUL YEARS AHEAD

IN a book entitled "The Next Five Years," which is published to-day by Messrs. Macmillan and Co., a group of distinguished men and women from all parties and all professions have drawn up a programme of action which, in their view, would occupy the energies of a vigorous and progressive Government for at least five years.

This is not a party programme. Not a single political party is mentioned in it by name. It is not polemical; it is very sparing—some will say too sparing—of criticism of the present Government. It does not deal in generalities; it neither attacks Socialist principles nor defends them; it is neither Protectionist nor Free Trade. It is, as its sub-title says, an "Essay in Political Agreement" setting down in as precise terms as possible what the signatories want to get done during the lifetime of the next Parliament.

Signatories number over 150. They include active politicians of all parties, several trade unionists, scientists such as Lord Rutherford and Sir Oliver Lodge, Churchmen such as the Archbishop of York and the Bishops of Birmingham and Southwark, educational authorities such as Mr. H. A. L. Fisher and Sir Henry Hadow, economists such as Sir Arthur Salter, Sir Walter Layton and Sir Basil Blackett, writers such as H. G. Wells and Siegfried Sassoon. In fact, the list of signatories is the most remarkable collection of experience and talent which has ever proclaimed its agreement on so comprehensive and detailed a statement of policy.

The signatories state that they do not commit themselves to endorsement of every detail of the proposals or renounce any of their individual views as to the way Society should ultimately be organised. They are in agreement, however, on the general "five years" policy proposed in the book. In the same way the *News Chronicle*, while not necessarily agreeing with every word of the book, believes that it is a clear and comprehensive statement of a far-reaching but attainable short-term programme. It includes many reforms which this newspaper has consistently advocated and will continue to press upon every Government which may be in office.

* * *

The book is in two parts, dealing respectively with economic policy and with peace. The economic section opens with a strong plea for the right sort of planning. Planning, it argues, need not mean a vast increase in the interference of the Government with the liberties of the people. It means only that all the various sections of the Government's policy should be consistently fitted together. To this end, the book recommends an Economic General Staff, similar to the Committee of Imperial Defence which co-ordinates the policy of the fighting services.

Under the heading of National Development, the book proposes a bold and far-reaching policy. There is need for a long-range programme, to continue year in, year out, improving the amenities and the essential services of the country, guiding the growth of industry into the proper channels and preventing the new houses that are wanted from sprawling all over the countryside. But in addition to this the book advocates a short-range programme of public works. There are times for starting public works and times for stopping them. In the opinion of the signatories of the book this is a time for starting them, and the discussion makes very short work of the contention that there are no "worth-while" projects to be undertaken.

The chapter on "The Organisation of Industry" breaks new ground. It makes the sound point that there is no one method of dealing with every industry. Indeed, five different methods are suggested.

In the first place, it is proposed that industries should be given the power to organise themselves for legitimate purposes. They are not, however, to be allowed to turn themselves into monopolies without making provision for public control of their operations.

For the depressed industries, it is suggested that the Government should appoint impartial commissions to draw up schemes of reorganisation, which the industries could then either accept or reject. This, of course, is the method that has been followed with agriculture in the last few years.

* * *

Some industries are already virtually dominated by one or two gigantic companies. For these companies the book recommends a new status of Public Concern, which would carry with it a very much greater degree of publicity than is now incumbent on these huge combines.

Other industries again, in which the public is particularly interested, should be constituted Public Utilities, with stringent control and limitation of profits. And finally, there is a list of industries to be socialised—transport, electricity, some forms of insurance and of food distribution, mining royalties and the manufacture of armaments.

On banking and monetary matters the book has several very interesting suggestions to make. The Bank of England, it is proposed, should be brought under public control, the Governor being appointed only with the consent of the Government. The book examines the proposal to nationalise the joint stock banks, but rejects it in favour of making them Public Utilities, subject to inspection and control and with their profits limited. The same chapter also makes a number of proposals with regard to means of expanding and improving the capital market.

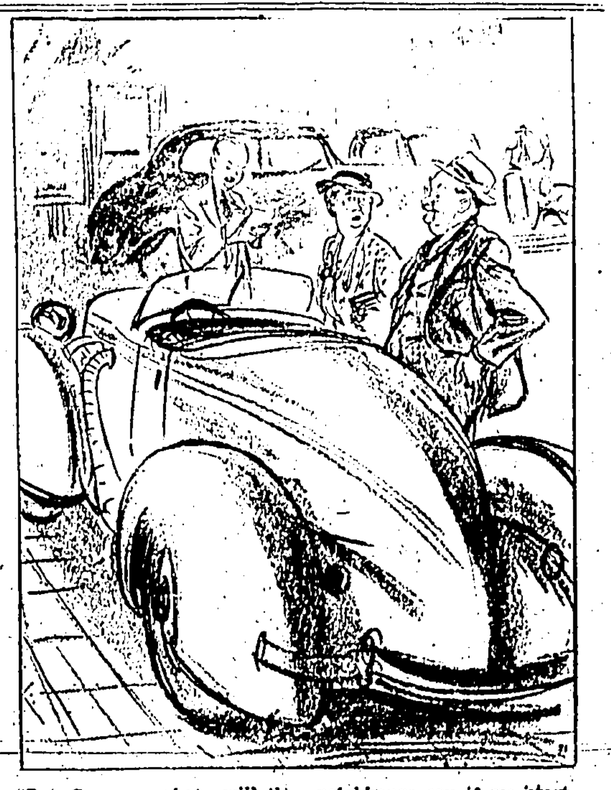
* * *

A comprehensive policy for extending British export trade is then put forward. The book does not advocate either Free Trade or Protection; it assumes that we shall continue to have a moderate tariff and suggests that Great Britain should take the lead in forming a group of nations according low tariffs to each other.

Closely connected with foreign trade is the subject of agriculture. The book takes the line that the encouragement of agriculture must not be allowed either to raise the price of food or to destroy our foreign trade. But it suggests a variety of ways in which the State could assist in restoring a prosperous countryside.

This can be done by increasing the food consumption of the poor, by increasing the efficiency of the food distributing industry, by supplying the land with the capital it needs. If financial assistance by the State is wanted it should take the form of outright subsidies. Tariffs, quotas and levies are

(Continued on Page 4.)



"But, Gregory, what will the neighbours say if we start roaring around in a car like that?"

The Very Idea!

ON BIRTHDAYS

There'll Be Hot Time In Old Town To-night

EVERY once in a while, especially towards the middle of the month, Mr. Kelly has a birthday, having found out, ever since a rich uncle gave him an all-day sucker on his second birthday, that this is by far the best way of raising the wind to carry him on for the rest of the year.

Such an occasion is to-day.

ANY reader desiring to send us birthday presents to-day should ring the office for a couple of coolies to bring them around to us. Bottles are such awkward things to carry.

We have not had a birthday for some time now, being rather discouraged owing to the fact that on our last birthday someone pinched the icing off our birthday cake.

In a way birthday anniversaries, although pleasant in latter life, have held some bitter memories for us.

We well remember the second anniversary of the day the home town deliriously celebrated the simultaneous arrival of a 10lb. Kelly heir and the news of the Relief of Mafeking.

We had a tricycle given to us which was immediately collared by our grandfather, who gave demonstrations of how good he was in his youth. **We were not allowed to ride it, being too young.**

And then there was the birthday cake we weren't allowed to eat because it might make us sick, and a toy train which our father played with for hours on the floor and then put it away in case we broke it, and the teddy bear our sister decided would look nice on her dressing table, and when we started to look at our picture book they said it was time we went to bed. Then they kept us awake all night singing and dancing.

We did make one effort to assert ourself. We got out of our cot, put our goloshes on, and stamped into the drawing-room.

"Whose dam party is this, anyhow?" we demanded.

Ans our mother said: "Don't belt him on his birthday, Father. Just smear his dummy with bitter aloes and strap him in his cot."

The next day, filled with resentment, we waited our opportunity and wrapping up what was left of the cake, we mounted our tricycle and rode away, never to return.

Reaching town, we sold our tricycle and shipped before the mast on the Etaoin Shrdlu, a Norwegian craft trading between Hongkong and Fanling.

We spent our third birthday at sea. Every subsequent birthday we have spent on the rocks.

We next joined the police force. Two more birthdays passed without serious mishap, but our third birthday as a policeman was our undoing. As we explained to the sergeant later, we only had one small glass of light ale, but it must have gone to our head.

It seems that we were creating a disturbance in public, and we spoke very sharply to ourself about it and ordered us to go home. One word led to another and we decided to arrest us. We struggled so fiercely with ourself that soon we were rolling on the ground wrestling for our life. Not one of the spectators came to our aid.

At last we got a firm grip on ourself and handcuffed us. The sergeant at the police station sent us to the hospital, and when we were discharged we were so knocked about that we were asked to resign, being physically unfit for strenuous work.

After some wandering about we became a gigolo. We spent that birthday in the Supreme Court. As a matter of fact, we were so frequently in the Supreme Court defending breach of promise cases and being a co-respondent that they made up a bed for us at the back of the court room, and the Judge and we became quite friendly. Many's the good old stead many a time since. We never had the time to have a birthday as a house decorator, but when we were a hospital orderly we had a lovely one.

We never had the time to have a birthday as a house decorator, but when we were a hospital orderly we had a lovely one.

We invited all the doctors and nurses, and people came for miles to see it, and the police cordon was broken twice. We threw skeletons at one another, and 24 patients died of excitement or neglect, we forget which, and we drank all the other. What a devil we were in those days!

Now we've settled down. And our next birthday is on the 24th of September, so if anyone wants to send us a postcard we'd like them to send it to the office, and not to our private address, because our wife is extremely jealous (we have to pay the penalty of all handsome men) and starts riots.

Canada May Terminate Japan Treaty

SENDS ULTIMATUM TO TOKYO

INSISTS ON RECIPROCITY

(Special to "Telegraph")

(By Telegraph. Copyright. Telegraphic Messages Ordinance, 1934. Received, September 6, 6.30 a.m.)

Ottawa, Sept. 5.

The Canadian Government has informed the Japanese Minister here that if the discriminatory surtax of 50 per cent. ad valorem on certain products exported to Japan is not immediately discontinued, the Dominion will be obliged to give notice that the Anglo-Japanese commercial treaty will no longer be applicable to Canada.

The letter of the Prime Minister, Mr. R. B. Bennett, to the Japanese Minister states that the Government of Japan has persisted in demanding privileges in the provision market in Canada which would involve flat discrimination against other members of the British Empire and foreign countries to which Canada extended most favourable terms by treaty.

The Japanese Government had failed to recognise in any way the very substantial concession accorded to her exports through the reduction by Canada of the exchange compensation duty.

Hope was expressed that the Japanese Government might yet be persuaded of the justness of the position taken by the Canadian Government and remove the discriminatory surtax against Canadian products.—*Reuter Special.*

U. S.—JAPAN ACCORD

Washington, Sept. 5.

A gentlemen's agreement has been concluded between the United States and Japan restricting Japanese imports of bleached cotton cloth to America, Administration officials have privately admitted.

It is understood that an official announcement of the agreement will not be made, nor will the figure be disclosed to which Japan has agreed to limit her exports.—*Reuter Special.*

HOLDS FAITH IN LEAGUE

TRADE UNIONS SHOW UNANIMITY

London, Sept. 5.

After a lively debate, the Trades Union Congress, by an overwhelming majority, passed a resolution declaring faith in the collective peace system within the League of Nations, and calling upon the British Government, in co-operation with the League, to use all necessary measures provided by the Covenant to prevent Italy's unjust and rapacious attack on the territory of a fellow-member of the League.

The Congress pledges its firm support to any action consistent with the principles and statutes of the League to restrain Italy and to uphold the authority of the League in enforcing peace. — *Reuter Special.*

MORE SILVER REQUIRED

AMERICA HOLDING LARGE BULK

Washington, Sept. 5.

According to official reports, the total amount of silver purchased by the Treasury since the adoption of the Government's silver programme now exceeds 500,000,000 ounces.

The silver stocks held total over 1,159,000,000 ounces, having a monetary value of $1,495, 000,000.

With the present gold reserve of $9,203,000,000, necessitating a silver reserve of $3,067,000,000 or approximately 2,500,000,000 ounces to fulfil the requirements of the Silver Purchase Act, more than 1,300,000,000 ounces of silver will still have to be purchased.—*Reuter.*

FAIR WEATHER

A weak anticyclone covers North Japan and the adjacent seas. The typhoon has gained considerable intensity and is situated about 180 miles to the east-south-east of Naha, moving N.N.W. or N. A shallow depression remains to the south of Hainan. Local forecast:—Light easterly or variable winds; fair.

RUSSIA TAKING FIRM STAND

NO JUSTIFICATION FOR WAR

LEAGUE MUST REMEMBER ITS COVENANT

Geneva, Sept. 5.

M. Maxim Litvinoff, the Russian Commissar for Foreign Affairs, made his country's attitude known officially at the League Council meeting to-night. He said the Soviet wished nothing better than to continue the friendly Italo-Soviet relations of the past decade, but the question before the Council was of the peace of the world.

The Italian representative, said M. Litvinoff, in effect had invited the League Council to declare its disinterestedness in the Italo-Ethiopian dispute and leave Rome freedom of action.

This was surely an invitation to the League Council members to repudiate their own international obligations, M. Litvinoff observed.

The Ualual incident, he continued, was happily settled. There was nothing now left to justify the threat of impending military operations.

Could the Council, he asked, ignore this threat, forget Articles Ten, Eleven and Fifteen of the Covenant?

M. Litvinoff declared that no-one sympathised with the internal regime in Ethiopia as demonstrated by the Italian documents on the matter, but no internal conditions could deprive the state of its right to integrity and independence, and the League should stand firm on the principle that no fighting should occur except in absolute self-defence.—*Reuter.*

POINTED REMARKS

London, Sept. 5.

Before the League Council adjourned, the Soviet member, Monsieur Litvinoff, in a brief but pointed speech, announced on behalf of his Government its readiness to assume all its responsibilities.

He repudiated any sympathy with conditions which Italians alleged existed in Abyssinia but claimed it indispensable to protect the independence of a member of the League.

There were other than military measures which could be used to civilise backward countries. He could not approve the attitude which the Italian member asked the Council to take up. Russia joined the League to collaborate in the cause of peace and for that reason he advised his colleagues not to shrink from necessary decisions.—*British Wireless.*

HOME AGAIN

London Sept. 5.

The Duke and Duchess of Kent returned to London to-day after a month's holiday in the mountains of Jugo-Slavia.—*British Wireless.*

BRITISH CABINET MEETING

Baldwin Summons His Ministers

London, Sept. 5.

Immediately after Mr. Stanley Baldwin, the Prime Minister, returned to London from Aix-les-Bains this afternoon, a meeting of Ministers was summoned at Downing Street.

The War Minister, the First Lord of the Admiralty, the Air and Colonial Ministers arrived at about 5 o'clock. They were accompanied by the experts of their respective departments. It is understood that Mr. Ramsay MacDonald and Mr. Neville Chamberlain were also present.—*Reuter.*

GERMAN TUNNEL DISASTER

HOMICIDE CHARGE TO BE PREFERRED

Berlin, Sept. 5.

A building company director, two engineers and a railway official have been arrested following the inquest on workmen killed in the collapse of the underground railway tunnel near the Brandenburg Gate on August 20.

The men will be charged with homicide through negligence "by gross errors in construction."—*Reuter Special.*

DAY BY DAY NEWS IN BRIEF

THE RELIGION OF THE VAST ENGLISH MIDDLE-CLASS IS COMFORT.—*George Meredith.*

* * *

Messrs. Benjamin & Potts received the following buying and selling quotations from their Manila Agents this morning:- Benguet Consols, Ps. 12—12.20; Antamoks, .79—.80; Baguio Golds, .24—.25; Gold Rivers, .06½—.07.

* * *

Mr. Crawford, of the Hongkong Electric Company, has reported to the police that while driving car No. 1550 at Yee Wo Street yesterday, he knocked down a woman, So Lap, who crossed the road in front of the car. The woman received slight injuries, and was treated at the Government Civil Hospital.

* * *

The following forthcoming weddings are announced:—Mr. George Maryland Kelley, missionary, 29, Man Tak Road, Canton, and Miss Eugenia Wen, 35 Wa Lam Street, Canton, Mr. Charles Fredrick Pragnell, 31, Taipo Road, and Miss Daisy Lam, 143 Saiyeungchoi Street, and Mr. Lai Yuk-tat, assistant marine surveyor, 12 St. Francis Yard, and Miss Tam Sit-haan, 46 Yiu Wah Street North, Canton.

* * *

A car cleaner, Mok Luk, aged 23, and a coolie, Leung Yuk, aged 24, were bound over in the sum of $10 to be of good behaviour for six months, when they appeared before Mr. Wynne-Jones at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning charged with assaulting Fauja Singh, No. 1 watchman of the Standard Oil Company installation at Laichikok. Inspector Ellis, prosecuting, stated that all the men were employed at the Standard Oil Company installation. Yesterday a window was broken by a ball, and complainant came out and seized first accused with the intention of taking him to the superintendent. The man broke away and returned with a pole with which it is alleged he struck the complainant. Second accused was also alleged to have struck the watchman with a pole.

There was a clean bill of health in the Colony on Wednesday.

* * *

The second monthly "get together" meeting held by the Australian and New Zealand Association at their club rooms, Gloucester Hotel, yesterday afternoon, proved very successful, and the gathering of members spent a pleasant hour at tea.

* * *

Miss Farrow, driver of car No. 43, has reported to the police that while driving about 4.30 p.m. yesterday along Nathan Road she knocked down a woman, Chan Wong, who received injuries to her face and head. She was sent to the Kowloon Hospital.

* * *

The new nine storey building of the Macao branch of the Sincere Company, one of the Colony's leading department stores, will be formally opened on Saturday, September 7, at noon. The new building will also house the Sincere Company's life, fire and marine insurance departments, as well as a hotel.

* * *

Ho Siu, 38, odd job coolie, was sentenced to six weeks' hard labour by Mr. Wynne-Jones at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning for stealing 69 lbs. of coal from the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha Coalyard at Yaumati on Wednesday last. Detective-Sergeant Dowman stated that defendant was seen climbing over a wall and was arrested. Mr. Kawaguchi, assistant Manager of the M.B.K. Coalyard, appeared as complainant.

* * *

Mrs. T. Saphiore wishes to thank the numerous contributors for their generous support and liberal contributions towards her fund for a destitute widow and child. Also, the China Entertainment and Land Investment Co. Ltd. for the free use of the King's Theatre for a children's matinee, and the Fox Films Fed. Inc. U.S.A. and United Artists for loan of films. The net proceeds of the children's matinee amounted to $73.50, which added to contributions received, made a total of $471.50.

ANOTHER HOLIDAY COLLISION

DORIC'S PASSENGERS IN SEA DRAMA

SING DURING RESCUE

(Special to "Telegraph")

(By Telegraph. Copyright. Telegraphic Messages Ordinance, 1934. Received, September 6, 6 a.m.)

London, Sept. 5.

Reuter's special correspondent aboard the P. and O. liner Viceroy of India, which took off over 200 of the 700 passengers from the Cunard White Star liner Doric when she came into collision with the French steamer Formigny off Cape Finistiere, states that the passengers from the Doric sang and the ship's band played "Tipperary" as they were taken from the crippled liner.

The Doric was on a pleasure cruise when the collision occurred, and they are little the worse for their unexpected holiday thrill.

The collision occurred at 3.45 in the morning, during a thick fog.

Women passengers, interviewed, said there was no panic. They were given time to have their breakfast, dress and pack their suitcases. Nobody was hurt.

The Doric, which had started to list, has now arrived safely at Vigo.

The British steamer Orion took off the remainder of the Doric's passengers, amongst whom were a number from the Laurentic which was in collision with the Napier Star on August 16. Thus the Laurentic passengers who elected to resume their holiday cruise in the Doric were involved in two collisions within twenty days.—*Reuter Special.*

CORRESPONDENCE

The League Of Nations

(To The Editor,
Hongkong Telegraph)

Sir,—Having read your leading article in your Tuesday's issue, I beg a little space to reply to same. In one thing, Mr. Editor, I entirely agree with you and only that one, namely, "if the League were operated as it should be and free use made of the machinery provided in the Covenant, there would be no further fear of war on such a large scale." This is obvious in any moral code, but there are many such, and is any one of them followed up?

You write:—The League has no power of force of its own, although the plans on which it was built did envisage a time when its members would contribute military and naval units to be used as a composite force against any nation adjudged guilty of aggression. Unhappily, that dream has not been fulfilled. But that is not the fault of the League as a body; it is the fault of member nations which have subordinated the well-being of the world in general to their own individual interests." I beg to differ. The League consists of its members, and if they do not uphold it, then, they being the League, it is the fault of the members and therefore of the League if they do not support it.

I and many others think that the League has proved itself to be useless for the purpose for which it formed; it was an American idea, and as soon as it was formed America promptly withdrew, as have other nations when the League did not agree with their policies. The League members who are not immediately affected by some dispute like the present one hold back—"It is none of our business; why should we spend money on what does not concern us," etc.

There is much to be written on this subject, but I will not encroach further on your valuable space, having pointed out that the members of the League must be the League. One word more—the *Daily Mail* is quite correct, and force is the only factor that counts.

TIMPHES.

WATER LEVELS

FOR WEST, NORTH AND EAST RIVERS

The River Conservancy Commission for Kwangtung Province issues the following report on water levels, in English feet, for the West, North and East Rivers:

Place of Observation	Highest W. L. on record	Lowest W. L. on record	Sept. 4	Sept. 5
West River at Shiuhing	+41.0	0	10.9	10.6
North River at Tsingyuen	+20.9	0	11.9	10.6
East River at Shamshui	+17.8	—5	6.5	6.2
North River at Shekiung	+13.5	—2.7	5.1	4.7

RADIO BROADCAST

Programme of Classical Music Items

H.K. HOTEL ORCHESTRA

From ZBW on a wavelength of 356 metres (845 kilocycles):

4-7 p.m. Chinese Programme.
7-7.30 p.m. Light Orchestral Music.
Dawn (Matt).
Sunset (Matt).
Classica Selection (arr. Ewing).
In a Monastery Garden (Ketelbey).
The Shamrock (Selection of Irish Airs) (arr. Myddleton)
7.30-7.43 p.m. Four Songs by Jeanette MacDonald (Soprano). 1. Always in all Ways; 2. Beyond the Blue Horizon; 3. Vilia—"The Merry Widow"; 4. The Merry Widow Waltz.
7.43-8 p.m. Concert Waltzes.
Roses of the South (J. Strauss).
Tales from the Vienna Woods (J. Strauss).
8 p.m. Local Time and Weather Report: Closing Local Stock Quotations.
8.05-8.45 p.m. A Variety Programme.
Piano Solos—Music in the Air Medley.
Raie da Costa.
Songs—Stay as sweet as you are.
Songs—The Continental.
Belle Baker.
Xylophone Solos—Dance of the Raindrops.
Xylophone Solos—The Punch and Judy Show.
Rudy Starita.
Vocal—Some of these Days.
Vocal—Tiger Rag.
The Mills Brothers.
Piano Solos—Smoke gets in your eyes.
Piano Solos—You've got to admit.
Carroll Gibbons.
Band—Wine Song ("Caravan").
Band—Happy, I'm Happy ("Caravan").
8.45-9 p.m. Band Music.
Slavonic Rhapsody (arr. Winterbottom).
Entry of the Gladiators—March (Fucik).
Sons of the Brave—March (Bidgood).
9-9.15 p.m. A Relay of the Daventry News Bulletin (Copyright by Reuter).
9.15-10.30 p.m. Classical Concert.
Orchestral—Don Giovanni—Overture (Mozart).
Pianoforte—Prelude and Fugue No. 9 in E Major (Bach).
Harriet Cohen.
Pianoforte—Fugue No. 12 in F Minor (Bach).
Pianoforte—Prelude and Fugue No. 13 in F Sharp Major (Bach).
Evlyn Howard-Jones.
Symphony No. 34 in C (Mozart).
10 p.m. Press Bulletins.
Vocal Quartet—Bella Figlia Dell'-Amore (Fairest daughter of the graces) Galli-Curci ("Rigoletto") (Verdi) Homer, Gigli and De Luca.
Vocal Sextet—Chi Mi Frena (What restrains Me?) ("Lucia di Lammermoor") (Donizetti).
Galli-Curci, Homer, Gigli, De Luca, Pinza and Badn.
Orchestral—Carneval Overture (Dvorak, Op. 92).
Arias—Farewell of Boris ("Boris Godounov") (Moussorgsky).
Arias—Death of Boris ("Boris Godounov") (Moussorgsky).
Theodore Chalinpine (Bass).
10.30-11 p.m. Dance Music.
11 p.m. Close Down.

ZEESEN PROGRAMMES

This Evening's Broadcast From The German Short-Wavers

Special programmes for Far Eastern listeners will be broadcast from Zeesen as follows:

SOUTH ASIA ZONE

(South Asia Zone, broadcast from DJB. (19.74 metres) and DJN (31.45 metres).

DJB	19.74 m	15,200 kc	1.30-3 p.m.
DJB	19.74 m	15,200 kc	4.45-8.15 p.m.
DJN	31.45 m	9,540 kc	4.45-8.15 p.m.
DJB	19.74 m	15,200 kc	9 p.m.-12.30 a.m.

4.45 p.m. DJB, DJN Announcement (Germ., Engl.) German Folk Song. Programme Forecast (German, English).
5 p.m. Pianoforte Compositions by Beethoven's Contemporaries. Wolfgang Brugger.
5.30 p.m. News in English.
5.45 p.m. "Potsdam, Ancient and Modern." Relays from various historic sites in Potsdam.
6.45 p.m. News in German.
7 p.m. Concert of Light Music.
8 p.m. News in English.
8.15 p.m. Close down DJB, DJN (Germ., Engl.)

EAST ASIA ZONE

East Asia Zone broadcast through DJQ on 19.63 metres (15,280 kc.) 1.30-3 p.m. Concert, news at 2 p.m.
9 p.m. Call DJQ, DJA, DJB (Germ., Engl.) German Folk Song. Programme Forecast (Germ., Engl.)
9.15 p.m. Music in the Home. Pieces for piano by Jensen, etc.
9.35 p.m. A Story from Home.
9.45 p.m. News in English on DJQ, DJA and in Dutch on DJB.
10 p.m. "My Girl Good-bye!" Operetta by August Pepock.
11.15 p.m. News in German on DJQ, DJA, DJB.
11.30 p.m. Current Events.
11.40 p.m. Dance Music.
12.15 a.m. News in English on DJQ, DJA and in Dutch on DJB.
12.30 a.m. Close DJQ, DJA, DJB (Germ., Engl.)

DAVENTRY PROGRAMMES

To-day's Broadcasting From Four Transmissions

The following wave-lengths and frequencies are observed by Daventry.

Call Sign	Frequency	Wavelength
GSA	6,050 kc.	49.59 metres
GSB	9,510 kc.	31.55 metres
GSC	9,585 kc.	31.30 metres
GSD	11,750 kc.	25.53 metres
GSE	11,865 kc.	25.28 metres
GSF	15,140 kc.	19.82 metres
GSG	17,790 kc.	16.86 metres
GSH	21,470 kc.	13.97 metres
GSI	15,260 kc.	19.66 metres
GSJ	21,540 kc.	13.93 metres
GSL	6,110 kc.	49.18 metres

Transmission 5

(G.S.H. and G.S.C.)
7 a.m. Big Ben. "A Dissertation on Cats."
7.30 a.m. Big Ben. The Thornley Colliery Band.

(Continued on Page 4.)

To look its best when new a soft felt hat must be finished by expert handwork. To keep its good looks it must be made of pure fur.

Heath Hats are made of pure fur and are hand finished.

They are priced at $9.50, $13.50, $16.50, less 10% cash discount.

MACKINTOSH'S LTD.

MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS

Telephone 20029

Alexandra Building. Des Vœux Road.

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PROVE WHY THE NEW CHEVROLET STILL RETAINS ITS LEADERSHIP

Once you have inspected these 15 outstanding points of superiority embodied in the new Chevrolet Six, you, too, will concede its right to leadership for 1935.

KNEE ACTION WHEELS,
BLUE STREAK ENGINE
80 HORSEPOWER
80 MILES PER HOUR
FASTER ACCELERATION
GREATER ECONOMY
INCREASED SMOOTHNESS
LONGER WHEELBASE
ALL STEEL TURRET TOP
NEW Y-K FRAME
BIGGER FISHER BODY
SMART NEW STYLING
NO-DRAFT VENTILATION
AIRPLANE-TYPE INSTRUMENT PANEL and TYPICALLY LOW CHEVROLET PRICES.

FAR EAST MOTORS

Distributors for CHEVROLET CARS and TRUCKS.

26, Nathan Road, Kowloon.

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Pure Blood is HEALTH, VIGOUR and LIFE.

Impure Blood is the root cause of Skin Diseases, Boils, Rashes, Ulcers, Sores, Glandular Swellings, Rheumatism. The poisons result in damage to the arteries, internal organs and premature old age. The direct way to health is by purifying the blood with Clarke's Blood Mixture.

In LIQUID or TABLET form of all Chemists and Dealers.

CLARKE'S ORIGINAL BLOOD PURIFYING MEDICINE BLOOD MIXTURE

POPULAR DANCE RECORDS

FB1039.	DOWN BY THE RIVER	B.B.C. Orch.
FB1044.	MARIE LOUISE (Waltz)	B.B.C. Orch.
FB1048.	ANDALUSIA	Geraldo's.
FB1052.	LET ME SING YOU TO SLEEP	Rosenthal.
FB1057.	MAGIC OF YOU. RUMBA	Geraldo's.
FB1058.	LONELY LINDEN TREE	Geraldo's.
FB1064.	I WAS LUCKY	Goodman's.
MR1641.	LITTLE WHITE GARDENIA	Kassell.
MR1450.	MY SONG FOR YOU	Cotton.

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A. M. HOLLAND'S ELIMINATION BY R. DUNCAN

EX-CHAMPION'S BAD DAY

AN EXCITING END TO A MEDIOCRE MATCH

WINNER TRAILS BEHIND FOR A GREATER PART OF GAME

(By "Sagax")

When a player allows his standard of bowls to deteriorate in such an important stage of a competition as the quarter-final round then his elimination by one who was considered an inferior player cannot be regarded as a surprise but as something that spectators who watched the match had regarded as more than a distinct possibility.

This is exactly what occurred in the quarter-final match between A. M. Holland and R. Duncan in the Open Singles Lawn Bowls Championship on the Club de Recreio green yesterday afternoon when the former title holder failed to qualify for the semi-finals by a narrow margin after having held the lead on 19 of the 25 heads played.

However, though Holland at one time seemed a certain winner the standard of bowls was not as high as one would have expected and after Duncan had recovered from a bad start the ex-champion lost his touch to lose the match by 23 shots to 19 on the 25th head.

Those who saw Hollands win a poor match from E. el Arculli in the previous round might have expected to see Duncan qualify for the last four but the general opinion was that Holland would be able to reproduce something of the form which caused the early elimination of A. W. Grimmitt, last year's winner, from the competition.

Except for occasional flashes Holland was unable to show more than a fair standard of bowls and even when he scored a four on the second head it was not because his bowling was of the best, although there was at least a decided improvement on the form shown in the opening head.

HOLLAND'S FAILING

Holland's principal failing was an inclination to be short, particularly when bowling with the sun in his eyes and with the club house casting a deceptive shadow on the rink at the pavilion end. On the other hand on this end of the green Duncan was somewhat on the heavy side and found the ditch more often than he did at the opposite end. That is not to say, however, that he had more woods in the ditch than was normal in a game that did not produce the very best class of bowls.

The winner was always the more consistent after he had recovered from a poor start during which he conceded eight shots on three heads.

That he fully deserved his win none will deny and many favour his chances against G. N. Mitchell gainst whom he has been drawn in the semi-final round. Never at any stage of the game did Duncan lose heart and it was due to his determination not to succumb to an inferiority complex that he slowly but surely pulled what seemed a lost game out of the fire.

The way he converted an 8-2 deficit on the fourh head into a 14-13 lead on the 13th was a meritorious feat and achieved by a standard of bowls that stamped him as one of our leading exponents of the game.

DUNCAN'S POOR START

After Duncan had scored a two on the first head Holland replied with a maximum count on the second when he took out Duncan's second shot. Duncan's other three woods were wide of their mark and although the best shot of the head was the one with which Holland dislodged the second shot the standard was not altogether worthy of such a big count.

Holland then chalked up a single and a three on the next two heads to lead by 8-2 and Duncan replied with a three on the fifth. He missed a grand opportunity to score a four when he was short with his last wood which was perfectly greened with Holland lying well away from the jack. Five shots to Holland on the next six heads gave him the lead by 13-7 and once again it seemed that he would secure a comfortable victory.

However, it was on the 12th and 13th heads that Duncan turned the match in his favour by scoring a three and a four. Holland was completely off form and when he conceded the four his nearest wood was a good two yards from the jack, while on the previous head he had sent two of his woods into the ditch on a full head.

The general standard of bowls improved somewhat after the score was made 14-13 in favour of Duncan. Holland quickly took the lead again with a two and a single. On the 18th head he was leading by 18-15 but three singles made the scores level. On the 22nd head Holland had a single, to which Duncan replied with two singles and then on the 25th head he brought the match to an end with a three.

The one redeeming feature to what would otherwise have proved an uninteresting match, apart from the elimination of a favoured player, was the excitement which prevailed during the closing stages when it was touch and go as to which of the two players was the better. Duncan was, as I have said, maintaining a consistently good standard of bowls, and fully deserved his victory.

Members of the South China Athletic Association who succeeded in breaking the hitherto uninterrupted sequence of victories registered by the Chinese Recreation Club in the "B" Division of the Lawn Tennis League since 1925. (Photo: Ming Yuen).

BADMINTON HAS COME TO STAY

ANNUAL MEETING SHORTLY

START OF A NEW SEASON

(By "Sagax")

Winter and its seasonal pastimes will be upon us very shortly and preparations are already being made for the commencement of yet another season. Among the many attractions offered the sportsman in the Colony will be Badminton which is still in its infancy, being in its second year of existence.

Although Badminton has enjoyed but one season in Hongkong thus far, the enthusiasm shown last year augurs well for the approaching season and the Association may well be satisfied with its efforts to promote the game in the Colony.

As last season progressed new clubs came into being and this year there are more adherents to the game than ever. Several teams have been formed since the activities of twelve months ago and these, together with the original clubs, will be required to get together in ten days' time and decide on the programme for the coming season.

A general meeting of the Executive Council and representatives of all badminton clubs in the Colony will be held in the Board Room of the South China Morning Post, Ltd., on Tuesday September 17, at 5.30 p.m.

Notices have been officially circulated to representatives of all those clubs in affiliation with the Hongkong Badminton Association last year, but the new clubs have not been notified of the meeting as their existence is not known to the Hon. Secretary, Mr. L. D. Skinner. I have been requested to invite all these clubs to send representatives to the meeting to participate in the general discussion on the activities for the season.

SECOND WIN FOR BRENTFORD

VICTORY IN HOME FOOTBALL

READING LOSE

London, Sept. 5.

Brentford, the champions of the Second Division last year, have made an auspicious start in the First Division of the English Football League and to date have won both matches played.

To-day the Londoners were hosts at Griffin Park to Blackburn Rovers and they won by three goals to one. On Saturday Brentford beat Bolton Wanderers, runners-up in the Second Division last season, by two goals to nil at Burnden Park.

Considered one of the best teams in the Third Division, Reading failed to justify confidence by losing to Clapton Orient at Lea Bridge Road by the only goal of the match. The Orient have thus won both their opening matches on their own ground.—*Reuter.*

HANDS OFF LAWN TENNIS RULES!

TILDEN & SERVICE THEORY

"MAKING GAME MEDIOCRE"

London, Aug. 5.

Leave the lawn tennis rules alone!

This was the reply of Mr. William Tilden, the famous professional and former Wimbledon champion, when a *Morning Post* representative asked him for his opinion on the suggested innovation that servers should be allowed to swing the foot over the line.

"I consider that all the rules, as they stand, are perfectly sound," he said. "To adopt such a rule would be practically an admission that the footfault judge does not know his business.

"This sort of attitude is altogether wrong; instead of praising a man with an unbeatable service, certain people seek to reduce the game to a standard of mediocrity, to devise means whereby everyone can stand up to him.

"I hold that anything a man can do with a tennis racket is legitimate; it is all part of the game. And there is no reason to interfere with the existing footfault rules."

VALUE OF CANNON BALLS

Speed of service does not play too big a part in the game, according to Mr. Tilden, and he does not consider that it constitutes a serious handicap to players of a certain physique and with a structural restriction in the shoulders.

Service does not carry the predominance in the game that it once possessed, and the ability to deliver a "cannon-ball" is no longer a criterion of victory.

This was once the case, but, says Mr. Tilden, Cochet and Lacoste gave us the answer to that—and Cochet, incidentally, was a man of small stature.

Ambitious young tennis players are often in doubt as to the extent to which they should specialise in the game, and often they desire to keep up some other sport as part of their training before they reach front rank and have little alternative but to play lawn tennis all the year round.

HOW TO TRAIN

The problem of seeking a suitable combination is not so difficult as many enthusiasts believe it to be.

While Mr. Tilden holds it to be well nigh impossible to excel in more than one sport, he considers all athletics, with the exception of American football, to be of assistance in training for lawn tennis, or, indeed for any other game. He particularly commends association football, cricket, golf, basket ball or hockey as a diversion for those who aspire to great heights in the lawn tennis world.

National associations, he added, should assume responsibility for promising players only in so far as the individual player is prepared to allow them to do so.

He regards any tendency to take a player in hand against his will as being fundamentally against the rules of sport, and he insists that "lawn tennis is a sport—not a business."

THE BEST COURTS

The best surface for training is on hard courts; although Mr. Tilden's personal preference is for grass.

Ninety per cent. of the lawn tennis in the world is played on hard courts, he points out. However, an experienced player should be able to accustom himself to any surface in a comparatively short space of time.

Mr. Tilden does not believe that Great Britain would benefit by the adoption of a strictly limited entry of an assured standard in invitation tournaments for amateurs. Such regulations should be confined to professional contests.

Finally, he exploded the theory that a good singles player is not necessarily a good doubles player.

OUTLET FOR PERSONALITY

He was referring to the fact that there is only one doubles match to four singles matches in Davis Cup—a contingency which, he explained, is necessitated by the deed of gift and is not in any way a matter of policy.

He attaches greater importance to singles play because, apart from the individual achievement being more interesting from the public's point of view, it provides a greater outlet for personality in the game. And a proficient singles played should be able to adapt himself to doubles when called upon to do so.

Indeed, Mr. Tilden has himself supplied the illustration more effectively than mere words can do.

He joined forces with another great singles player in H. E. Vines during the professional tour last year. Neither of them laid any claim to being doubles players of outstanding merit.

They met G. M. Lott and L. R. Stoefen, then the world's amateur doubles champions. Tilden and Vines won 20 of the 30 games.

MANILA CHINESE TO PAY VISIT TO SHANGHAI

NATIONAL GAMES NEXT MONTH

Manila, P.I., Sept. 5.

Local Chinese residents have started raising funds with which to dispatch a local basket-ball quint to represent the Philippine Community in Shanghai this October, when the national championship games are to be held.

The team, according to present plans, will sail from Manila during the latter part of September, arriving in Shanghai in ample time to "warm up" for the meet, scheduled to start on October 10.

The first Philippine Chinese team to be sent to Shanghai to compete last year was eliminated in the first round of competition.

A total of fourteen men, including coach and trainer, will make up the team. It is estimated that P2,000 will be necessary to cover the expenses incurred by the projected "invasion."

Selection of the squad will be through elimination try outs on the courts of the local Chinese Young Men's Christian Association.—*United Press.*

R. Connor, the Queen's Park Rangers outside-left, has been signed by Yeovil.

BRITAIN'S STARS

TENNIS PLAYERS IN UNITED STATES

SUCCESSES IN THIRD ROUND

Forest Hills, N.Y., Sept. 1.

British stars dominated the field in the third round of the U. S. National tennis singles championships currently being played, Frederick J. Perry and two countrymen winning their respective matches with ease.

Perry, concededly the world's outstanding player, stroked his way to a lazy victory over Leonard Harman of New York, 7-5, 6-3 and 7-5. He was apparently content with his scant margin in games of each set.

Miss Nancy Lyle, however, made the most impressive appearance of the British players for the day eliminating Mrs. Dorothy Andrus, American No. 4 in national rankings 6—4, 6—1.

Freda James, a good doubles player, surprised some circles by eliminating Gracyn Wheeler, American No. 12, 6—2 and 6—1. Another British star Kay Stammers, whom experts look to be in the finals, probably against Helen Jacobs, won her scheduled match with ease.

The veteran John Van Ryn, thinned the ranks of foreign competitors by eliminating Martin LeGaery of France, 6-0, 6-3, 6-3. It was recalled that a virtual unknown yesterday eliminated the veteran Frenchman, Christian Boussous.

The results of the third round matches follow:

MEN'S

Gene Mako (U.S.) defeated Clifford Sutter (U.S.) 4-6, 3-6, 6-3, 6-2 and 6-4.

Donald Budge (U. S.) defeated Wilmer Hines (U. S.) 9—7, 6—1, 7—5.

John Van Ryn (U.S.) defeated Martin Le Gaery (France) 6-0, 6-3, 6-3.

Frederick J. Perry (Britain) defeated Leonard Harman (New York) 7-5, 6-3 and 7-5.

Frank Shields (U.S.) defeated Henry Prusoff, (Seattle) 7—5, 7—5, 2—6 and 7—5.

Other winners were Sidney Wood, Frank Parker, Bryan Grant and Wilmer Allison, all of whom encountered little resistance.

WOMEN'S

Nancy Lyle (Britain) defeated Mrs. Dorothy Andrus (U.S.) 6-4, 6-1.

Freda James (Britain) defeated Gracyn Wheeler (U.S.) 6-2, 6-1.

Other winners were Kay Stammers (Great Britain) Carolyn Babcock (U.S.) and Sarah Palfrey Fabyan, all of whom were easy winners.—*Associated Press.*

FURTHER DELAY IN TENNIS

No Play Possible In The U.S. Championships

New York, Sept. 5.

Torrential rains are causing havoc to the American Lawn Tennis Singles Championships at Forest Hills.

The programme was again delayed to-day when there was no play. This is the third time that there has been no play for a whole day.

Yesterday only 45 minutes' play was possible.—*Reuter.*

OUTLAW THE THUGS IN FOOTBALL

Ban The 'Ankle-Tappers' From Participation

The football season in Hongkong will be starting soon and already appeals have been made to players and spectators alike for the cleaning up of the game in Hongkong. The outrages of the last few seasons are still remembered and the authorities are intent on ridding the game of all elements not in keeping with the best traditions of local soccer.

In a recent article in the *Daily Express*, Trevor Wignall makes some pertinent comments on the outlaw of thugs in football at Home. He asks "Will the foul and dirty play that was so frequently seen last season, and in many seasons before, again be permitted?" The question may well apply to Hongkong and the article by Trevor Wignall is not without its significence to players in the Colony.

For more than a week, writes Trevor Wignall, I have made it my business to discuss the matter with prominent managers, directors and players. They naturally do not desire to be quoted, but, in every case, I found there is a demand for swift and drastic action on the part of the Football Association.

It was pointed out that we rarely lose an opportunity to dilate on the roughness, the brutality, and the illegalities that have crept into the game of Association as it is played in certain countries on the Continent.

What we fail to do is to make some attempt to clean our own stable. Almost every Saturday last winter incidents were witnessed that were entirely inexcusable.

CRIPPLING TACTICS

Ankle-tapping was almost commonplace, and there were also occasions when it must have been palpable to the most near-sighted that deliberate efforts were made to cripple opponents.

One of the most famous players in the world told me that taking the field when there was much at stake was nearly the equivalent of shouldering a rifle and stepping out for battle.

The clubs that suffer most are those that gain the greatest publicity, and those others who are fighting for promotion. It follows that the men who are most subject to deliberate fouling are those whose skill places them apart from their fellows.

It is not suggested that there are more than a handful of footballers who will resort to dirty tactics rather than be beaten. Yet there are some who should have been driven out of the game long ago.

They see red when they are left standing by a player of superior talent, and sooner or later they extract revenge by a vicious kick or by something equally hurtful.

"BLACK LISTS"

It may be incorrect that the Football Association and the Football League have in their possession black lists of players who have become notorious by reason of their foul methods, although this has been asserted, but if such a list were required it could be supplied by almost any manager within an hour.

Why these destroyers are not prevented from re-signing by the rulers of the game that still attracts bigger crowds than any other sport is a mystery even to those behind the scenes.

Scarcely a railway journey is taken without it being stressed that "So-and-So will have to be watched to-day". The reference is, of course, to an opponent who would prefer to break a leg than have the ball sent past him.

It should not be difficult to remove from Soccer those who are giving it a bad name. Short terms of suspension mean little to them; as a consequence they should be suspended for all time.

A PUBLIC DUTY

Association football is a game for the fit and the strong, and accidents therefore, must occasionally happen. There is, however, a wide distance between bad luck and cases of deliberate dirtiness.

If the F.A. wish to perform a public duty, they will issue a stern declaration before the English season begins that there will be no pardons for men who cannot play Soccer as it was intended to be played.

Such an announcement would be welcomed by managers and directors, by those who pay to see the matches, and by all players save the few who are rapid to shed invisible crocodile tears after they have indulged in their maiming.

Soccer, in the main, is healthy. It is also well conducted and well ruled. Its blot is manufactured by the ankle-tappers, the leg-twisters, the back-to-the-referee punchers, the elbow-users—to, in short, the foulers and the purveyors of dirtiness.

They should without hesitation be flung where they belong. The scrap-heap.

BASEBALL

N. Y. Giants Defeated By Cincinnati

RAIN PREVENTS PLAY

IN AMERICAN LEAGUE

New York, Sept. 5.

Once again rain has caused a delay in the American Baseball League fixtures. Three games were postponed to-day, only two teams being able to fulfil their engagements.

In the National League, however all matches were played as per schedule. The New York Giants suffered a defeat at the hands of Cincinnati but once again the St. Louis Cardinals lost also.

The Pirates and the Cubs were the other winning teams, the former beating the Dodgers and the latter winning from the Phillies.

Results of to-day's matches follow:

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	4	9	1
Pittsburgh	5	13	0

(Suhr scored a home run for the Pirates).

New York	1	10	0
Cincinnati	4	7	1
Philadelphia	4	7	1
Chicago	3	7	3

(Watkins scored a home run for the Phillies. There were 11 innings).

Boston	3	8	5
St. Louis	1	9	1

(There were 1nnings).

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	8	14	1
Boston	1	6	1

(Hudlin scored a home run for the Indians).

Cleveland	0	17	3
Boston	6	7	1

The following matches were postponed on account of rain:—St. Louis Browns v. Washington Senators; Detroit Tigers v. Philadelphia Athletics; Chicago White Sox v. New York Yankees.—*Reuter.*

NO MISTAKE IN TIMING AT BERLIN OLYMPICS

TREBLE CHECK TO BE KEPT

AN ELECTRICAL DEVICE

Berlin.

The finishes of all races in the Olympic Games in Berlin next year will be trebly recorded, an automatic moving picture camera, and "electric" tape and a television photo cell, being employed to eliminate doubts.

At three devices are linked up and the whole mechanism is set in motion by the firing of an electric starting pistol.

Directly the pistol is fired, the time is automatically recorded on the tape. Then, as the athletes approach the finishing point, the moving picture camera automatically begins to take a picture of the final scenes so that any doubt which may arise, can be cleared up later.

The breaking of the finishing tape closes an electric circuit causing the recording machine to print the winner's time to 1-100th part of a second, on a strip of paper.

CONTROL OF CRICKET IN ENGLAND

HOW INTERNATIONAL MATCHES ARE ORGANISED AND CONDUCTED

M. C. C. NOT IN SOLE CHARGE OF THE MANAGEMENT OF TOURS

(By R. Abbit)

There is a widespread idea that the M. C. C. committee is the body which controls all Test Match Cricket, and, in view of the many faults which have been found with the arrangements in the past couple of years, it cannot be too widely known that this is not so. Whether or no the M. C. C. ever was entirely responsible I am not sure, though I doubt it.

For many years in the past I believe that the broad lines of tours were arranged by them. By that I mean that they generally sketched in the broad lines for teams visiting England. As regards teams going abroad of course they were definitely run by private individuals until early in this century. But in England they more or less indicated how many test matches—not so called then—should be played, and on what grounds. There is definite evidence that anyway in the late seventies and early eighties the English side was selected by the authorities of the county owning the ground at which the game was to be played. On at least one occasion when the game was to be played at the Oval, the English side was selected by the committee of the Surrey Cricket Club.

The Committee of the M.C.C. do, of course, control English Cricket in a broad sense. They are in fact the legislators of the game, but though they issue "Instructions to Umpires", they do not appoint the umpires themselves, for these are appointed for first or second class matches respectively by the Captains of the First Class Counties and the Minor Counties. There are usually two meetings early in December at Lord's. Thus the M.C.C. only act as a sort of general overlord, and most of the executive action as regards the game is delegated to two bodies, the "Board of Control of 'Test' Matches at Home" and the "Advisory County Cricket Committee."

THE REAL RULER OF THE TESTS

There is no doubt that the old rather slipshod way of letting the Committee of the county owning the ground choose an all England side was unsatisfactory and probably led to errors and injustices. In 1898 the Counties approached the M.C.C. with certain proposals with the result that the Board of Control was formed in that year. Let it be clearly understood that it operates only for Test Matches played in England, but for all of these, whoever the opponents may be. The Board will thus make all the arrangements for the Tests with India in 1936, New Zealand in 1937, Australia in 1938, West Indies in 1939, South Africa in 1940 and Australia in 1942.

THE CONSTITUTION

The M.C.C. of course have a strong interest in the proceedings of the Board. The President of the M.C.C. is *ex officio* Chairman of the Board, and there must be five others of the M.C.C. Committee. The other ten members consist of a single representative from each of the ten counties which were in the previous season at the head of the County Championship tables. The rules for Test Matches which sometimes may not correspond in small details with the first class rules have become well settled on broad lines, but at the beginning of every season there is a meeting at which the Selection Committee is chosen, and the rules revised. I shall touch later upon the various little changes which are made. The Board does not of course meet on the one occasion only but as requisite. It is laid down that it shall continue to function until the season it controls is over and the accounts have been passed. It superintends the distribution of the profits. It then ceases to function. In the next season the new President of the M.C.C. and the ten county representatives require no selection, but I understand that the five members of the M.C.C. Committee are selected at a meeting of the whole M.C.C. Committee.

THE SELECTION COMMITTEE

The Board under Rule IV appoints a Sub-Committee of three to select the English team and they must first of all (in the case of each match, that is,) select a Captain who shall become a member of the Committee and have a casting vote. Provision is also made for consulting the views of the Professionals. The wording varies between "may" or "shall." For the 1935 Selectors the rule read "shall" co-opt two professionals with full powers, one from the North and the other from the South. It does not appear customary to make the names public, but in the past I know that Hobbs and Rhodes have been consulted. So there are actually six people to select the team after the Captain has been chosen, and if the vote is split, the Captain has the casting vote.

AGE

It is a very interesting thing to see that the policy of choosing very elderly Selectors has only arisen since 1931. For five years now, including the 1935 season Messrs. P. A. Perrin and T. A. Higson have served continuously. Perrin is now 59 and Higson 62. In 1931, 1932 and 1935 Mr. P. F. Warner acted. He is also 62. In 1933 Lord Hawke acted. He was only 73! Sir Stanley Jackson in 1934 was 64. Now take the first Committee appointed in 1899. Lord Hawke was then only 39, H. W. Bainbridge 37, and though W. G. Grace was 51 he was still playing cricket. Mr. Warner acted first in 1905 at the age of 32. C. B. Fry in 1909 was only 37, and in 1930 Mr. F. T. Mann was 42. It boils down to this, that until after 1930 at least two of the three original members of the Committee were taking an active part in first class cricket. I gravely doubt if the change is a good one.

As there are rather a lot of facts and figures in this article which is meant to inform those of my readers who are keen on knowing how things work in Home cricket I propose to split it into two rather than have too many statistics all at once.

SEMI-FINAL MATCHES IN BOWLS

FIXTURES FOR NEXT WEEK

INTERNATIONAL GAMES

Following the match between A. M. Holland and R. Duncan yesterday the Lawn Bowls Sub-Committee held a meeting to draw for the semi-final matches of the Open Singles. The result was as follows, with the dates and the greens:

Wednesday, Sept. 11

B.W. Bradbury v. H.A. Alves (Civil Service C.C.). Umpire: Mr. H. Nish.

Thursday, Sept. 12

G.N. Mitchell v. R. Duncan (Kowloon C.C.). Umpire: Mr. C. J. Tacchi.

International Shield

The following greens have been allotted to the following matches in the International Shield:

India v. Portugal (Kowloon B.G.C.)

Malaya v. England (Craigengower C.C.)

Matches will commence at 3.15 p.m.

HOME SOCCER PROSPECTS

NO. 8--SWINDON TOWN

HOPES OF MANAGER VIZARD

Injuries and illness took a heavy toll of Swindon Town's players during the latter part of last season.

Thanks, however to the run of successes in the Cup-ties, added to a fee of some £750 in respect of the transfer of Houldsworth to Stoke, there was a balance in the bank of about £1,500.

Seven of the old players were retained, these being: Duckworth, Horrocks, Armstrong (W.), Cousins, Peters, Fowler and Bowl.

Manager Ted Vizard has signed on ten additional men and is more than hopeful that he has got together a band of players capable of extending the best clubs in the Third Division. More will be signed on trial periods.

Rutherford (West Ham) will be the first choice goalkeeper, with Edmunds (a local amateur) as his understudy. Candidates for the full-back positions will be Duckworth, McCarthy (Queen's P.R.), Bailey (Leeds) and Smith (Bristol Rovers).

The only addition to the half-back line is Shanks (Leeds). New forwards are Parmley (Huddersfield), Cochrane (Northampton), Wilcockson (Leeds), Wells (Northampton) and Vaughan (Rhondda Valley).

Goalkeeper: J. Rutherford.

Backs: H. Duckworth, T. McCarthy, H. Bailey, J. Smith.

Half-backs: W. Horrocks, W. Armstrong, H. Cousins, R. Shanks.

Forwards: F. Peters, A. Fowler, H. Bowl, J. Parmley, A. Cochrane, S. Wilcockson, T. Wells, T. Vaughan.

NO. 9--LUTON TOWN

Bold Policy Raises Great Enthusiasm

Never has there been greater enthusiasm at Luton. The bold policy adopted by the directors set the supporters alight, with the result that the financial return was better than any save one in the history of the club.

Notable additions have been made to the playing strength. Twenty-seven players have been engaged, which is far more than usual, and there are new men in every department.

These include Charles McIntosh, goalkeeper from Preston North End; John Finlayson (Orient), Arthur Hubbard, from Birmingham, full backs; W. J. Fellowes (Orient) and Jack Nelson from the Wolves, two very strong pivots, Mark Crook, the sturdy outside-right from the Wolves, and Frank Beresford, a red-haired inside-right from Preston; Harold Andrews, Barnsley and Notts County, inside-left, and George Turner, outside-left from Bradford City, formerly with Everton, to which club he went from Luton.

These players have cost the club a large sum of money, but they should undoubtedly add greatly to an already strong contingent. In addition half a dozen promising amateurs have been signed.

It is highly improbable that Fraser, who broke a leg last February, will play before Christmas. Yet it seems that Luton are as likely to achieve promotion as any other team in the League.

Full list of players:

Goalkeepers: J. L. Coen, O. K. McIntosh (Preston).

Backs: J. Finlayson (Orient), R. Kingham, T. S. Smith, S. C. Coote, T. S. Mackey, A. Hubbard (Birmingham).

Half-backs: J. Payne, D. Colquhoun, J. Nelson (Wolves), W. J. Fellowes (Orient), H. M. Ginnigle, W. Thayne, C. R. Fraser, G. Kidd.

Forwards: W. Crompton, M. S. Martin, C. Cook, J. Ball, F. Roberts, H. Andrew's (Barnsley), G. Stephenson, G. Turner (Bradford C.).

NO. 10—MANSFIELD

Inside Forward Positions Strengthened

Mansfield Town's efforts in the close season have been mainly directed to strengthening the inside forward positions, and the result is the signing of four new men for those positions.

P. Bartley (Rochdale) and S. Field (Bradford) will understudy Harry Johnson at centre-forward, while E. A. Whittam, an inside-right from Chester, secured at a considerable fee, and J. Allen (Spurs) will be at inside-right and inside-left respectively.

The new blood is designed to infuse more thrust. It is interesting to note that Field and Allen are returning to their native heath, having learned their football in the local colliery districts.

The defence will probably show only one change at the commencement, Tom Lockie, the Accrington mynt, having been recruited with a view to solving the centre-half problem, which has puzzled the Town for a long time. Tom Pritchard, a former centre-half, will act as trainer.

Excellent things are expected of Darvill, a tall young full-back formerly with Wycombe Wanderers and Reading, and Tizard, another youngster as reserve to Fawcett in goal.

Last season brought a profit of £1,400, the first surplus the club have shown in League football.

Goalkeepers: D. Fawcett, C. Tizard (Crystal Palace.)

Full-backs: E. Dransfield, A. Ashley, A. Barlow, G. M.Darvill (Reading).

Half-backs: A. Wright, C. Hufton T. Cook, T. Lockie (Accrington), W. Slack, H. P. Gilmore (Hull).

Forwards: J. Hunter, A. Atkinson, E. A. Whittam (Chester), H. Johnson, P. J. Partley (Rochdale), S. S. Field, (Bradford); J. Allen (Q.P.R.), G. Bythewny, E. Parker.

Mrs. Gwenda Stewart, the English women's speed champion, who holds the ladies' lap record at 129.58 miles an hour. She is here photographed in an unconventional dress with her car before a practice run.

SIX-A-SIDE SOCCER

AN INTERESTING INNOVATION

A large number of entries have been received for the Six-a-side soccer competition which takes place at the new Sookunpoo Football ground on September 21 under the auspices of the Hongkong Area Sports Board.

Altogether 28 entries have been sent in, and the matches should prove interesting. South China "A" team, champions in the senior league last season, have been drawn against the Royal Army Medical Corps in the first round.

The following is the draw:

FIRST ROUND

South China "A" v R.A.M.C.
Police "A" v East Lancs "B"
East Lancs "D" v Royal Navy
Lincolns "A" v Lincolns "B"
South China "B" v R. Engineers "A"
"Stonecutters" v Club "A"
Kowloon v Lincolns "D"
R. Engineers "B" v East Lancs "A"
Club "D" v "Lyeemun"
Athletic v R. C. Signals "A"
East Lancs "C" v Club "B"
R. C. Signals "B" v Club "C"

BYES INTO 2ND. ROUND

Lincolns "C"
Police "B"
St. Joseph's
South China "C"

MILITARY HARBOUR RACE

WON BY PRIVATE TAYLOR

EAST LANCASHIRE RGT. FIRST

Pte. Taylor, of the East Lancashire Regiment, won the Annual Military Harbour Race this morning, when he swam from the Railway Pier, Kowloon, to the R.A.S.C. Camber in 26 mins. 55 secs. Pte. Butterworth, also of the East Lancs, finished 4.2/5 secs. later, his time being 26 mins. 59.2/5 secs.

Altogether twenty-four, representing four different units, faced the starter, Lieut. Genese.

Pte. Taylor and Pte. Butterworth led all the way, being closely followed by Lovack, of the East Lancs; and Halliday, of the R. A.

Pte. Taylor's time bettered the previous year's by almost one minute.

The East Lancs won the team prize, R. A. second, Lincolns third, and the Royal Welch Fusiliers fourth.

LEAGUE TENNIS FIXTURE

UNIVERSITY WIN FROM K. C. C.

"B" DIVISION MATCH

Playing in the "B" Division of the Lawn Tennis League at Pokfulum, on Wednesday, the University were defeated by the visiting Kowloon Cricket Club team by five sets to four.

In the deciding match, J. Hsu and Y. C. Lau led Oppenheim and G. C. Burnett 4-1, but cracked up badly thereafter, and were defeated. Scores:

G. Hsse and A. W. Ramsay (Kowloon C. C.) beat P. C. Lee and A. L. Tsai 7-5; beat K. T. Kwik and S. Lee 6-1; lost to J. Hsu and Y. C. Lee 4-6.

G. C. Burnett and L. A. Oppenheim (Kowloon C. C.) beat Lee and Tsai 6-1; beat Kwik and Lee 6-4; beat Hsu and Lau 6-4.

R. S. Capell and J. S. Smith (Kowloon C. C.) lost to Lee and Tsai 5-7; lost to Kwik and Lee 1-6; lost to Hsu and Lau 0-6.

Ghotteau, who was preparing a long distance swimming of 40 miles off the Californian coast, is here seen drinking milk during a training swim.

MORNING "POWS"

Event Arranged By Local Jockey Club

The following ponies will take part in the "pow" to be held to-morrow morning:

Beginner's Luck (Choy Wing-chiu); Blacksmith (Yeung Wing-sing); Bootle (Chiu Cheong-fan); Cavalcade (Mok Hing-wing); Flamingo (F. F. Li); Fudge (W. K. Yeung); High Principle (S. K. Lee); Ike (C. L. Gregory); In Good Time (Woo Tueson); King's Parade (G. R. Cheape); Light Brigade (Tang Man-wa); Lion Hunter (R. M. Wood); Locksley Hall (Ho Hung-pong); Marina (N. O. Kring), The Rain Gauge (Tang Man-chuen); Tiny Star (C. N. Kong); Touchstone (G. M. Wong); Wembly Stag (S. L. Yuen); What's The Time (Ip Kum-lim).

PREPARING FOR INTERPORT

SWIMMING TRIALS AT V.R.C.

With a view to selecting swimmers to represent the Colony in the Interport against Shanghai, which is to take place here on September 19, 20 and 21, trials were held at the V.R.C. yesterday.

The events tried out were the 50 yards free style, 100 yards breast stroke and 440 yards free style. The trials, however, were more or less in the nature of selecting the second strings as those who won these events in the Colony's championships held last week did not take part, having been automatically picked.

Four swimmers participated in the 50 yards free style which was won by L. Oliveira in 25.3 seconds. The official record for this race is 25.2/5 by Chan Chan-hing last week. S. V. Gittins and H. L. Osorio dead-hearted for second place, both clocking 26.4 seconds. Tsang Ho-fook was the other swimmer.

The 100 yards breast stroke resulted in a dead-heat between E. Marques and Wong Yiu-man. The time returned was 78.1 seconds, which is 6.1 seconds behind the record established in 1934 by Kwok Chan-hang who, incidentally, won the race in the Colony's Championships this year in 73 1/5 seconds. H. Pilder of the East Lancashire Regiment also took part in this race.

L. Roza-Pereira swam a well-judged race in the 440 yards free style to beat his club-mate A.A. da Roza by about 15 yards. He swam the distance in 5 minutes 36.4 seconds while Roza's time was 5 minutes 52.3 seconds. The official record is 5 minutes 26. 2/5 seconds established by W. Lawrence in last week's Colony championships.

THE RESULTS

Results of yesterday's trials were:—50 yards free style.—1, L. Oliveira; 2, S.V. Gittins and H. L. Osorio (dead-heat). Time:—25.3 secs; 26. 4 secs. Also swam:—Tsang Ho-fook.

100 yards breast stroke.—1. Wong Yiu-man and E. Marques (dead-heat). Time 78.1 secs. Also swam: H. Fields.

440 yards free style: L. Roza-Pereira; 2, A.A. da Roza. Time:—5 mins. 36.4 secs; 5 mins. 52.3 secs.

The trials will be continued on Monday and Tuesday.

The final trial for the China National Meet to be held in Shanghai on October 19 will take place at the Chinese Y.M.C.A., Bridges Street, to-day and to-morrow, commencing at 9 p.m. each day.

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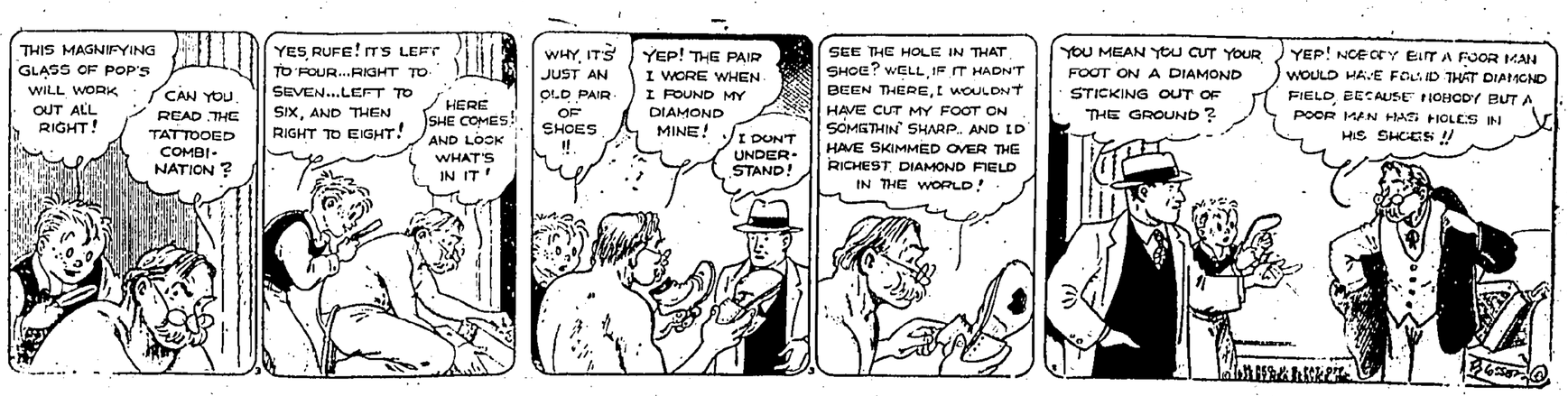

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SERIAL STORY—

One I Love

by LAURA LOU BROOKMAN

BEGIN HERE TO-DAY

JANET HILL breaks her engagement with ROLF CARLYLE after learning he has been going out with BETTY KENDALL, a society girl. Janet is secretary to BRUCE HAMILTON, advertising manager of Every Home Magazine, and Rolf is employed in an advertising office.

Janet is still much in love with Rolf. One night on a street car she meets JEFFREY GRANT, young engineer who has recently moved to the rooming house where she lives. A few nights later MOLLIE LAMBERT, who lives across the hall, persuades Janet to go on a blind date with two of Mollie's friends. Janet sees Rolf with Betty Kendall and is more unhappy than ever.

On a stormy March evening she sets out from the office, undecided where to go. She walks down a street that is unfamiliar and almost loses her way. Coming back she sees a child crying in a doorway. The little girl is ROSIE SILVANI. Janet buys her a hot meal and sets out afterward to take her home.

They are on a dark street when a man catches Janet's arm and demands her purse. Rosie screams. Suddenly Jeff Grant appears and the holdup man runs. Jeff takes Janet and Rosie to the little girl's home in his car. They talk to PAT SILVANI, Rosie's father, who has been out of work for nearly two years. The family is almost destitute. Janet and Jeff, on the way home, decide to "adopt" them.

CHAPTER XVIII

The rest of that week was so busy Janet had to break a movie date with Pauline Hayden and cut her evening French class. At noon she barely took time for a sandwich and cup of coffee at the corner lunch counter. Then she was off on hurried shopping trips.

The problems of the Silvani family had become Janet's own. The first purchase to go to the Silvanis was an order of food—a huge order including flour, milk, butter and eggs, fresh vegetables and a large assortment of canned goods. Then there was clothing. Janet looked for bargains and found them. She had gone through her own wardrobe and selected what she could spare. From Mollie Lambert and Mrs. Snyder and a girl who lived on the floor above Janet collected other garments—coats and dresses that could be cut down for the children or that Mrs. Silvani might remodel for herself.

Jeffrey Grant had a suit that "wasn't much good," he said but obviously better than the one Pat Silvani had been wearing the night of their visit. Jeffrey had a heavy sweater, too, that he never wore any more.

He and Janet loaded all these things into the roadster Saturday afternoon and drove out to the little house on the dreary street. It was Rose who met them—Rose Silvani with her daughter, little Rosie, peeping from behind her skirts until she saw who the guests were, then darting forward. Rosie was radiant this time. Her face was freshly scrubbed and her dress was clean. The house looked as bare as it had before but what Janet noticed immediately was that it was warm. There was a fire burning in the small square cookstove and behind was a bin filled with wood and coal.

"Oh—you're the ones who sent the food!" Mrs. Silvani exclaimed. "Won't you come in, please? I don't know how to thank you. I don't know how to tell you what it's meant—"

Rose Silvani, they soon found, was much less voluble than her husband. Obviously moved, she could not find words to express her thanks. Janet suspected this was partly the restraint built by months of hardship. Mrs. Silvani had been a pretty woman. She was pretty now except that there were drawn lines in her face and her eyes seemed so tired. Her shoulders were slightly bent and she looked thin and worn and very weary. Her dress was a cheap cotton, faded by many washings.

* * *

Janet explained about the clothing they had brought. Most of the things, she said, would have to be made over but they were good material. Jeffrey went outside and began to carry in the packages.

Tommy, who had been sitting in the rear of the room, got on his crutches then and came hobbling forward. He stood in the window and looked out at the roadster. Little Rosie crept beside him and the children exchanged whispered comments.

It was when the cast-off suit and the sweater for Pat Silvani were displayed that Mrs. Silvani broke down and wept.

"My poor Pat!" she moaned. "He's needed a suit for so long! All the time in the freezing weather he didn't have an overcoat. Oh, I can't help it. I—I just can't help crying!"

They were joyful tears and nobody minded them. Presently Mrs. Silvani wiped her eyes and after that she seemed to talk more easily. Pat was such a good husband, she told them. Oh, it had all been so different a few years ago! These days when he had nothing to do were hard on him. It worried her, Rose Silvani said. It wasn't just not having money. It was the way Pat looked. Sometimes when he'd been out all day trying to find a job and then walked home because pennies for carfare counted up there was something in his eyes that frightened her. She was afraid Pat might do something—something desperate!

"But we're going to find work for him," Janet assured her. "He's going to have a job."

"Oh, Miss, if you only could!" Jeffrey Grant explained then the important part of the visit. Jeffrey had talked to a man in the office where he worked. As a matter of fact he had talked to several of them. This man (Simpson was his name) needed some repair work done at his home. Something changed about the garage and a couple of rooms painted upstairs. Simpson had expected to do the work himself but he'd kept putting it off. If Jeffrey was sure Pat Silvani was reliable he'd be willing to hire him. It would be about a week's work and he'd pay what was reasonable.

"Pat'll do it!" Mrs. Silvani said eagerly. He'll do a fine job too! Pat's so handy with tools. When does he want him to begin? Maybe I could get hold of him this afternoon—"

* * *

Grant told her gently there was no such hurry. Simpson had suggested that Pat Silvani should drop in at the office Monday morning. He'd tell him what was to be done and arrange a price. Then the work could start in the afternoon or next day.

Meanwhile, the young man went on, there was the matter of that rent bill. If the Silvanis were in danger of being dispossessed they'd better accept a loan and pay it back after Mr. Silvani was working.

Jeffrey drew out his check book and fountain pen. The amount was $25, Rose Silvani said. There were tears in her eyes again, tears that obscured the faces of the young man and young woman before her.

"The saints bless and keep you!" Rose Silvani murmured. Her voice caught and then went on, "You're like angels from heaven!"

Janet turned quickly to speak to Tommy and to listen to the excited story little Rosie wanted to tell. It was about how a man had come with the coal and wood and said it was for them and that it was paid for.

"It's been just like Christmas," Tommy told her. "Only better! Last Christmas—Gee, we didn't get anything!"

Over the boy's head Janet glanced at Jeffrey Grant. He had sent the fuel, of course. Why, he had done more than she had for the "adopted family." She would insist on paying half of the $25, though. She had the money in the bank.

It was the precious savings account Janet was thinking about—the money she had worked so hard to save, looking toward the day when she and Rolf would be married. Already she had dipped into this amount to buy food and clothing for the Silvanis. This time she thought of the money without even a pang of regret.

For half an hour longer she and Jeffrey prolonged their visit. Jeffrey and Tommy and Rosie engaged in a game the two children had invented while Janet and Mrs. Silvani went over the packages. Oh, yes, Mrs. Silvani said, she could sew. She had always made her own clothes and the children's. Everything Janet had brought would be useful. There was one dress that was almost exactly right just as it was. The others could be altered.

"But how can I thank you?" Mrs. Silvani asked brokenly. "How can I ever thank you enough!"

* * *

It wasn't a question but an exclamation. "Don't try," Janet said quickly. "It's enough just to feel that someone is getting some good out of the things."

Rosie's bubbling squeal of laughter made them both turn then. Rosie had been trying to make the same funny shadow pictures on the wall that Jeffrey Grant made. Now she clapped her hands in delight.

"Look, Mamma," she squealed. "Tommy can do it! See? It's a donkey! Look at the way its ears go!"

The children were still laughing about the new game when Janet and Jeffrey said goodbye. Half way to the car Jeffrey paused to be sure Mrs. Silvani had it right about where her husband was to come Monday morning. Mrs. Silvani had it right.

"They're a couple of cute youngsters, aren't they?" he said climbing into the roadster beside Janet. "Too bad about Tommy's leg."

"Mr. Hamilton says he could go to school," Janet told him. "He says the school authorities would send a bus for him if his parents would fill out an application. They do that for other crippled children. I didn't say anything about it to-day because I thought until Mr. Silvani has steady work it would only mean extra expense. There'd be books and lunches and things. Oh, I wish we could find a regular job for him!"

"We will," Grant assured her confidently. "It may take a little time but we'll find it."

There was a note of confidence in Jeffrey Grant's voice. There was confidence in his manner, too, as though anything he undertook would be sure to be successful. Perhaps it was because he was so tall and strong looking. Jeffrey Grant looked as though he were all muscle. There wasn't an ounce of surplus weight about him but the broad shoulders and capable, well-shaped hands suggested strength.

They had driven a block in silence when Grant turned to the girl.

"I wonder," he said, "if you'd be willing to do me a favour."

(To Be Continued).

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CHINESE MUSIC TO-DAY

EFFORTS AT SINO-WESTERN FUSION

A very interesting address on the fusion of Eastern and Western music in China was broadcast from ZBW last night by Mrs. K. B. Lewis.

Mrs. Lewis said: Broadcasting and the Films are inseparably connected in the minds of the peoples of the world with music. Just as every spoken language belonging to the civilised (and occasionally semi-civilised) races is broadcast to-day without raising surprise or even comment, so the same almost indifferent acceptance is accorded to the extraordinary diversity of national music which anyone with interest in the subject and a sufficiently powerful set, can find in the daily programmes broadcast to the world.

The most famous artists and orchestras of Britain and America, Russian Balalaika Orchestras, Hungarian Tziganes, Japanese Samisen Players, Hawaiian Ukeleles, Mexican Guitars, Chinese music, Scotch Bagpipes, Indian Music, Arab Music, Negro Jazz, etc., etc. We can tune in to our choice and, if dissatisfied, switch off in a moment. In this way the broadcasting of European music has had a profound effect on the musical sense of the nations of the Far East.

They are daily becoming more and more accustomed to the rhythms of European music, and far from disliking these forms so alien to their own, they have shown both interest and enthusiasm in trying to assimilate them. The Chinese in particular are trying to make something new out of the medley of sound broadcasted to which I have referred.

In their deliberate efforts by means of dance orchestras, songs, films and plays, to render Western ideas by Chinese methods and vice-versa we have something, very crude as yet, but with amazing future possibilities.

Here it will be well to say that their aptitude in copying Western models is amazing in many ways, and here to, if any real success is to be made in the future in this most difficult and sensuous art of music, they will require the utmost of that concentration and delicacy of touch which distinguishes their porcelain.

Influence on Europe

There can be no doubt that Jazz, that musical product of the New World, with its clever and (now) to most of our ears, pleasing adaptations of native African rhythms and syncopations into the music of civilised America, is the pioneer of the music fusion of East and West which is the subject of this article.

Of course, many years before Jazz was even thought of, the rhythms of other lands were sometimes used in Western music.

The French composers of the early part of the last century in particular, were fond of going to Algeria, or Morocco, and using the Arab rhythms for their ballet music and orchestral suites. Verdi too in Aida, has gone to Egypt for some of his effects, and Mozart among the great Germans has some Eastern effects also. One wonders whether a more universal idiom would have arisen earlier in music, if the great composers of the last two centuries could have heard at will the music of all countries broadcast as we do to-day?

All the above mentioned however, were special examples, and practically unknown in the popular sense of the word. Jazz alone so far is a popular blend of the music of the African and American Continents understood and appreciated by the civilised world. But China is now making an effort towards the fusion of the music of Europe and Asia which is most interesting, and which should have far-reaching effects in the future of the Art.

Sino-European Orchestra

In the big Chinese stores in Hongkong, Shanghai, etc., it is possible to buy the latest song hits and dance music, with European words and music, and Chinese words, printed on the same page for performance. As the Chinese have no written music as yet, the violinists, guitarists, etc., presumably either know the tune by heart or follow by ear, for the writer has never seen them use any music. At the gala performance of a Chinese play during the Jubilee festivities in Hongkong recently, the orchestra seated on the stage consisted of four European violins, four Chinese ditto, one and two stringed, two European guitars and two Chinese ditto, two clarinets, and a few Chinese wind instruments and flutes. This mingling of Eastern and Western varieties of the same instrument had a most pleasing effect, especially when playing a soft accompaniment. The constant banging and crashing of the gongs, drums and cymbals which joined in every few minutes ruined things for Western ears however, as did the high nasal monotone of the singers.

That this will be altered in the future seems certain, for the educated Chinese are admirers of our Western music as presented to them by broadcasting and the music for the films, and are cleverly adapting their methods to our own.

The originators of Jazz had only drums, knucklebones and a horn or two to contribute as an orchestra, but the Chinese have a large orchestra of their own, and into this they are now boldly incorporating our instruments, a thing never before attempted by an Eastern nation. The orchestra which played during the Gala Performance alluded to was composed entirely of Chinese players for both European and Chinese instruments, and the music and songs were also Chinese. There was no printed music whatever, though the leader of the orchestra, a clarinet player, who sat with his back to the rest, had a small single sheet of paper before him with presumably the singers cues, etc., on it.

The Chinese films also are doing a great deal to make their audiences from among the millions understand and appreciate Western music.

I was at the Alhambra Theatre, Kowloon, on Friday evening last to see the new Cantonese talking picture which was being shown.

This picture has actually been filmed in Hongkong and in one part of it there is a striking example of my subject.

The title of the play is "The Farmer gets rich" or "The Tenderfoot", and in the scene referred to the simple farmer's daughter and the sophisticated town miss oblige each other with a song. The farmer's daughter's song was of course purely Chinese, and accompanied by Chinese instruments only. The other girl's song was called "Why I love you" and was very much a mixture. The tune was a popular European dance tune; the words, sung in Chinese were a translation, and the music was supplied by the same Chinese orchestra but with Western violins and guitars added in this case.

Here then is an example of a Western popular tune sung by a Chinese film star in Chinese to mixed musical accompaniment, and listened to by an admiring Chinese audience.

"Love Parade" and "Carmen"

I have by me at the moment at home in Hongkong a gramophone record made by Pathe Orient Ltd. It is of the "Love Parade" slow fox-trot on the one side, and the Toreador song from "Carmen" on the other. Both are entirely rendered by Chinese and to anyone interested, worth listening to, whatever your opinion of the performance may be at the end.

Add to these attempts children's nursery rhymes sung in Chinese, and many records of Chinese tunes and songs, some of them played on their own instruments with piano and violin as well, or simply adapted to our dance bands, and I think it can be said that quite a large field of our music is being experimented with.

There are two other aspects of this music on which I do not propose to touch this evening, as there is no time to give them sufficient attention. One is the serious work of individual Eastern composers in the Western manner, and the other is religious music such as hymn tunes.

With regard to other Eastern nations.

I have not seen any recent films made in India by Indians only, but a few years ago I saw a very good one in London. The music was rendered by the usual European orchestra, any Indian airs, etc., being adapted to our own instruments, with the exception I think of one song by the hero to his lute.

Japanese Music

Japan has made such haste to become Westernised that she has hardly had time to do more than adopt our methods as apart from her own traditions, but the Japanese are also much influenced by our music though far less than the Chinese are as yet. Their modern military bands and orchestras are equipped like our own and they play Western music of all kinds very well indeed. They also broadcast some charming national music daily, and of this I have some records in which the piano is added to the accompaniment both of the voice, and of the koto, and the samisen.

I also have some rather wonderful records made by them of their most primitive aboriginal music. I hope to let you hear these at some future time.

I saw performing recently in Hongkong a troupe of Balinese dancers who were on their way to Europe. In this case the Javanese airs to which they danced, were played on Western violins and a piano, the dancers keeping the time with their small hand drums, anklet bells, etc. But again there was no amalgamation of Eastern and Western words and music such as the Chinese are attempting. What the outcome will be of this essay on the part of the Chinese it is hard to say. The most we have done in the West for a hundred years is to incorporate the saxophone, after many hysterics and maledictions, into our dance orchestras, so we have no experience to offer them!

It seems to me that in the future some new musical form must be the outcome of such real interest on their part. Wether it too will be a form of jazz—my highbrow musical friends have expressed their horror at this thought—or in song, or ballet form, one cannot say.

It is really not possible that the music of the West superimposed upon the music of the East will oust the latter altogether, and that the Western violins will gradually replace all the soft rather wailing Chinese ones, and leave no trace of their sound. It is more likely that some future great composer, from the East is going to create a wonderful new music out of the materials broadcasting offers him so lavishly of the best of both hemispheres, and that the first crude efforts to prepare the way for him have begun.

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London, Marseilles, Antwerp & Rotterdam.
Kashima Maru .....Sat., 14th Sept.
Yasukuni Maru .....Fri., 27th Sept.
Hakone Maru .....Sat., 12th Oct.
Sydney & Melbourne via Manila & Ports.
Atsuta Maru .....Sat., 28th Sept.
Kamo Maru .....Sat., 26th Oct.
Bombay via Singapore, Penang, & Colombo.
Calcutta Maru .....Fri., 6th Sept.
Anyo Maru .....Wed., 11th Sept.
*Toyama Maru .....Sat., 28th Sept.
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Heiyo Maru .....Mon., 9th Sept.
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Calcutta via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.
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*Malacca Maru .....Sun., 15th Sept.
*Nagato Maru .....Sun., 28th Sept.
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Athos II	24th Sept.	Andre Lebon	21st Sept.
Andre Lebon	8th Oct.	Marechal Joffre	5th Oct.
Marechal Joffre	22nd Oct.	Sphinx	19th Oct.
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W. J. WADDINGTON,
Manager.

Hongkong, 22nd June, 1935.

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Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.
HEAD OFFICE:—LONDON.
Paid-up Capital £3,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ... 3,000,000
Reserve Fund 3,000,000

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AMRITSAR	IPOH	SEMARANG
BANGKOK	KARACHI	SEREMBAN
BATAVIA	KLANG	SHANGHAI
BOMBAY	KOBE	SINGAPORE
CALCUTTA	KUALA LUMPUR	SITIAWAN
CANTON	KUCHING	SOURABAYA
CAWNPORE	MADRAS	TAIPING
CEBU	MANILA	TIENTSIN
COLOMBO	MEDAN	TONIKAH (Bhuket)
DELHI	NEW YORK	TSINGTAO
HAIPHONG	PEIPING (Peking)	YOKOHAMA
HAMBURG	PENANG	ZAMBOANGA
HANKOW	RANGOON	
HARBIN		
HONGKONG		

Foreign Exchange and General Banking business transacted.

Current Accounts opened and Fixed Deposits received for one year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

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Issued and Fully Paid-Up $0,000,000
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Sterling ..... £ 6,100,000
Silver $10,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors $20,000,000

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Hongkong, 8th May, 1935.

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Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 25th February, 1935.

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Reserve Fund Y.125,800,000
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Hamburg	Nagoya	Tientsin
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Interest allowed on Current Accounts.
Deposits received for fixed period at rates to be obtained on application.
G. KISHINAMI,
Manager.

Hongkong, 11th March, 1935.

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Total Resources $2,170,492
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LOOK POONG SHAN,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 2nd June, 1934.

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Authorised Capital $10,000,000.00
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Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Loans granted on approved securities.

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Safe Deposit Boxes To Let.
KAN TONG PO,
Chief Manager.

CINEMA NEWS

NOTES FROM THE THEATRES

Booking a change of programme for Sunday the Alhambra Theatre comments: A star comparatively new to filmgoers is Francis Day, certain to become an established favourite with all who see her as the lovely musical comedy star of the picture, "Two Hearts in Waltz Time." In the film Francis is seen as the musical star who falls in love with the composer of her new play. A misunderstanding which threatens to mar her romance, give her an opportunity to display her great dramatic ability and musical numbers are provided for her to sing in the piquant manner which has made her as popular in the cabaret and revue. Carl Bresson is the star player of the picture, dancing or making love. A capable cast are in support, prominent in the provision of humour being Oscar Asche, Denier Warren and Bert Coote. Big spectacular settings, tuneful numbers, snappy dance ensembles and a big chorus of picked beauties make this production a notable one, ensuring an evening's good entertainment.

"Our Daily Bread"

A new Tom Keene makes his screen debut in "Our Daily Bread," the King Vidor production showing next week at the King's Theatre. Until a year ago, Keene was starred in "Westerns," known to the industry as "horse operas." As he was just the type that Vidor has in mind for the lead in "Our Daily Bread," which he was then writing, he urged Keene to go East and get some experience on the legitimate stage. The young man did playing some fifty roles in "stock." Returning to Hollywood, he won the coveted part; and now Vidor predicts a great film future for him in dramatic work. In "Our Daily Bread," he plays a discouraged city chap who, with his young wife, played by Karen Morley, returns to the land to begin life all over again on an abandoned farm. Born and reared on a farm, Keene was able to plough, chop trees and milk cows, and needed no double. Many critics have hailed this United Artists release as the big cinema event of 1934 because it has everything that movie audiences demand, romance, humour, suspense and thrills, Barbara Pepper, Addison Richards and John Qualen are also prominent in the cast.

"No More Ladies"

"Let's murder him during a bridge game . . ." More than one scenarist has diggussed this means of injecting drama into a motion picture; climaxes in this era of dramatic restraint increasingly are being reached over innocent games. In "No More Ladies," the new Joan Crawford-Robert Montgomery picture opening to-day at the Queen's Theatre, the final climatic scene, towards which the whole picture builds, is played over a bridge game. To face her husband, Robert Montgomery, with the living facts of his unrestrained life, Joan Crawford secretly invites a tangle of guests to their country home for the week-end. Among them are wives, ex-wives, jealous husbands, grateful husbands and truculent, one-time competitors of her man-about-town mate. This amusing, ill-sorted gathering finally meets over a card table where, between bidding, scoring and perfunctory gestures of card playing, the crucial dramatic scene swells to its height. Edward H. Griffith directed the picture, produced by Irving Thalberg, which was adapted from the New York stage hit of the same name.

"Our Little Girl"

Fox Film needed a circus, a real circus, for certain sequences in Shirley Temple's new starring picture, "Our Little Girl," now scoring a triumph at the King's Theatre. The circus wouldn't come to a town not on its regular schedule. So Hollywood, proverbially prodigal, and wanting what is wanted when it wants it, hired a whole circus shipped to the Fox lot. As a result you need not wait for the circus to come to town. It's in town, in this picture. Acrobats, clowns, stunt riders, wild animals, freaks, and kindred circus personal arrived for this picture, and erected one of the largest tents ever used in the circus world. Everything moved exactly as though a public performance were scheduled for the morrow. Elephants were watered, wild animals fed, and the big tent was stapled. The circus stayed in Hollywood till Director John Robertson was finished with the sequences. Supporting Shirley in this Edward Butcher production, are Rosemary Ames, Joel McCrea, Lyle Talbot, Erin O'Brien-More, Margaret Armstrong, Rita Owin, Leonard Carey, Warren Hymer, Jack Donohue, and others.

"Calm Yourself"

Robert Young and Madge Evans are again teamed in "Calm Yourself," the new Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer picture coming to the Queen's Theatre next week. The popular young players, often teamed, appeared recently in "Death on the Diamond" and "Paris Interlude." With them in the new cast are Betty Furness, Ralph Morgan, Nat Pendleton, Hartie Albright and others. The story deals with a young advertising man who fired by his fiancee's father, opens a "Confidential service" agency and becomes involved in a romance and a supposed kidnapping—both at the same time.

CONTRACT BRIDGE

By W. E. McKenney

When holding massed strength in the trump suit, it generally pays to pick up the opponents' trump before attempting to set another suit, but there are exceptions to this rule, an example of which is given below. If the declarer in to-day's hand were to attempt to pick up the trump before setting his long suit in dummy, his opponents could easily defeat his contract.

NORTH
S—A-Q-J-8-4
H—J-5-3
D—7-2
C—7-6-5

WEST
S—7-5-3-2
H—9-2
D—A-Q-8
C—Q-J-10-8

EAST
S—K-9
H—10-7-6
D—J-10-9-5-4
C—9-4-3

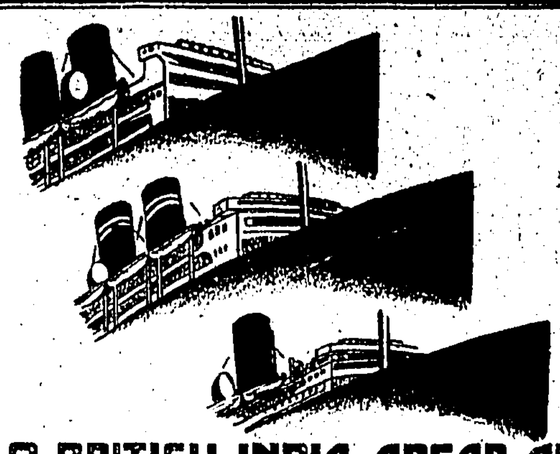
SOUTH—DEALER
S—10-8-4
H—K-6-3
D—A-K-2

The Bidding

At contract, South, the dealer, opened with one heart as the hand is not powerful enough to make a forcing two bid and he knows partner will keep the bidding open with one and one-half tricks. West passed—although the hand has the required one and one-half tricks, it does not have enough colour to put in an overcall bid. North bids one spade. You will notice this is one over one—one heart, one spade bu partner, and when using this system it requires partner to keep the bidding open. East passes. South goes to three hearts, showing more massed strength than the original bid. North takes the contract to four hearts.

The Play

When the opening leader's suit is headed by queen, jack, ten, the queen is led, declarer falsecards and wins with the ace. If the declarer were to make the mistake of picking up the trump, game could not be made as the opposition would get in with the king of spades and then run off three diamond tricks. The declarer's proper lead is the ten of spades, taking the spade finesse immediately. East wins with the king. East leads the jack of diamonds, declarer covers with the king, West winning with the ace, and cashing his queen of diamonds, but regardless of what his next lead is the declarer is assured of going game as he can discard his losing diamond and his losing club on the good spades in dummy as the jack of hearts will be conserved as an entry.



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†*SOUDAN	7,000	14th Sept.	Marseilles, Havre, London, Hamburg, R'dam., Antwerp & Hull.
RANPURA	17,000	21st Sept.	Marseilles & London.
RAJPUTANA	17,000	5th Oct.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
†*BURDWAN	6,000	12th Oct.	B'bay, Mars, Havre, L'don. H'bg. R'dam., A'werp. & Hull.

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TAKADA	7,000	27th Sept.	
TILAWA	10,000	11th Oct.	
SANTHIA	8,000	25th Oct.	
TALMA	10,000	8th Nov.	

* Calls Port Swettenham.

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NANKIN	7,000	4th Oct.	Manila, Rabaul, Brisbane, Sydney, Melbourne & Hobart.
NELLORE	7,000	2nd Nov.	
TANDA	7,000	30th Nov.	

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

CHITRAL	15,000	19th Sept.	Shanghai, Kobe, & Yokohama.
TILAWA	10,000	19th Sept.	Amoy, S'hai., Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
SOMALI	7,000	1st Oct.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
CATHAY	15,000	3rd Oct.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
SANTHIA	8,000	3rd Oct.	Amoy, Shanghai & Japan.

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" " " " LONDON (via Australia) from $127.15.0
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STEAMER	Due H'Kong	Leaves H'Kong	Leaves Manila	Due Sydney
TAIPING	10 Sept.	17 Sept.	20 Sept.	6 Oct.
CHANGTE	11 Oct.	18 Oct.	21 Oct.	6 Nov.
TAIPING	8 Nov.	14 Nov.	17 Nov.	2 Dec.
CHANGTE	10 Dec.	17 Dec.	20 Dec.	5 Jan.

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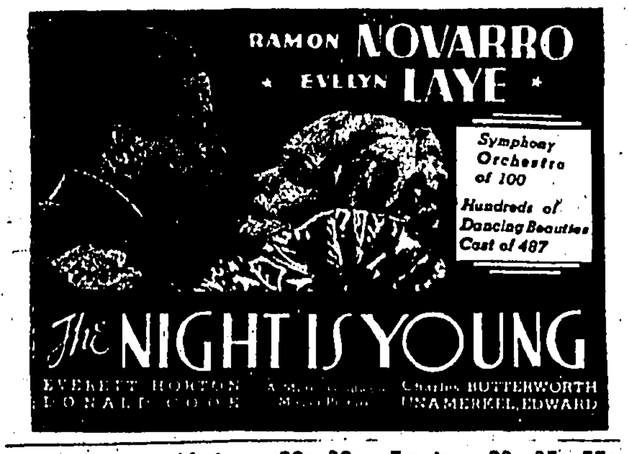

Summer Prices: Matinees, 20c.-30c. Evenings, 20c.-35c.-55c.

The MING YUEN STUDIO has removed to the 3rd Floor of No. 6 Queen's Road Central.

JUST OPPOSITE the Dairy Farm's Soda Fountain.

LORRY DRIVER FINED

RECKLESS DRIVING CHARGE

A fine of $15 was imposed by Mr. W. Schofield, at the Central Magistracy this morning, on Fan Leung, driver of lorry No. 3604, who was convicted on a summons of driving without due care and caution in Connaught Road Central, near the junction with Pottinger Street, on August 22.

The summons was taken out as a result of a complaint made by Mr. A. Jackson, the Government Analyst, who was driving along Connaught Road from east to west. At the junction with Pottinger Street, he noticed a little boy standing in the middle of the road. The defendant's lorry was coming in the opposite direction, and he noticed it make for the boy, who jumped out of the way. Mr. Jackson was forced to swerve into Pottinger Street to avoid hitting the boy. The lorry continued on its way, and although he turned and followed, he could catch up with it.

The defendant denied that he had made for the boy, but said the boy ran in front of the lorry and he had to swerve to the right to avoid him. The boy stopped near the pipe-line running in the middle of the road, and at the same time, complainant's car coming in the opposite direction also stopped. He did not know who the boy was.

Mr. Schofield convicted defendant, but said he was not going to take a serious view of the case, as the boy was really the mischief-maker.

FORGED NOTE CHARGE

FURTHER EVIDENCE HEARD

Lower Court proceedings against Li Yiu, 50-year-old unemployed seaman, on a charge of uttering a forged $10 note of the Chartered Bank of India, Australasia and China, were resumed before Mr. Thomson at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning.

It is alleged that defendant uttered a forged $10 note at the Hop Cheung firewood shop, Sai Yeung Choi Street, on August 23. Yeung Mun, the master of the shop, is the complainant.

Formal evidence of an identification parade held at the Yaumati Police Station compound was given by Mr. W. P. Thompson, Assistant Superintendent of Police (Kowloon), and police interpreter, Fu Yuk-ching.

Chan Fat, master of the Chan Fat firewood shop at the corner of Canton Road and Kansu Street, stated in evidence that about 2.10 p.m. on August 24, defendant went to his shop to buy firewood. After bargaining, defendant ordered $1 worth and handed a $10 note to witness. Witness then told defendant he had no change, so defendant pocketed the money and went away. Later witness heard something about defendant having uttered a forged banknote.

After further evidence was taken, the case was adjourned.

CAMPBELL SPEED RECORD

NOT LIKELY TO BE BEATEN YET

London, Sept. 5.

The view is widely expressed that it will be some time before the world land speed record of 301.1293 miles per hour, set up by Sir Malcolm Campbell in his car, Bluebird, is beaten. On the first run over the measured mile, Campbell attained 304.311 miles per hour.

The production of a car which can stand up to the prodigious strains of travel on land at this enormous speed is he subject of comment as a remarkable engineering achievement.—*British Wireless.*

TO VISIT TOKYO

Washington, Sept. 5.

The Secretary for War, Mr. George Dern, has announced that he contemplates visiting Tokyo during his trans-Pacific voyage to represent President Roosevelt at the inauguration of the Philippine Commonwealth on November 15.—*Reuter.*

MEDAL FOR MACARTHUR

Washington, Sept. 5.

Mr. George Dern, the Secretary for War, has presented another Distinguished Service Medal to General MacArthur for developing land and air forces in America.—*United Press.*

Salvation Army For Canton Soon

INTERNATIONAL GROUP

The Salvation Army is coming to Canton in the near future, with a group of officers representing four nationalities, headed by Brigadier James Sansom.

According to the official organ of the Salvation Army, Brigadier Sansom was to leave London for Canton on July 27, in advance of the South China pioneer party.

The pioneer officers are:—Adjutant and Mrs. Ralph Ponting, of the British territory, last stationed at Saltcoats; Captain Percy Stanley, of the British territory, last stationed at the "House of the Trees" Goodwill Centre for unemployed youth in South Wales; Captain and Mrs. Ernest Schmidte, of Germany; and Lieutenant Bergit Klackers, a Finnish-born officer, last engaged in editorial duties in Sweden; Lieutenant Ruby Skelton, of the United States, last stationed at a Chinese Corps in California; and Lieutenant Margaret Thompson, commissioned in May last to the Women's Social Work in Great Britain and Ireland.

Mrs. Sansom and family will follow to Canton at an early date, while other officers are under consideration for this new sphere of labour. On arrival in Hongkong, Brigadier Sansom will find eight young ladies ready to be enrolled as the Army's first contingent in South China

"TELEGRAPH" ART SUPPLEMENT

To-morrow's Picture Features

Wedding groups will predominate in the illustrations in to-morrow's issue of the *Telegraph* Pictorial Supplement, these including the marriages of Mr. B. C. Field and Miss E. Schroter, Mr. G. Merriman and Miss Morrison, Mr. Jacob Y. Woo and Miss Lee Fung-tsing.

There will also be a group of the Drums of the 2nd Battalion of the East Lancashire Regiment and a picture showing the combined Drums and Band carrying out Retreat.

Further pictures will show the distribution of prizes in connection with the Chinese chess championship of the Colony; and the choir of St. Paul's Church.

COURT MARTIAL CHARGES

ALLEGED DISOBEYING ORDERS

Fusilier Herbert George Crier, of the 2nd Battalion Royal Welch Fusiliers, was brought before a District Court at Shamshuipo this morning on a charge of disobeying the orders of a superior officer.

The Court comprised Major W. L. Eastwick-Field, R.A. (President); Capt. R. L. de Brissay, Lincolnshire Regt.; and Lieut. J. P. Williams, East Lancs.

The prosecuting officer was Lieut. Hon. G. R. Clegg-Hill, R.W.F.

Provost-Sgt. T. Phillips stated that on August 26 the accused was to turn up in a parade for defaulters at 2 p.m. He did not do so, as he had been detailed for a special duty. Later in the afternoon, witness went to look for accused and found him in the bath-house. He ordered accused to finish his bath, get dressed, and go to the guard room to scrub the floor. Accused replied that he was not going to do anything as a defaulter, and was thereupon put under closed arrest.

The accused denied that he had disobeyed the order. On the day in question he was ordered to be confined in barracks for seven days for failing to buy the regimental belt. He thought that the punishment was unfair and asked that he be tried by a Court-Martial instead. No notice was given to his request which he thought he was entitled to make. When Sergt. Phillips found him, he (Sergt. Phillips) asked whether he had refused to be confined. On his replying in the affirmative, he was placed under arrest.

The case is proceeding.

ANOTHER CASE

Prior to these proceedings, the Court dealt with another case in which Pte. L. Ogden, of the East Lancashire Regt., was charged with being in unlawful possession of a gold watch belonging to Mr. Eddy Harkness, musician on the s.s. President Coolidge.

The case was first brought up yesterday morning, and after hearing further evidence from the accused, the Court decided to adjourn the case in order that Mr. Harkness and other material witnesses he called.

BANGLE SNATCHING INCIDENT

THREE MEN BEFORE COURT

An apprentice, Lam So, aged 18, appeared before Mr. Macfadyen at the Central Magistracy this morning, charged with the theft of a pearl bracelet, valued at $60, the property of a married woman, Chan Yuk-chan, at Hing Loong Street, near Des Voeux Road Central, on Thursday night. Two other men, Fok Sze, aged 19, and Ip Shum, aged 30, both described as engineers, were charged with aiding and abetting Lam So to commit the offence. All defendants denied the charges.

Detective Sergeant T. Cashman stated that at a little after 8 o'clock on Thursday evening, complainant was walking along Queen's Road Central, followed a few yards behind by her elder sister and brother. When near Graham Street, complainant was teased by the three defendants, who came very close to her. She did not take any notice of them, but continued on until she reached Hing Loong Street, when she turned down to proceed to Des Voeux Road Central.

The defendants followed her, and first defendant suddenly came up, put his arms around her and snatched the bracelet off her right arm. Second and third defendants were nearby. Complainant's brother, on hearing her shout "Snatching!" went to her rescue, and he saw the incident. He caught hold of first defendant who had commenced to run away, and second and third defendants attempted to free their friend from his grasp. Second defendant was caught by complainant, while her sister arrested the third. District Watchman No. 47 then came on the scene on hearing police whistles, saw the struggle in progress, enquired into the matter and brought all parties to the Central Police Station. The bracelet was recovered four yards away from where the snatching occurred by the complainant.

Evidence was then given by complainant, her sister and brother, D. W. No. 47, and Sergeant Cashman.

First defendant, in answer to the charge, denied stealing the bracelet, but admitted having teased complainant. Second and third defendants professed they knew nothing at all about the affair.

The case was adjourned till 11.30 a.m. to-morrow.

VISITING ECONOMIST

SIR F. LEITH-ROSS IN YOKOHAMA

Shanghai, Sept. 6.

Sir Frederick Leith-Ross, the noted British economist, who is coming to China to study conditions and possibly to suggest reforms, arrives in Yokohama to-day, on the Empress of Russia.

He will be met there by Mr. Tsushima, vice-Minister of Finance, and to-morrow will travel to Lake Chuzenji where he will week-end, returning to Tokyo Monday or Tuesday.

He will discuss Far Eastern economic conditions with Mr. Koki Hirota, the Foreign Minister, at length. His stay in Japan is for an indefinite period.—*Reuter.*

CYCLE MISHAP SEQUEL

FINE AND ORDER FOR COMPENSATION

Fines were imposed upon Li Hon, aged 18, shop foki, and he was ordered to pay compensation to the complainant, when he pleaded guilty before Mr. Wynne-Jones at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning to two charges of (a) riding a bicycle without efficient brakes in Canton Road, and (b) failing to report an accident.

It was alleged that about 2 p.m. yesterday defendant was riding a bicycle in Canton Road when he knocked down a child named Tam Chan-lui. He did not report the accident, but was arrested about four hours later. Defendant alleged that he was afraid because he was pursued by a crowd.

Fines totalling $15, with the alternative of 2½ days' imprisonment, were imposed, and an order was made for the payment of $3 compensation, or, in default, seven days' imprisonment.

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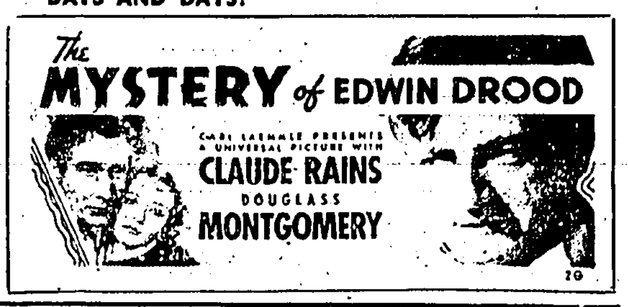
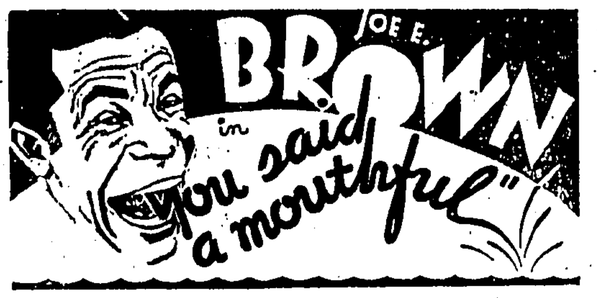


CENTRAL
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW at 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30.



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WHARF THEFT

MAN'S STORY OF "FISHING"

"I fished them from the sea underneath the wharf," pleaded Kwong Kong, 28, unemployed, when he was brought before Mr. Wynne-Jones at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning on a charge of stealing three iron bolts, four nuts, and four pieces of iron from No. 1 Kowloon wharf yesterday.

Inspectr Stimson stated that defendant was arrested trying to sell the things to a marine hawker. Mr. Schnabel, of the Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, stated that the things were stolen from the new wharf. The wharf had been completed about ten days ago and the material had been left on the wharf, and it was possible that defendant had stolen them from there. Defendant alleged that he recovered the bolts from the bottom of the sea. When questioned, he alleged that he had often dived more than eighteen feet under water.

On admitting a previous conviction, defendant was sentenced to six weeks' hard labour.

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